THIS PAPER IS NOT COMPLETE WITHOUT THE ART STUDY.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

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Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

CARCASSONNE.

From the French of Gustave Nadaud, Translated by Mrs. Sherwood.

How old am I? I'm eighty years!
I've worked both hard and long;
Yet patient as my life has been,
One dearest sight I have not seen.
It almost seems a wrong—
A dream I had when life was new;
Alas, our dreams they come not true;
I thought to see fair Carcassonne!
I have not seen fair Carcassonne!

One sees it dimly from the height
Beyond the mountains blue;
Fain would I walk five weary leagues,
(I do not mind the road's fatigues),
Through morn and evening's dew,
But bitter frosts would fall at night,
And on the grapes that yellow blight;
I could not go to Carcassonne;
I never went to Carcassonne.

They say it is as gay all times
As holidays at home;
The gentles ride in gay attire,
And in the sun each gilded spire
Shoots up like those of Rome.
The bishop the procession leads,
The generals curb their prancing steeds;
Alas! I know not Carcassonne!
Alas! I saw not Carcassonne!

Our vicar's right; he preaches loud,
And bids us to beware!
He says: "O guard the weakest part,
And most the traitor in the heart,
Against ambition's snare."
Perhaps in autumn I can find
Two sunny days with gentle wind—
I then could go to Carcassonne;
I still could go to Carcassonne.

My God and Father! pardon me,
If this my wish offends!
One sees some hope more high than he,
In age as in his infancy,
To which his heart ascends!
My wife, my son, have seen Narbonne,
My grandson went to Perpignan;
But I have not seen Carcassonne,
But I have not seen Carcassonne!

Thus sighed a peasant, bent with age,
Half dreaming in his chair;
I said: "My friend, come go with me,
Tomorrow, then, thine eyes shall see
Those streets that seem so fair."
That night there came, for passing soul,
The church bell's low and solemn toll!
He never saw gay Carcassonne!
Who has not known a Carcassonne!

"Poems You Ought to Know" previously published have been collected in a book under that title. On sale by booksellers, newsdealers, and at THE TRIBUNE office. A splendidly illustrated and handsomely bound volume, suitable for a Christmas gift.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— MONDAY, DEC. 22, 1902.

Monday threatening, with light snow flurries, probably followed by fair Tuesday, colder, brisk northwest winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 41 degrees above zero at noon, and the minimum 35 degrees above zero at 5 p. m.

Sun rises at 7:17, sets at 4:22. Moon rises at 0:17 a. m.

VENEZUELA:—

President Roosevelt's agreement to act as arbitrator if nations insist means actual assent; situation declared a diplomatic victory and consent opposed by Secretary Hay would be compelled to enforce his decision; peaceful results. 1

Britain still pushed new accession; President Roosevelt or Hague court preferred as arbitrator; American friendship believed heralded, while Anglo-German distrust is heralded; South American securities aided. 1

German merchants heaviest losers by blockade; all foreign interests already damaged; schooner with cargo owned by Spaniard captured by British cruiser. 1

WASHINGTON:—

Cuban reciprocity bill again threatened with defeat by beet sugar lobby, helped by Senators Elkins and Scott; pamphlets issued declaring senate without constitutional right to approve revenue treaty without consent of the house. 1

Porto Rican commissioner of education reported 61,863 pupils enrolled and 928 teachers employed; American free public school now in every city. 1

DOMESTIC:—

Wireless telegraph system across Atlantic ocean successfully started by Marconi; messages sent from Glace Bay, N. S., to Cornwall, England, 2,300 miles; Edison and other friends received announcement. 1

Seven University of Wisconsin students initiated another by hanging him in rear of a saloon; after drinking much liquor they forgot him and departed; bartender discovered him nearly dead. 1

J. Graham Phelps Stokes, New York, who left luxurious home for social settlement work, declared in interview that his new work is "wholesouled enjoyment"; social brotherhood his ideal. 1

Illinois board of health report will disclose disgraceful conditions in many county almshouses and jails; neglect and cruel treatment of inmates and confinement of insane with sane will be shown. 1

Miss Tona Dunlap probably will testify today in her own behalf in Aledo (Ill.) murder trial; Dr. Gudeman, Chicago chemist, will tell of frequent accidental poisoning by colored candles. 1

Sixteen persons killed and score hurt in collision near Byron, Cal.; engineer of Stockton train failed to obey signal set by Los Angeles train, which had been disabled. 1

German steamship Weimar reached Baltimore with 900 steerage passengers after two days' battle with hurricane, which threw passengers into panic; unknown ship burned twenty-five miles off Gloucester, Mass. 1

Champion James J. Jeffries failed to put out Jack Munroe, Anaconda miner, in four rounds at Butte and forfeited $200. 1

FOREIGN:—

Steamship Deutschland's passenger panic stricken off Scilly islands at 1:30 a. m. by explosion, which extinguished lights and stopped engines; voyage to Hamburg continued; boat will be laid up four months. 1

Irish congested districts board hampered by red tape and criticism because $3,000,000 has been spent in teaching agriculture and industries to tenants; cost of sale and resale charged to tenants is heavy. 1

Finland threatened with famine; food in 108 out of 140 parishes will be exhausted by Christmas; husks and straw used for bread; $500,000 relief fund furnished by cities; Russia asked to aid. 1

Frederick Humbert, Paris swindler arrested at Madrid, declared he will disclose plot involving prominent persons, including French ministers; $48,000 found in family's possession. 1

Earl of Rosslyn reached New York on steamer Etruria after losing $1,550 to supposed card sharps en route. 1

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

George W. Lighthall, president of Chicago Federation of Labor, accused by President Young of teamsters' union with trying to settle Morgan & Wright strike without leaders' knowledge; vote of censure taken. 1

New York stock market sentiment improved by Saturday's bank statement; three months' loans made at 5¾ per cent, against 7 1/16 per cent for preceding week; breakup of corn deal aids exports. 1

State Inspector Davies, Chicago, discovered eighty children in A. M. Rothschild store alleged to be under 16 years old and working over ten hours daily; nine were found in Woolf clothing store. 1

PAGES.

1 Combine to Beat Cuban Treaty.
Success Crowns Marconi's Efforts.
Local Treatment of Heart Safe.
Roosevelt Arbitrator; Hay Opposed.
2 Blockade Hurts Germany's Trade.
Venezuela Still Passive Leader.
Checks to Irish Progress.
Finland Faces a Famine.
3 Want a Lamppost? Knock.
Labor Suspects Amateur Binders.
Deserted Husband Ends Life.
Police Business Over Bar 'Phone.
More "Raids" by Factory Inspector.
Head of Labor Federation Accused.
4 General New York News.
Hang Man and Forget Him.
5 Panic on Atlantic Liner.
Fierce Fire in Oil House.
Like a Panama Scandal.
Cigar Men Get Together.
Socialists Name City Ticket.
6 Hard Knocks for Jeffries.
Work of Local Bowlers.
Racing on the Coast.
American League Men Confer.
7 Harlan Confident of Victory.
River Bank Suit On Today.
11 Stokes' Work for the Poor.
Two Big Funds for a Church.
Twenty Killed in Wreck.
May Advise Penal Reform.
Mayor Jones Talks of Peace.
12 Editorial Comment.
13 Among the New Books.
News of the Theaters.
14 Financial News of the World.
15 Sermons in Chicago Churches.
Events in Society.
Santa to Visit Unfortunates.

LOCAL:—

Dr. W. Byron Coakley, vivisectionist, discovered that local treatment can be applied to heart by inserting hollow gold needle between ribs, piercing it without causing death; saline or other solutions can then be injected. 1

Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor and her friends, who are binding their own books for amusement, threatened at Federation of Labor meeting with announcement they must procure union cards. 1

Standard Oil warehouse, Eighteenth streets and Lake Shore tracks, containing 3,000 barrels of oil, on fire at 2 a. m.; 4-11 alarm and bravery of firemen prevented explosions. 1

The Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones in sermon declared sincerity of 1902 Christmas is impugned by exclusion of Catholics, Jews, Unitarians, and Universalists by 300 Chicago ministers who recently planned a revival. 1

Mayor S. M. Jones of Toledo, in address to Peace society, declared President Roosevelt showed his greatness as man surpasses the government; he settled the anthracite strike after government had failed. 1

Methodist Episcopal $20,000,000 fund, expected to be completed by Dec. 31, disclosed similar movement by Chicago churches to raise $300,000 for local indebtedness; latter's success by Dec. 31 assured. 1

Drainage board suit to condemn for river widening $3,000,000 worth of land belonging to Norton Milling company will be called before Judge Dunne today; state codefendant as real holder of title. 1

"Circulating lamp post," of which Avondale residents complain, is new element in politics; officials plant it and turn on gas till some one else asks for light; then it is moved elsewhere. 1

POLITICAL:—

Chicago socialist party convention nominated Charles L. Breckon for mayor and Thomas J. Morgan for city attorney; platform favors election of superintendent and management of city schools by the teachers. 1

John M. Harlan declared he will carry Twenty-first ward in spite of Graeme Stewart demonstration on Saturday, and be nominated for Chicago mayoralty by republican city convention. 1

Senator William E. Mason reached Chicago from Washington and said he is still candidate for reelection. 1

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
HAMBURG	Moltke	
LIVERPOOL		Carthaginian.
NEW YORK	Island	
NEW YORK	Minneapolis	
NEW YORK	Etruria	
NEW YORK	St. Louis	
PLYMOUTH	Deutschland	
QU'NSTOWN		Commonwealth.
QU'NSTOWN		Saxonia.

SENATE COMBINE TO BEAT TREATY

Cuban Reciprocity Plan of President May Be Defeated or Delayed by Sugar Men.

ELKINS AND SCOTT BUSY

Lobbyists Trying to Enmesh Upper House in Debate by Disputing Its Right to Approve Agreement.

CUBAN RECIPROCITY—Combine of senators may prevent ratification of treaty this session.
GRAZING LANDS—Necessity of preserving ranges discussed.
PORTO RICAN REGIMENT—Representative Hull favors continuing regiment and bringing it to United States.
GENERAL STAFF—Plans for forming general army staff discussed.
IMMIGRATION—Senator Mason tells of objections to pending bill.
SUBSIDY—Oregon congressman says ship subsidy is dead.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—It may not be so easy to ratify the Cuban reciprocity treaty as has been generally imagined. Some of the beet sugar lobbyists are moving in a mysterious way their wonders to perform, and there are rumors of a combination of a few senators to prevent action at this session of congress. While men like Senator Burrows have openly abandoned opposition, there is still ground for the belief that Elkins and Scott of West Virginia still persist in their campaign to disconcert and annoy President Roosevelt.

Within the last few days the literary bureau of the beet sugar combine has begun work again. All of the correspondents in Washington have been supplied with carefully prepared arguments going to show that the senate has not the constitutional right to approve a treaty affecting the revenues without submitting it to the house. This is understood to be in line with the shrewd plans of the beet sugar lobby.

The senate is to be involved in the meshes of a constitutional debate, with the belief that enough of the strict construction democrats of the house will become involved in it to prevent action until March 4.

The opposition to the plans of the administration is working secretly for the most part, but some of the New England senators, who are opposed to the French reciprocity treaty, have been approached and warned that it will be for their own interest to take the ground that the reciprocity agreement of the Dingley law have expired by limitation and that the senate cannot fix tariff rates by treaty. A combination between the senators opposed to general reciprocity and the beet sugar men is being talked of and the cause of Cuba does not look nearly so bright as it did a few days ago.

One thing which is helping the administration Cuban policy, however, is the acute condition of affairs in Venezuela. This has been in the nature of an object lesson, and many senators believe the only way to keep Cuba out of the clutches of the European money lenders will be a commercial union, which will be the next thing to actual annexation.

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"I see no prospects of the ship subsidy bill becoming a law," said Representative Tongue of Oregon. "In fact, I have not heard the subject mentioned at this session and this leads me to believe the scheme is dead. The organization of the interoceanic shipping trust has done more than anything else toward killing the subsidy bill. If congress should authorize the payment of a bonus for constructing ships the beneficiaries would be this shipping trust. The people have no love for trusts of any kind, and I do not believe they would indorse the action of congress in voting large sums of money which would go directly into the hands of one of the largest trusts ever organized. Every one is in favor of building up the American merchant marine if it can be done without placing millions of dollars in the pockets of a trust."

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"We need higher class of immigration or none at all," said Senator Mason. "But, on the other hand, there is another side to the question. It is a difficult matter for those who are constructing railroads and are engaged in other large enterprises to find enough labor of the kind they require to perform their work. The American boy is too smart to handle a pick and shovel, but he is all right when it comes to bossing the job.

"The educational test is a serious stumbling block in the way of many persons who desire to make their homes in this country. For instance, the German is a clean, healthy, sober, and industrious fellow. In his native land he has done the hard class of work for which so many men are needed in this country. He has three or four children and has saved several hundred dollars and wishes to come to America. He possesses every qualification except the educational requirements. When he is questioned on this point by the inspector he says it would be impossible for him to read and understand any section of the constitution of the United States, but asserts that he has three or four children to educate, has good health, and is willing to come to the United States and work, in the hope of improving himself and his family. With an educational qualification confronting him he would be required to stay in his native land, plod along, and bring up his children with little education.

"It is not a square deal to bar out a desirable class of people all on account of an educational test. It is one of the problems we must solve."

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"Preservation of the grazing lands of this country is a much more important question than the irrigation of arid lands," said Representative Lacey of Iowa. "Few people appreciate the importance of preserving the grazing land and a large area of the country has already been denuded of grass.

"Unless something is done immediately to check the abuses now existing vast grazing lands of the west will be depleted before many years and the price of meat will increase enormously. At the last session of congress I proposed a measure providing for leasing and fencing public lands. I did not expect it would become a law, but merely introduced it for the purpose of bringing out suggestions which might solve the serious problem now confronting us.

"There should be some system of leasing and fencing and a small rental charged. Then the lessees would naturally be careful and would graze the lands in such a way

(Continued on fourth page.)

GUM BOOTS OR SNOW SHOES—WHICH?

WORDS LEAP OVER OCEAN.

MARCONI ACHIEVES HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH.

Wireless Messages Sent with Complete Success from Cape Breton to Cornwall, a Distance of 2,300 Miles—Inventor Announces His Victory Over Space in Telegrams to Friends — Tells Edison of Success — Stations and Equipment Are Described.

FIRST WIRELESS TRANSATLANTIC MESSAGE SENT FROM AMERICA TO ENGLAND.

"Being present at its transmission in Sig. Marconi's Canadian station, I have the honor to send through the Times the inventor's first wireless transatlantic message of greeting to England and Italy.

"D. PARKIN."

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Marconi has succeeded. He has established wireless communication between his station at Glace bay, N. S., and Cornwall, England, a distance of 2,300 miles, and has sent long messages with complete success.

Today the inventor announced his crowning success, flashing messages to many of his friends. In one he says:

"I beg to inform you that I have established wireless telegraphic communication between Cape Breton, Canada, and Cornwall, England, with complete success. Inaugurary messages, including one from the governor general of Canada to King Edward VII., have already been transmitted and forwarded to the kings of England and Italy. A message to the London Times has also been transmitted in the presence of its special correspondent, D. Parkin, M. P."

King Edward's reply was received late this afternoon.

The London Times confirms the receipt of its message.

Notifies Lord Minto.

The following message was received by Lord Minto, governor general of Canada, at Ottawa:

"Have honor to inform your excellency that your message has now been transmitted by me from Cape Breton to Cornwall, by wireless telegraphy, and has been forwarded to destination. MARCONI."

Tells Edison of His Success.

Thomas A. Edison received this message at his Menlo Park home today from Glace bay:

"Remembering kind expressions of your good wishes, take pleasure in informing you that I have established wireless telegraphic communication between Cape Breton and Cornwall, England, with complete success. Inaugurary messages have already passed.

"G. MARCONI."

The achievement announced by Marconi has been expected for a long time by scientists all over the world, who have been interested in his experiments, lasting more than a year, at Table Head, Cape Breton.

Prior to last December the greatest distance covered by wireless telegraphy scarcely exceeded 100 miles.

While on Signal hill, Newfoundland, about 1,800 nautical miles from Poldhu, Marconi received faint signals—the letter "S" several times repeated—both Dec. 12 and Dec. 13.

Proves Success of System.

All doubt vanished when the next important test was made. Marconi was on the steamship Spa on his way to America. This time not only did he attach recording apparatus to his receiver, but he also obtained certificates from the ship's officers as to the latitude and longitude at certain critical periods. Thus his distance from Poldhu was established beyond question. On Feb. 25, when 1,551¼ miles away, a distinct message made up of words was received on shipboard. On the following day signals were recognized at a distance of 2,000 miles. The interval was equal to or greater than that between Poldhu and Signal hill.

The newly equipped station at Table Head, Glace bay, near Sydney, is 2,800 miles from Poldhu, and to Cape Cod is 600 miles farther. The following partial description will fit all three stations. Four square wooden towers have been erected. Each measures 28 feet across at the base, is from 9 to 11 feet across at the top, and attains a height of 215 feet.

From each of the four horizontal bridges which connect the tops of the towers are suspended fifty copper cables. The cables are composed of seven strands, an eighth of an inch in diameter, tightly twisted together. It will thus be seen that the solitary vertical wire of the original Marconi experiments has now been enormously multiplied. The fifty cables of each of the four groups converge a little as they go downward, and also incline slightly toward the center of the quadrupled edifice. The lower ends are arranged along the sides of a square much smaller than that formed by their supports at the top. They terminate in the operating room of the station.

Invents Substitute for Coherer.

It is expected Mr. Marconi will retain the now famous coherer as his receiving instrument for the present, although he has invented a substitute for it, a magnetic detector, which in some respects is more satisfactory. When he wishes to insure noninterference he will employ the tuning system invented by Prof. M. I. Pupin of New York, whose rights he purchased last spring.

In the transmitting apparatus transformers will be substituted for the old fashioned induction coil.

An alternating current, generated by a forty horse power dynamo, will do the work. The voltage will be raised by the transformers from 2,000, at which the current is to be generated, to 20,000. Condensers and other electrical appliances will increase this still further. Thus a voltage of from 50,000 to 70,000 will be secured.

KIPLING'S LATEST POEM AN ATTACK ON GERMANY.

English Writer Voices British Sentiment Against the New Alliance in Venezuelan Trouble.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 22, 3 a. m.—The Times, which strenuously opposes the British alliance with Germany in the Venezuelan troubles, prints a poem by Rudyard Kipling crystallizing the popular anti-German sentiment.

Under the title of "The Rowers," Kipling pictures the men of warsmen grumbling at being compelled to join hands with such allies, who were the bitterest haters of the British during the south African war. The poem contains the following:

Last night ye swore our voyage was done,
But seaward still we go;
And ye tell us now of a secret vow
Ye have made with an open foe.

That we must lie off a lightless coast
And haul, and back, and veer
At the will of the breed that have wronged us most
For a year and a year and a year.

Having enumerated some of the enormities ascribed to Germans the poet continues:

The dead they mocked are scarcely cold,
Our wounds are bleeding yet;
And ye tell us now that our strength is sold
To help them press for a debt.

'Neath all the flags of all mankind,
That use upon the seas,
Was there no other fleet to find,
That ye strike hands with these?

Of evil times that men could choose
On evil fate to fall;
What brooding judgment let ye loose
To pick the worst of all?

In sight of peace from the narrow seas,
O'er half the world to run,
With a cheated crew to leagues anew,
With the Goth and the shameless Hun?

BOY SHOOTS HIS FATHER TO PROTECT HIS MOTHER.

Evart Lamphier, 16 Years Old, Wounds Parent, Who Is Said to Have a Record as a Wife Beater.

To defend his mother from an attack by her husband, 16 year old Evart Lamphier picked up a rifle yesterday and fired a shot that struck his father in the neck, inflicting a dangerous wound. The boy was arrested a few minutes after the shooting, and later the wounded father asked that he be released, saying the blame was all his own. The police, however, sent the boy to the juvenile home.

The Lamphiers live at 2211 Huron street, and the father, Levy Lamphier, bears a record as a wife beater, the police say. Yesterday afternoon Lamphier went home in a surly mood and began abusing his wife, after which he is said to have struck her, knocking her down.

It was at this point that the child seized the rifle, which was standing in the corner of the room, and fired the shot that struck his father.

PIERCES HEART AS A CURE

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY CREDITED TO CHICAGO PHYSICIAN.

Experiments by Dr. W. Byron Coakley Said to Have Proved That Injections of Salt Solution Can Be Made with Safety to the Patient — Hopes to Demonstrate His Theory on Human Subject Before International Medical Congress in Madrid.

After a series of experiments covering a period of over five years, Dr. W. Byron Coakley, State and Oak streets, Chicago, has just discovered that to administer local treatment to the heart is not the impossibility the world's scientists have held it to be.

By means of a fine hollow golden needle seven or eight inches long, which he terms "organotone," Dr. Coakley not only has been able to pierce the heart without causing death but to inject into it various fluids without subjecting the patient to the slightest danger.

Hopes to Have Human Subject.

Thus far Dr. Coakley has been compelled to confine his experiments to dogs, rabbits, and similar animals, but so certain is he of his ground that he will attempt to secure a human subject for a demonstration which he has been asked to make before the international medical congress at Madrid, Spain, in 1903.

While at work over a dog recently the doctor conceived the idea of injecting a salt solution into the animal's heart. To his surprise, the dog not only withstood the shock but the heart action was immediately greatly improved. This led him to make more extended investigations, and these resulted in the verification of his first experiment.

Analysis of the Theory.

Dr. Coakley refused to talk of the subject when approached for details of his discovery, but a physician who has been associated with him in the experiments, explained the theory as follows:

"The right auricle can be reached by introducing the organotone between either the third and fourth or the fourth and fifth ribs on the right side, close to the breast bone. The instrument is then directed downward until the heart is reached.

"The right ventricle is reached by an insertion between the second and fifth ribs on the left side, from which point, after the heart is reached, injections can be introduced anywhere within the right ventricular area.

"The left ventricular area is reached by going directly through the right ventricle and directing the needle to the left, or by piercing the lung. To reach the left auricle the organotone is introduced at a point directly above and to the right of the left ventricular area anteriorly.

Must Control Temperature.

"In making injections into the heart it is necessary to have absolute control over the temperature, the pressure, and the quantity of fluid to be injected. These important features are regulated by a large instrument which is used in connection with the organotone.

"The left ventricular cavity will withstand eight cubic centimeters of a twenty pound stream of normal or .006 per cent salt solution at 32 degrees centigrade, to be injected in a minute. It is not well to hold the heart that length of time, but it can be done if necessary.

"If the wall of the ventricle is to be injected the pressure of the stream must be reduced, and a less quantity of the solution introduced. The right ventricular cavity will withstand ten cubic centimeters of a twenty-five pound stream of the same solution to the minute. In the right and left auricular cavities the same conditions obtain as in the ventricular cavities.

Heart Beats When Transfixed.

"The organotone, being delicate, allows of considerable play, and under favorable conditions the heart may continue to do its work, although transfixed. The instant the point of the needle touches the heart the beat increases, but as the point is trust further into the substance of the organ the beats become slower, and if the needle be passed through the apex the heart stops. Then as the instrument is withdrawn the heart makes a great effort to make up for lost time, and when the needle leaves it the heart beats number over 200 to the minute. These continue for a period of about two minutes when they gradually fall back to normal."

ROOSEVELT TO BE ARBITRATOR; HAY OPPOSED.

Public Men at Washington See Danger in President's Consent to Act as an Intermediary.

DECLARE IT A BLUNDER.

Executive's Friends Object to His Taking Any Hand Except to Enforce Monroe Doctrine.

CARACAS, Dec. 21.—In the name of Venezuela President Castro has signified acceptance of the appointment of President Roosevelt to arbitrate the Venezuelan difficulty.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt practically agreed to act as arbitrator of the Venezuela dispute when he sent word to the European countries concerned saying that he was unwilling to act as arbitrator, but would do so if they insisted upon it. They have insisted upon it, and the understanding is that when the president returns to Washington he will be confronted with the actual necessity of redeeming the implied pledge he made on Friday.

The situation is the cause of great anxiety to public men here, and there is good ground for the belief that if the president does consent to act as arbitrator it will be against the strongly expressed opinions of his secretary of state, John Hay.

Must Enforce His Decree.

The anxiety which is felt here arises from the belief that if the president assumes to act as arbitrator he will be forced to provide a means of executing his own decree. This in turn would seem to involve coercive action on the part of the United States. In other words, it is felt that Venezuela has no resources at all now except its customs revenues. They must be seized by some one and divided into shares, a part going to supply the hungry cormorants, who call themselves the government of Venezuela, and the remainder being distributed among the European money lenders.

Hague Tribunal Not Acceptable.

President Roosevelt desired to have the whole dispute submitted to The Hague tribunal, and it is said he would have been successful in this except for two things. One was that The Hague tribunal could reach merely a finding of facts, and some way of collecting the claim would still have to be adopted. The other difficulty lay in the fact that both Great Britain and Germany have laid great stress upon certain alleged diplomatic insults which constitute an offense against the dignity of nations, not entirely within the jurisdiction of The Hague court.

President Castro, it is understood, has communicated his belief through Minister Bowen that The Hague court, being essentially a European tribunal dominated by the great powers, it could not be expected to give a fair hearing to the case of a little South American republic afflicted with a chronic case of revolutions. In fact, it is intimated that President Castro has declared he would not accept any other arbitrator except the president of the United States.

Roosevelt Is Reluctant.

President Roosevelt sent to the European governments a strong letter through Secretary Hay, clearly indicating that he did not desire to act as arbitrator and asking the foreign governments merely as an act of friendliness to the United States not to press the matter. This identical note, for such it was, did not specifically say the president would consent to act if the blockading nations insisted upon it, but the inference was so strong as to be almost irresistible.

From the tone of the dispatches received by diplomats here tonight it seems probable that Great Britain and Germany have announced that they will withdraw their forces and abandon their alleged peaceful blockade provided President Roosevelt consents to act as arbitrator. If he does not consent they say there will be nothing left for them to do but to seize the customs houses and administer the revenues for their own benefit.

This puts an awkward responsibility upon the president, because if he declines to act the disturbance of commerce with Venezuela continues indefinitely, and besides that there is always the possibility of a clash resulting in the loss of life.

Call It Diplomatic Blunder.

On the other hand, many of the president's warmest friends and admirers believe it would be a great diplomatic blunder for the United States to take a hand in the Venezuelan difficulty in any way except to prevent, by force if necessary, any violation of the Monroe doctrine.

It is pointed out—and the president will be bombarded tomorrow with such statements—that he cannot fail to decide in favor of the European governments, only the amount of the actual claims being in dispute. President Castro has admitted that he owes the money, or some of it, but pleads that he is unable to pay on account of the drain of the recent revolution, which came dangerously near landing him outside the breastworks.

The real question at issue, therefore, is how and when Venezuela will be compelled to pay its just debts. President Roosevelt as an arbitrator would have to decide this question. Whatever his decision might be, Venezuela would certainly plead inability to comply with the mandate of the court, and thereupon the president would be forced to issue an execution of an international character and send George Dewey or some other naval constable down to serve the papers.

Might Lead to Protectorate.

As the customs revenues are the mainstay of the country they must be seized for the time being at least, and hence it is feared that the president ultimately would put this country in the position of being merely the collection agent for Europe. This, of course, would destroy our influence in Latin-America.

Members of the cabinet, who are opposed to the president acting as arbitrator, say that if he does consent, he will sooner or later be forced to do the thing which Great Britain and Germany are now doing, which is to seize the only available revenue of the country. This would mean, it is feared, a protectorate, either temporary or permanent. Many conservative men look upon this contingency as one to be avoided.

Bankers Have Cash Ready.

It is understood that the Seligmans, the National City bank, and Mr. L. J. Gage's

trust company actually are competing for the privilege of financing Venesuela out of its present difficulties, and possibly into others it knows not of. The understanding here is that any one of these three companies would be glad to put up the millions necessary to meet pressing contingencies, and ultimately to advance $40,000,000 to refund the debt, merely on the stipulation that the United States shall agree to the establishment of a Venezuelan bank and promise to use its good offices to induce President Castro or his successor to meet the payments promptly. The trust companies say they do not desire to involve the United States, but many conservative men here say that it will be impossible to avoid complications if the president agrees to act as an arbitrator.

Most of the members of the senate and house have gone home, but many of those who remain, it is understood, intend to call upon the president tomorrow night and urge him to be exceedingly cautious about involving this country in any dispute between a Spanish-American republic and the allied powers of Europe.

London Diplomats Surprised.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 22, 3 a. m.—The British foreign office will begreatly surprised if President Roosevelt consents to act as arbitrator between Venezuela and the powers. Official circles here have always been doubtful of the issue of the negotiations for arbitration because they have believed that the United States would not assume the responsibility of acting as arbitrator.

It is believed that President Roosevelt's answer has already been received in London. The strictest secrecy is observed at the foreign office with regard to every phase of the arbitration negotiations. It is therefore impossible to make a definite statement, but the impression prevails that President Roosevelt has accepted the responsibility.

Press Favors Roosevelt.

The bulk of the opinion expressed editorially this morning favors President Roosevelt acting as arbitrator rather than The Hague tribunal, because it is feared Venezuela would ignore the judgment of The Hague tribunal and the powers would find themselves in the same impasse as at present. It is not regarded as inconceivable that, in the words of the Times, Venezuelan effrontery might rise even to the height of repudiating President Roosevelt's award, but it is held that the Americans in that case would be clearly constrained to give approval and moral support to any reasonable means the parties in whose favor he decided might take to vindicate the rights he adjudged them.

Cables Are Kept Busy.

A constant interchange of cablegrams is proceeding night and day between the United States embassy here and the state department at Washington. It is believed that the president's answer will be submitted formally to the foreign office tomorrow. By Wednesday, unless some unexpected complications arise, it is believed the negotiations will reach a stage assuring a definite arrangement and obviating hostilities.

With President Roosevelt acting as arbitrator the serious objections in the matter of guarantees would disappear. The foreign office has repeatedly said that the great difficulty in its seeing a way to agree to a pacific settlement of the Venesuelan trouble was its inability to ascertain to what extent the United States was willing to assume responsibility.

Gives Diplomats a Surprise.

In spite of the fact that Sunday is usually sacred to leisure in London's diplomatic circle, yesterday was marked by activity at all the embassies, and especially the American, where work was in progress all Saturday night. The promptness with which Washington deals with those vital matters concerning which prolix pour parleys have been interchanged in Europe astonishes diplomats here and forms an interesting phase of an engrossing situation.

Germany to Answer Today.

BERLIN, Dec. 21.—It has been learned here that the governments of Germany and Great Britain have adopted detailed answers to the proposal to arbitrate the Venezuelan issues. These communications will be handed to Ambassador Tower here and to Chargé d'Affaires White in London tomorrow. It is stated that the German answer agrees in all substantial effects with the British answer, and makes no separate reservations in behalf of the German case.

Italy Objects to Hague Tribunal.

ROME, Dec. 21.—It has been learned here that not one of the allies at present contemplates submitting the Venesuelan difficulty to The Hague court. The Venezuelan situation was fully discussed by King Victor Emanuel and Foreign Minister Prinetti at their semi-weekly conference this morning, and much satisfaction with the more peaceful turn of events was expressed.

Denmark Has No Grievance.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 21.—The report that Denmark intended to join the other powers in bringing pressure to bear on Venezuela is denied. All the claims of Danish subjects, which at one time were considerable, have been settled, except one, involving the seizure of large flocks of sheep belonging to a Danish settler by Venesuelan soldiers. Denmark is now negotiating concerning this claim.

Holland to Remain Neutral.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 21.—Despite all rumors to the contrary, Holland will not participate in the pressure on Venezuela. She will remain strictly neutral.

NEW PERIL GROWING IN CHINA.

Tung Fu Siang Said to Be Raising Troops to Slay Foreigners in Shensi and Kansu.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 21.—The North China Daily News has received the serious news from Shensi that Tung Fu Siang, the exiled Chinese commander, whose execution was demanded by the powers, but who is supposed to be protected by the dowager empress, is mobilizing in Kansu 10,000 well equipped troops, among whom are included the provincial garrison of 4,000 men who were disbanded by imperial command.

The purpose of Tung Fu Siang is the extermination of foreigners in the provinces of Shensi and Kansu and the seizure of Sianfu. Friendly officials are advising foreigners and missionaries to depart in order to avoid the impending trouble.

Tung Fu Siang is buying great quantities of grain and fodder. He is in constant communication with Prince Tuan, and the dowager empress and Yung Lu are believed to be secretly encouraging him and supplying him with money.

IRISH LOOK TO ROOSEVELT.

Representatives of Landlords and Tenants to Visit United States to Consult the President.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—The land conference between Irish landlords and tenants was opened at the mansion house Saturday. The proceedings were secret. An official report issued announces that Lord Dunraven, John Redmond, the earl of Mayo, William O'Brien, T. W. Russell, and others were present.

Lord Dunraven was elected chairman of the conference and Capt. Shawe-Taylor secretary. The discussions will begin tomorrow, and they are expected to be concluded by Wednesday, when Capt. Shawe-Taylor sails for the United States to ascertain the views of President Roosevelt and other prominent Americans on the subject.

The conference is not recognized by the Irish landlords' convention.

DISORDER AT NORD'S ELECTION.

Haytian Congress Votes for President as Army Dictated and Riotous Scene Results.

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Dec. 21.—There was a disorderly scene at today's sitting of the congress as a result of violent speeches by Senator Cauvin and Deputy Jeannot, who protested against the proclamation by the army of Gen. Nord as president of the republic.

One hundred and fifteen votes were cast; of these Gen. Nord received 100, and was elected, while fifteen of the ballots were blank.

The people of the country desire peace and they have received the announcement of the result of the voting with satisfaction. Port Au Prince is quiet.

BLOCKADE HURTS GERMANY'S TRADE

Allies Themselves the Heaviest Losers by Seizure of Venezuelan Ships.

PROTESTS AT LA GUAYRA.

Foreign Consuls Agree That Powers Did Not Give Sufficient Notice.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CARACAS, Dec. 21.—The blockade is already seriously damaging foreign interests, German merchants being the heaviest losers.

The bitterest opponents of the European fleet now at La Guayra are the foreigners there, and not the Venesuelans. All the foreign consuls agree that the notification of the blockade given by Germany and Great Britain was not sufficient.

There are in Caracas today food supplies sufficient for one month only. The revolutionists are stopping cattle from coming into the city.

Another Vessel Seized.

The English cruiser Indefatigable today captured, ten miles from La Guayra, the Venezuelan schooner Jesurita, from Guanta, with a cargo belonging to a Spaniard.

The Venezuelan schooner Julia, which was seized at La Guayra yesterday by the combined fleet, was towed to sea this morning by the Tribune. Its destination is unknown, but it is supposed that it will be taken to Trinidad as a prize.

Warships at La Guayra.

The English cruiser Tribune, the Italian cruiser Giovanni Bausan, and the German training ship Stosch are now at La Guayra.

It is said in government circles that a dispatch has been received from Washington proposing, at the request of the foreign powers, that some person other than Mr. Bowen, the United States minister here, be selected to act as arbitrator.

Not a New Capture.

Relative to the statement published in the United States that Ciudad Bolivar, on the Orinoco river, has been captured by Venesuelan revolutionists under Gen. Matos, the fact is that Ciudad Bolivar has been in the possession of the revolutionists for several months past. Gen. Matos is at Willemstad, Curacao.

Two More Ships Captured.

LA GUAYRA, Dec. 21.—The German training ship Stosch left port this afternoon to take Mme. von Pilgrim-Baltazzi, wife of the German chargé d'affaires, to Curacoa.

A German cruiser, supposed to be the Gazelle, passed this port today towing two large schooners in the direction of Trinidad.

The commander of the French cruiser Troude visited M. Quievreux, the French chargé d'affaires, at the French legation in Caracas today. The Troude will leave here tonight.

Gen of the results of the blockade is that the harbor corporation and shipping firms here have dismissed their laborers. Over 500 men are therefore out of work.

American Warships at Trinidad.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, Dec. 21.—The United States battleships Kearsarge and Alabama arrived here this afternoon. Their appearance provoked considerable comment on shore, but when Rear Admiral Higginson called upon the acting governor of Trinidad and the commander of the British ships he took occasion to explain that the visit to this port of the American men of war was part of the usual winter trip of the squadron.

As the American vessels entered the harbor the German training ship Charlotte saluted Rear Admiral Higginson's flag, a courtesy which was also extended by the British ships. The salutes were returned.

Gen. Ferreras, who represents the Venezuelan revolutionists at Ciudad Bolivar, has collected $350,000 in duties since the Venezuelan blockade of the Orinoco was raised. Of this sum $75,000 has been used to repay money borrowed from merchants. Gen. Ferreras has sent a large order for munitions of war to Port of Spain.

Story of Venezuelan Outrage.

It is stated here regarding the Topaze incident, that led to the bombardment of the forts at Puerto Cabello, that the crew of the steamer were dragged ashore at midnight, half naked, and, after being prodded with bayonets by soldiers and otherwise roughly handled, were imprisoned in a single filthy room.

MENACE TO MONROE DOCTRINE.

Ex-United States Minister to Venezuela Declares Germany Is Testing American Sentiment.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 21.—William L. Scruggs of Atlanta, who was United States minister to Venesuela from 1889 to 1893, said today:

"It is undoubtedly Germany's design to see how far she can go without becoming involved in war with the United States. In effect she means to force our hand on the Monroe doctrine and make us say whether we are willing to modify it or to assume responsibility for the acts of the country that is to a certain extent under our protection.

"While, in my opinion, the Monroe doctrine will be in no wise affected by the present affair, because there seems to be every prospect for a peaceable and satisfactory settlement through the United States as arbitrator, the issues will have to be faced sooner or later.

"The world is getting so populous that the settlement of those naturally rich South American countries cannot be longer delayed. If European nations cannot acquire territory in South America their subjects will, nevertheless, continue to go there. The result will be the United States will ultimately be called upon to do one of two things: Either abandon or greatly modify the Monroe doctrine so that European nations can adequately protect their own subjects, or assume a sort of suzerainty over these South American republics and become responsible for their good behavior."

FEAR PLAGUE IN MAZATLAN.

Mexican Health Officials Believe Disease Has Reached Town on Pacific.

Mexico City, Dec. 21.—The superior board of health has sent a commission to study the disease which has so much alarmed the people of the Pacific port city of Mazatlan. It is believed here that the disease is the plague, as stated by the local doctors in Mazatlan. The disease is so far confined to the lower quarters of the town, where there is little regard for hygiene. Nineteen persons have died. Neighboring towns are forming a local quarantine against Mazatlan.

BELGIUM GETS CHINESE LAND.

Accepts Tract in Lieu of Money Indemnity from China as Result of Recent Rising.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 21.—King Leopold has concluded negotiations with the Chinese government for the cession of a tract of territory similar to the settlements of other European nations. Belgium has accepted this arrangement instead of financial compensation for the Belgian claims arising from the recent rebellion.

De Rydzewski Case Dismissed.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The order dismissing the case against Jean de Rydzewski, in whose apartment Mrs. Ellen Gore was shot Nov. 19, has been signed.

VENEZUELA CASE IN DOUBT

LONDON STILL PERPLEXED AS TO FINAL OUTCOME.

Hope Expressed in British Capital That Some Method Will Be Found by Which the Controversy Between the Powers and the South American Republic May Be Adjusted — Mixed Commission to Control the Customs Favored in Official Circles.

[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 22, 3 a. m.—The Venesuela situation remains involved and perplexing. The impression in well informed quarters is that in the end some arrangement will be come to which will lead to the transfer of the customs dues to an international commission, as in the case of Egypt, with a view to a division of the revenue between Venesuela and foreign creditors.

Most people here would like to see the whole question referred to President Roosevelt or to The Hague tribunal for adjustment. In any case it is fervently hoped by the provincial as well as the metropolitan press that the affair will quickly be settled. It is recognized that America's good will is far more important to this country than the total sum of all claims against Venesuela.

Friendly with America.

So far the affair has served to strengthen rather than weaken the cordial relations which exist between England and America. It cannot be said with equal truth that it has tended to promote Anglo-German friendship. England and Germany regard each other's movements with distrust and suspicion, and in neither country has the combination against Venesuela been hailed with enthusiasm.

In city circles it is fully expected that a settlement of the question will have an excellent effect on the price of all South American securities held in Europe, and it is significant that Venesuela government bonds sold two points higher on the London stock exchange on Saturday than they did a month ago.

Irish Land Question.

The Irish land question will not be settled by the conference which has been arranged between Lord Dunraven's committee, representing the landlords, and John Redmond, William O'Brien, T. C. Harrington, and J. W. Russell, on behalf of the tenants, because the land owners' convention, which claims to speak for nine-tenths of the Irish land owning class, will have nothing to dowith the nationalist party. This irreconcilable attitude on behalf of the official body of landlords has furnished the nationalist press with a text upon which to base accusations of hostility to any movement which aims at friendly settlement of the land war in Ireland.

The conference will not, however, be a complete failure. It will at least enable Chief Secretary Wyndham, who intends to introduce an Irish land bill into parliament next session, to see whether his proposals are likely to run parallel with or athwart those which popular judgment, as reflected by the conference, is likely to approve, and may cause him to modify his measure in certain respects.

Mosely Returns from America.

Mosely, the head of the labor commission, arrived at Liverpool yesterday. He is so completely satisfied with the result of his scheme that he will take out an educational commission to America next autumn.

I. N. F.

RUSSIA AIDS FAMINE VICTIMS.

Government Draws Plan for Feeding Thousands of Peasants Threatened with Starvation.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 21.—The Russian government has drawn up a comprehensive plan for feeding the people who are in a state of semi-starvation as a result of crop failures and generally relieving the distress, which is widespread throughout ten governments of European Russia and some districts of Siberia. The sum of $3,331,500 has already been expended in relief work, but further great sums will be necessary to support the populace of the afflicted districts and enable them to resume farming in the spring.

BANKERS FAIL. OWE $2,500,000

Private Firm in England Executes a Deed of Assignment—Friends Offer Assistance.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The private banking firm of J. & J. W. Pease of Darlington has executed a deed of assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The firm's liabilities are placed at £2,500,000. It is understood that the people affected by the assignment are mainly members of the Pease family and their intimate friends. The partners in the firm are two members of the house of commons, representing Durham and Essex, and A. E. Pease for Yorkshire. Several friends of the family have offered the firm financial assistance to arrange a plan of settlement.

AUSTRIA TO CHECK EMIGRATION

Government to Introduce a Bill to Regulate Movement Which Has Cost Nation $28,000,000 in Five Years.

VIENNA, Dec. 21.—The government proposes to introduce in the reichsrath early in January a bill to restrict emigration. The Fremdenblatt, a semi-official organ, estimates that in the last five years Austro-Hungarian emigrants have taken from the country $28,000,000.

TRAINS BURIED IN THE SNOW.

Railways Just Beginning to Dig Out Cars Which Have Been Greatly Delayed.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 21.—The blizzard that raged on Friday and Saturday in eastern Colorado and Wyoming and western Kansas and Nebraska was the most serious in years to the railroads, as far as the interruption of traffic is concerned.

All trains on the Union Pacific and Burlington roads were delayed at least twenty-four hours, and some trains due yesterday morning are just getting into Denver tonight. On the Kansas Pacific branch snow drifts from six to ten feet deep made the movement of trains impossible until the tracks could be cleared. On the Denver and Alliance branch of the Burlington trains which left Denver on Friday were only released today. One train, which was completely hidden from sight by the snow, was relieved by snow plows from Alliance, Neb. A supply train was run from Mercer, Neb., with fuel and provisions to provide for the needs of the imprisoned passengers.

Snow Blockade Not Heavy.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 21.—Reports tonight to Burlington headquarters from the Black Hills division say the storm is over and the blockade relieved. Trains are delayed, but all are moving. The fall of snow was heavy all over the state and there will be some suffering by stock.

PASTOR COMING TO CHICAGO.

A. B. Penniman Resigns Charge at Adams, Mass., to Accept Congregational Pulpit in Ravenswood.

Adams, Mass., Dec. 21.—The Rev. A. B. Penniman, for eight years pastor of the First Congregational church of Adams, read his resignation today, to take effect Feb. 1. He has accepted a call to the Ravenswood Congregational church of Chicago. Before coming here Mr. Penniman had held several pastorates in the west.

Choate at Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 21.—Mr. Choate, the American ambassador to Great Britain, and Mrs. Choate arrived here today. They were welcomed by the staff of the American legation. They proceeded to the British embassy where they will spend several days as the guests of Sir N. R. O'Conor.

RED TAPE DELAYS IRISH PROGRESS.

Congested Districts Board Is Hampered Greatly by Criticisms.

EFFECTS OF WORK SHOWN

Unfair Leasing of Land and Favoritism Shown by Investigation in Mayo.

[BY GUY CRAMER.]

[Copyright: 1903: By Tribune Company.]

WESTPORT, County Mayo, Dec. 12.—The work of the congested districts board is hampered not only by ordinary difficulties, but by criticism. For instance, the district councilmen complain that the board has given too much attention and money to the employment of agricultural instructors, to beekeeping, encouraging and introducing modern methods in conducting cottage dairies, experimenting in hackney breeding, in cultivating artificial grasses, and in aiding substantially the fisheries of this section of the west coast, and in instructing girls and mothers in cottage industries, such as weaving and spinning.

Probably $3,000,000 have been spent toward this end, and the full results of this instruction are sure to be shown when land purchase is allowed, as the Balfour ministry now undoubtedly intends, in the west of Ireland. In the fisheries the results of this encouragement already are shown, and there have been substantial returns to a portion of the population, though but one-half of 1 per cent of the people of Ireland find a living in fishing.

Here the long drawn delays, similar to the red tape in our war department during the days when Spain was erased from Cuba, under which the congested districts board must operate, are shown. There are long negotiations before the board can agree on terms of purchase with the landlord. Then there is more delay until the board turns the land purchased over to the land commission. The latter body then acts as the landlord for the government and receives the annual rents or the purchase installments from the tenants. In each case the tenant must pay the cost of sale and resale, and this means a large item.

Negotiate for Big Estates.

Negotiations are under way now looking to final acquirement of the Lucan, Sligo, and Newport estates. Their purchase and improvement on the lines of the Dillon estate, already described in THE TRIBUNE, are certain to effect a widespread and inestimable social and industrial revolution. This is foreshadowed on a tract held by the late Jonathan Pim, M. P., comprising twenty holdings of as many tenants, which the board has taken in charge.

It is interesting to understand the conditions on the various estates which the board may take over in purchase at any day. The estate of the marquis of Sligo comprises an area of 114,881 acres and has a valuation of $80,785, or more than one-third that of the entire union.

As early as June, 1899, Lord Sligo announced to a deputation his willingness to sell two of the four parishes covered by the land commission, Louisburgh and Aughagower. The matter dropped through, and last September his lordship refused to receive another deputation from the district council, asserting that he had offered the sale of 50,000 acres to the congested districts board three years before on the basis of a purchase price equivalent to the rental for eighteen years. As this offer had been refused, he asserted, there was no need of saying more about the matter. But negotiations are pending, nevertheless.

Unfairness of Leasing Shown.

Lord Lucan's estate embraces 60,570 acres. It has been announced at various times that portions of the land in the baronies of Gallen, Burrishoole, and Murrisk have been purchased and tenants are living in dilemma as to whether or not their particular holdings happen to be situated on the purchased acres.

The worst portions of this estate are held by intermediate landlords from Lord Lucan. These men hold the miserably congested villages of Gloshpatrick, Drummin, Faurnaght, and Killeenacoff, where the tenants have plats of from one to two acres of overrented, exhausted land, all held in rundale—that is, no one knows just where his holding ends and his neighbor's begins, and the land is practically held in common.

Just off these miserable spots are the rich, clean grazing tracts of Tollavbaun, Derryribbeen, Gloshpatrick, Derrinummera, Brockagh, and Cultrain, which, if purchased and settled, will afford ample room for enterprising, industrious migrants from mountain villages. Now these tracts are rich solitudes.

Nearby is the 8,099 acres composing the estate of Sir Roger Palmer. There are hundreds of tenants cooped here whose property valuation is less than $20. They are hopelessly handicapped from extracting a living from the soil because of their small holdings. On this estate, however, 4,267 acres of upland pasture are held by eight graziers.

Conditions on Garvey Estate.

It is but a short drive, through broken cottages and families living in privation and dirt, to Murrisk, where the Garvey estate of 1,890 acres is located. This property is incumbered and the tenants suffer greatly. Of sixty-one poor families on the estate the district records show that forty-eight are rated as to property values at less than $20 each and thirteen others at less than $40 each. These families are trying to work out an existance on patches ranging from a half to two and three acres. The rentals run as high as $7.50 to $10 an acre annually. Most of the cottiers here add to their limited incomes by fishing, the congested districts board having aided in providing modern boats and tackle. In the midst of these worn out potato patches, however, lie 1,101 acres of well drained pasture land which rests on a limestone bottom. These acres are held by the landlord and two nonresidential shopkeepers. The estate is now in the courts, owing to incumbrances.

Twenty-six miles from the town of Westport lie the towns of Achill and Ballycroy, which will be benefited should any purchase plans be finally worked out. In the Achill district there is a population of 4,929, and the property valuation per individual is but $2, the majority of the family valuations being less than $20. Of the Achill mission estate 1,919 acres are grazed by the trustees, while seventy-five tenants are under $20 valuations. The potato crop has failed here and government assistance to prevent starvation has just been asked.

FIGHTS TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

Henry Larink of Grand Rapids, Mich., Drowns Himself in Cistern After Combat.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 21.—After a fight in the presence of a score of hysterical women and children, Henry Larink of 68 Fourth avenue today broke loose from neighbors, who were dragging him from a cistern into which he had jumped with the intention of committing suicide, and, dropping back into seven feet of water, was dead when the men were able to get hold of him again.

Banquet St. Louis Commissioners.

ROME, Dec. 21.—The International Artistic association gave a banquet tonight at the Grand hotel here in honor of the St. Louis fair commissioners. Among the guests were Ambassador Meyer, Secretary Iddings, and a number of prominent Americans now in Rome.

Bank of Spain in New York.

MADRID, Dec. 21.—The Bank of Spain proposes to establish branches in Havana, Mexico City, New York, and Buenos Ayres.

FINLAND FACES A FAMINE

GRAIN CROP A FAILURE IN A THIRD OF THE COUNTRY.

In 106 Parishes Out of 194 Reports Show That the People Have Food Supplies Which Will Suffice Only Until Christmas—Government Appropriates Large Sums for Alleviation of Suffering—Hundreds of Children Are in Starving Condition.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 21.—Finland faces a famine. The average grain crop gathered in Finland is valued at $30,000,000. The estimated value of the 1902 crop is $20,000,000. While this loss is generally distributed throughout Finland, it is almost total in the northern third of the country, where are the provinces of Uleaborg, Kuopio, Vasa, St. Michael, and portions of Viborg.

There are all told about 500 parishes in Finland; 194 of these parishes are now nearly destitute. The agricultural board has received reports from 140 of the 194 parishes, showing that 106 have food supplies which will suffice them until Christmas only.

The unripe rye and barley which the people are forced to use make a bitter bread, which even the hungry horses refuse to eat. In some parts of the country bread is baked from barley husks and straw, mixed with a little flour, and is purchased by the needy people with their hoarded savings. Such bread contains little nutrition and is extremely unwholesome. The peasants have expended all their money for flour and consequently unable to buy clothing.

Relief Work in Progress.

The danger of famine was realised early by the public. Count Bobrikov, governor general of Finland, has issued an appeal for help in Russia, and a voluntary relief committee has been organized by Finlanders with branches throughout the country. The Anglo-American church here is affiliated with this committee.

The senate has decided to construct public works at an expenditure of $375,000 and it has allotted $500,000 for the purchase of grain which will be sold to the people at cost. Seventy-five thousand dollars will be used to encourage cottage industries.

The provinces and certain cities of Finland have voted various sums for relief work, amounting in all to $500,000. The voluntary relief committee has received $125,000, but it is understood that all this sum has been already expended.

Children Near Starving.

Pastor Kilburn of St. Petersburg has just returned from a sledge journey through Kuopio province. He found 1,900 school children who were in need of food. Of this number 1,115 were totally destitute. It is estimated that 400,000 will be without food after Christmas. Business in Finland is suffering in sympathy with the extreme conditions, but no failures have yet been recorded. The banks have not raised the rate of discount.

Emigration from Finland is increasing constantly. Up to Nov. 17 20,055 persons had left the country this year via Finnish ports, while unknown numbers have crossed the Gulf of Bothnia to Sweden and have taken passage from there.

SCIENTIST SUPPORTS IDEA OF VARI-COLORED THOUGHT.

John Quincy Adams of Philadelphia Backs Up Prof. Gates, Saying Theory Is Probable and May Be Proved.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—John Quincy Adams, the scientist, of this city, believes in the discovery made by Prof. Elmer W. Gates of Washington, and is inclined to think with Gates that knowledge of man's mentality may be gained by inspecting the colors of the breath under varying moods.

He does not doubt that Gates has invented a method of ascertaining the breath colors.

Prof. Gates' theory, he says, is, at its root, the same as that of the European scientists. It has been demonstrated that the various colors have a more or less potent effect upon the spirits of man—quite as much, indeed, as material stimulants, such as drugs and liquors. Red, for instance, is the most powerful color.

Prof. Adams cites the case of a photograph concern in France, which noted that workmen employed in a room lighted by red panes of glass talked incessantly throughout the day, were merry even to boisterousness, and nightfall found them completely exhausted. They called in an eminent Parisian scientist, who ascribed the condition of the workmen to the color of the light in the shop, and suggested that green lights be substituted. His advice was taken. As a result work in that department was carried on quietly and the condition of the men at the day's end was normal.

Green light, though stimulating, is but half as powerful as red, and has a restful quality the brighter light does not possess. Blue is a sedative and yellow and white even less potent in stimulation. In the treatment of nervous diseases the confinement of cases in a blue room has been helpful.

The effect of different colored light upon moods has been clearly demonstrated, Prof. Adams argues, and there is every reason to believe that man's moods might reflect different colored lights.

DETECTIVES ON WHAYNE CASE.

Insurance Companies Send Men to Louisville to Investigate Death.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 21.—Five eastern insurance detectives have arrived here and more are expected tomorrow to investigate the death of R. C. Whayne, the Louisville man who was found dead near his home here with a gunshot wound in his breast. Mr. Whayne's life was insured for over $400,000 and the coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

Clearing the toys & dolls: 1st floor Wabash.

MERRY Christmas for all the boys and girls—toys and dolls at greatly reduced prices is the good news. This sale coming in time for Christmas will crowd this section with eager buyers, for the price reductions apply to the most popular toys of the season. There's a liberal discount off all the high-cost toys.

Toy barns, with upper dwelling two horses and loaded truck—a regular $3 value—to close at— $1.50

Easel blackboard, with Chautauqua front, chart and pigeon holes— a regular $2.50 quality at— $1.65

Boys' bob sleds, with leather upholstered seat, round steel runners, highly polished—reg. $4 value at— $2.95

U. S. military suits, consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery uniforms—all handsomely made—very special at— $1

Dolls' trunks, with tray, edges bound with tin—substantial toy—all little girls like them—splendid value at 95c

City sprinkling wagons, exact miniatures of those used to water the streets—very special value—at 95c

D. P. dressed dolls, bisque head; movable eyes, dressed tastefully in different colors—good set of underwear that can be taken off—17-in., 95c; 18-in., $1.50; 19-in., $2.50, and up to— $15

Santa jointed dolls, with papier mache head, full ball jointed, bisque head with life-like features—the best dolls imported—17-inch, 95c; 18-inch, $1.50; 19-inch, $2, ranging all the way up to $18

Imperial kid body dolls, bisque head, movable eyes, silky hair parted in the middle, open mouth showing beautiful teeth, shoes and stockings—excellent values—17-inch, 95c; 18-inch, $1.50; 19-inch, $2 and up to— $6

The Piano Question

REQUIRES HASTE.
PLAIN FIGURES ON

THE KIMBALL

are conclusive as to price and save much time in reaching a decision.

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include the popular Colonial, Classic, Art Nouveau, etc. With that harmony of proportion which charms the most exacting eye and tonal excellence long the charm of the WORLD'S MASTERS, what more fitting this annual event than a

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KIMBALL PIANO PLAYER.

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YEARS OF TOIL

in the study and practice of music. Special bargains in these instruments, and the use of any instrument in our stock may be had while you are paying for it.

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Globes! Globes!!

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Opera Glasses

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Suitable and desirable for gifts.

Almer Coe, Optician,

74 State-st. Opposite Field's New Store.

NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD IN THE TRIBUNE

LAMPPOST WITH EACH LOUD KNOCK

Circulating Illuminators Are the Latest Novelty in Municipal Politics.

BUT THE LIGHT GOES OUT.

Citizen Who Thinks He Is Provided For Is the Victim of City Hall Magic.

Have you heard of the "circulating lamp post" and the part it plays in municipal politics?

No? Well, listen to this tale of woe that comes from the Avondale district as an echo of the heart to heart indignation meeting held by Ald. Keeney and Butler on Saturday night, when residents of the northwest side paid their compliments to the Metropolitan "L," the surface lines, and conditions in general.

The circulating lamp post is one of those "now you see it and now you don't" things. You never know which shell to find it under. It is said to have been invented by "Eddie" Hall, but some one in the city hall controls the patents.

The circulating lamp post is a sort of a balm for wounded feelings, and if shaken well before taking is guaranteed to afford immediate relief for most of the mental ills that suburban residents are heir to. But the trouble is that the relief doesn't last.

How to Get One.

The circulating lamp post is introduced to citizens of the northwest side when they complain of the intense darkness that casts a gloom over their neighborhoods.

Will their alderman furnish street lights? Certainly; nothing is easier.

The next day, or perhaps a day or two later, a wagon will drive up in front of the aggrieved resident's house and two husky city employés will dump the circulating lamp post out on the pavement. Then they will dig a hole and plant it, and that night a bright light will cast a spirit of cheer over all who pass.

But John Smith, living half a mile or so farther on, chances to see that lamp post and wants one, too, so he hurries to his alderman, or to the city hall, with his appeal.

Will any one help him? Why, of course.

The next day the same two husky workmen approach the circulating lamp post, dig it up, and bear it away, only to plant it in front of John Smith's house. Thus John is made happy until the time comes when the lamp post shall resume its wanderings.

Knock Is a Magnet.

The lamp post is always to be found near the source of the loudest and latest "holler." Each "knock" has a magnetic attraction which it cannot resist.

After the lamp post has been removed from one locality to another it is easy for an alderman to explain to the residents who have lost it:

"Well, I did the best I could. I got it for you, didn't I? I can't help it if the street department would not allow it to stay. They run things in a funny way down at the city hall."

Which, of course, is true, and the citizen will depart, feeling that the alderman at least has been his friend.

For instance, one of the circulating lamp posts was placed in front of a house in Drake avenue, just south of Wrightwood, a few days ago. It staid there till the grocer down the street aired his grievance, and now the grocer has it. Several others have cast longing eyes at the post, however, and the residents are laying bets who will get it next.

Like "Heart-to-Heart" Idea.

The heart-to-heart idea, if not the circulating lamp post, promises to become popular with aldermen in various parts of the city.

"Great idea," declared Henry L. Fick of the Ninth ward yesterday. "I'll have to talk to Brenner about it. It would be a good scheme to introduce the soiree idea in this ward. I receive all kicks now in my office, but the 'at home' is just the thing."

Joseph Badenoch of the Thirty-second ward said: "The political reception for aggrieved constituents is a good thing, but the improvement clubs seem to answer the purpose in my ward."

"The political reception is a good thing for the Twenty-seventh ward, which covers a third of the city, but it wouldn't be practicable in my part of the town," said Ald. Jackson of the Third. "Foreman and I get into close touch with the people by driving about in a carriage every day and calling here and there."

"O, that idea is all right for a country place like the Twenty-seventh," commented Ald. Kenna, "but in the strenuous First, Coughlin and I have to be on deck all the time. We are 'at home' to our friends every minute. The formal reception is too narrow for our business."

South Siders May Sue.

But the residents of the northwest side are not alone in their complaints of faulty car service and other evils. On the south side the residents are up in arms against the City railway company and forty citizens are to hold a meeting to decide whether they shall sue the company to recover fares paid for rides that were not completed. Three times in the last week the cable broke and passengers of the cars were dumped out to reach home as best they could.

Dr. Andrew J. Park of 520 East Twentieth street, one of the sufferers, last evening said: "In common with many others, I was dumped out of a car at Thirty-sixth street and Cottage Grove avenue, after having paid my fare to Seventy-first street. The minute the cable breaks the conductors vanish and men and women are compelled to trudge home. There is no return fare; any suggestion as to transportation. This condition of affairs has already been tolerated too long.

"About forty of us have agreed to push the matter. We are to meet next Wednesday night and if there are any grounds for action we shall sue the company. The last time the cable broke—this was on Friday—they bundled us out into the rain like a lot of sheep. Two of the women had to walk more than two miles."

Says It Can't Be Helped.

The breakdowns are called unavoidable by the City railway officials.

"On Friday we had two breaks in our cable," said Robert McCulloch, general manager of the company. "Each break delayed us about fifteen or twenty minutes. When the cable breaks we do our utmost to repair it in the shortest possible time. We employ extra men and have them on hand for that purpose. Our conductors are not in a position to tell how long we will be delayed, and, in fact, we ourselves often are unable to tell how soon we will be ready to run our machinery.

"We take all the care known to human reason to prevent such inconveniences to our patrons, for they are as expensive to us as they are exasperating to our passengers. Our facilities are taxed to the limit during the rush hours, but we do all in our power to prevent delays. It is one of those things that cannot be helped."

CARLOAD OF MAIL BURNED.

Christmas Packages and Letters for Chicago and Western Points Destroyed Near New York.

Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Official report of the burning of a carload of Christmas mail for the west was made here this afternoon by the crew of mail clerks arriving from New York on the fast mail No. 3 on the New York Central, which left New York at 8:45 a. m.

Only twenty or thirty out of 800 pouches were saved, the burned mail being for Chicago and points farther west. Some of the mail was destined for the Philippine and Fiji Islands.

The mail sacks were in a storage car, which carried no clerks. The crew was on the car behind, and discovered the fire between Peekskill and Highland. The car was left burning at the latter station.

TRAVELS 2,000 MILES TO PLAY SANTA CLAUS.

Miss Elizabeth Tyree.

A flying trip of 2,000 miles, and all to play Santa Claus for a doting niece, is the experience of Miss Elizabeth Tyree, the actress, who is well known to Chicago theatergoers. Miss Tyree reached Chicago from New York on one of the twenty hour flyers at 9:45 yesterday morning, and started back for New York less than three hours later. The sole object of this hurried trip was to participate in a premature celebration of Christmas day with her 10 year old niece, Madge Bamnigan, for whom Miss Tyree always has filled the rôle of Santa Claus. The child was accompanying her parents on a visit of inspection to some mining properties in the west, and Miss Tyree was busily engaged in New York rehearsing a new play, the rehearsals for which could not be interrupted for any length of time. Finally the actress proposed to Madge's parents, who were in Denver, that they make Chicago a halfway place of meeting, and this was agreed on by wire. Miss Tyree played Santa in a room in the Auditorium annex, and will rejoin her company at the Madison Square theater at 10 a. m. on Monday, as she is due in New York at 9:30.

TEMPEST OVER ART BOOKS

MUST MRS. H. C. CHATFIELD-TAYLOR CARRY A CARD?

Union Binder Who Fails to Understand How Society Leaders Can Work for Pleasure's Sake Alone Tells the Federation of Labor That the Amateurs Must Make Peace with His Organization—Merchant's Arguments Lets the Cat Out of Bag.

Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor and those of her friends who have taken up the fad of binding their own books in a way that outRoycrofts the effects of Fra Elbertus have come under the watchful eye of union labor and may be asked to carry union working cards.

The work was taken up by Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor several months ago as a relaxation and her work brought the idea to the attention of others, until at present the rooms of the Art Educational society in the Masonic temple as well as many residences in Chicago and Evanston, have been turned into shops where old books are made bright with new covers.

Breaking the News.

But all this would have passed unknown to union labor had not a State street merchant told a committee of labor leaders about it to illustrate his contention that women need not join a union simply because they work at what is known as a "trade." The committee, however, did not realize how women, or anybody else, for that matter, could work for amusement alone, so it embodied in the report that was handed into the Chicago Federation of Labor yesterday afternoon the information that the State street merchant had declared "that his restaurant employés were not the type of women to join a union and that they have as much right to work undisturbed by organized labor as Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor has when she binds her books."

"Say, I want to know about this," shouted a member of the Bookbinders' union, when the report was read. "You say Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor and other society women are binding books? Where are they doing it?"

"I don't know," was the response from the chairman of the committee.

Must Carry a Card.

"Well, they can't bind any books in this city unless they carry a card," retorted the disgruntled one. "If I find that any firm has allowed them to learn the trade without joining the union I am going to raise trouble. The work of binding books belongs to the union and we won't permit anybody to do it unless they join. I have heard somewhere that Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor worked sixty days in one of the west side shops, but I don't believe that. At any rate, though, we union bookbinders should investigate."

"If these women get cards will it be all right?" some one asked.

"All right? Of course it will be all right. That is all we want."

The binder was not enlightened on the subject and left the hall, believing that Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor and her friends were infringing on the rights of the union binders.

EIGHT MEN ARE HELD UP IN A WEST SIDE SALOON.

Three Robbers Interrupt Card Game at 91 Blue Island Avenue, Take Stakes and Several Watches and Purses.

A card game in the saloon of John Hurst, 91 Blue Island avenue, was interrupted at 2 o'clock yesterday morning by the entrance of three masked holdup men, who demanded the stakes and everything else of value in the place. William Chuckley, who resented the interruption, as he was about to "rake in" the pot, led a charge on the highwaymen, but was knocked down by a revolver, after which the men lined the victims along the bar and robbed them.

Chuckley hurled a cuspidor and shouted: "Come on, fellows, and we'll stand them on their heads." Henry La Fontaine, who lives above the saloon, was the only one who followed in the charge, and when Chuckley was felled by a blow from a revolver La Fontaine rejoined his seven companions and elevated his hands.

George Johnson, 259 South Halsted street, was robbed of a gold watch and $40, and William Connell, 254 Halsted street, of a diamond pin and $25." Over $30 was secured from the other victims and $35 was taken from the cash register.

An open window and clothesline ladder showed the means of exit of a thief who had robbed G. W. Watson, 4453 Oakenwald avenue, of a new overcoat. Mr. Watson lives in a third story flat. In the rear there are no connecting stairways from one platform to the other and the burglar must have climbed a straight, smooth post.

SCORNED BY WIFE, HE DIES

HUSBAND TURNS FROM DOOR AND ENDS LIFE ON STEPS.

Leslie Penney Pleads for a Reconciliation and When That Is Denied He Swallows Carbolic Acid, Death Being Almost Instantaneous—Body Is Carried Into House and Cared For by Widow—Girl Attempts Suicide by Taking Paris Green.

Turned from the door after an unavailing plea for reconciliation with his wife, Leslie Penney swallowed carbolic acid and fell dead on the steps leading to the residence of his mother in law.

Penney and his wife had been separated for several months, and last night he called at the house of Mrs. Miranda Aridson, 8355 Morgan street, and for half an hour tried to persuade his wife to return to his home. She refused to do so and Penney departed.

As the door closed after him Mrs. Penney heard a heavy fall and went out to investigate. She saw her husband lying on the steps unconscious, and with the assistance of her mother carried him into the house. A physician was summoned, but before he arrived the man was dead.

Widow Tells of the Suicide.

"Hardly had I closed the door," said Mrs. Penney, "when I heard a sound like that of some one falling, followed by a groan. I opened the door and saw Leslie lying on the steps. He made no effort to speak and did not answer my question when I asked him what the trouble was.

"We picked him up and carried him into the house and summoned a physician, but Leslie was dead before he arrived. On the ground we found a bottle which had contained carbolic acid. I never heard my husband threaten to commit suicide, and, although we had some trouble, I am surprised at his act."

Mrs. Penney is 25 years old, and her husband was 32 years old. He was a molder. The widow seemed much affected by the death of her husband.

Girl Attempts to Die.

While her father and brother were at the breakfast table yesterday morning Christiana Juszinski, 572 Noble street, retired to her room and swallowed a quantity of paris green. The moans of the girl, who is 18 years old, attracted the attention of her father and he summoned a physician. After an hour's work the doctor declared the girl was out of danger. Miss Juszinski refused to give the reason for her act.

LACK OF 'PHONES IMPEDES POLICE.

They Use Instrument in Saloon Next Door or Take Still Slower Way.

CITIZENS ARE ANGRY.

Calls for "North 1037," Answered with Statement That Wire Is Taken Out.

"My feet are sore with chasing to the telephone," said Joseph Gallery, night bartender at Edward Kelley's saloon, next door to the East Chicago avenue police station, last night. Just then there was a ring on the telephone and the bartender dropped a bottle he was handling and rushed to the receiver.

"Hullo," he said. "Yes, this is Gallery. No, I ain't the desk sergeant. I am just taking his place for a while. You say a wagon is wanted at Indiana and Clark for a larceny 'pinch'? Well, I will have the desk sergeant notified and the wagon sent down there as soon as I serve these drinks."

The above conversation illustrates one of the two methods taken to transact regular routine business last night with the Chicago avenue police. When the saloon telephone was not called in play north side citizens were forced to call detective headquarters in the city hall and explain their business fully to the desk sergeant in charge there. After he had taken copious notes he transmitted the facts to a desk sergeant in charge of the police wires and the second sergeant in turn forwarded the message in charge of the Chicago avenue station.

Delay of Half an Hour.

This method is said to have been in vogue in Chicago before the fire. It usually occupies about thirty minutes. The delays caused by the lack of a public telephone in the police stations on the north side gave opportunity for the operations of criminals, and citizens generally denounced the Chicago Telephone company for its action. Chief O'Neill will meet the mayor today, and both promise that there will be no delay in reinstalling the telephones. The telephone officials, pliant in the face of public sentiment, likewise promise to put back the 'phones quickly.

Many Messages Go to City Hall.

Thirty-five messages for the East Chicago avenue police station were received at detective headquarters in the city hall on Saturday night and were then transmitted by the sergeants there to the proper station. Last night was a dull night and the sergeant was put to the trouble of taking care of only eighteen messages that were intended for the north side.

The telephone girls in the north exchange were made aware of the feelings of that portion of the public which sent in calls for North 1037, which for years has been the East Chicago avenue telephone number. Every time that a citizen called for it the girl would politely inform him that the telephone had been taken out. The citizen is usually a self-contained and mild mannered man, but when told that he could not get the police in his district by telephone it usually ended in explosive language and the hanging up of the receiver.

Hinders Slot Machine Raid.

Chief O'Neill's private corps of detectives also suffered from the inconvenience of not getting the north side station direct. Detective Hertz, who heads the squad, last night made several raids on slot machines in the vicinity of Wells and Huron streets. There was no patrol box on the corner and the detectives were forced to stand about while one of their number telephoned to Central and told the sergeant to have the wagon sent from East Chicago avenue. The corner of Huron and Wells streets is only two and a half blocks from the station, but it was fully thirty minutes before the wagon responded to the telephone call.

Detective Berwick of the East Chicago avenue station had to call the friendly bartender, Mr. Gallery, into requisition at 9 o'clock when he arrested Mammie Sweet at Indiana and Clark streets. She did not want to stand in front of the patrol box, so Berwick volunteered to call for the wagon at Dearborn avenue and Indiana street. After he had informed the bartender that he wanted the wagon Gallery obligingly left half a dozen cocktails in the process of being mixed and hurried into the police station. Berwick got the patrol wagon in fifteen minutes.

Must Have the 'Phones.

Chief of Police O'Neill declares the telephones must be reinstalled.

"Experience has proved that the 'phones are a necessity in all but a few of the forty-two stations of the city," he said, "and, although I am trying to conduct police business on as economical a basis as possible, public welfare demands the safeguard they afford.

"The removal of the telephones from the north side stations was a surprise to me, as I had expected, from my communications with the telephone company, that the new ones would be placed in position immediately upon the taking away of the slot devices.

"Every station which is in a residence district of the better class requires a public telephone, as invariably the thefts committed in the districts are those of outsiders, who leave the vicinity immediately after the perpetration of a crime. Quick action is necessary to capture the thieves, and this frequently comes from citizens."

Mayor Will Act Today.

"I will take up the telephone question with Chief O'Neill in the morning," said Mayor Harrison last evening. "The telephone company removed the instruments from the police stations without any notice to me or to the chief or City Electrician Elliott. As soon as I learned of it I asked that the work be stopped until I could investigate it. The claim made by the company is that the receipts of the slot machines in the police stations were 80 per cent slugs and 20 per cent nickels.

"Something will have to be at once. The contracts that are being made do not call for service until the first day of the year. But that will be considered in the morning. Under the new contracts the telephone at the police end of the line will be used only for police business and by policemen."

'Phone People Complaisant.

"It is safe to say there will be a settlement of the matter tomorrow," said an official of the telephone company last evening. "It was all brought about to get a new arrangement with the city. I do not think there is any doubt telephones will be put in the stations where the instruments have been removed."

BUSINESS MAN LOCKED UP FOR DISPUTED CAB BILL.

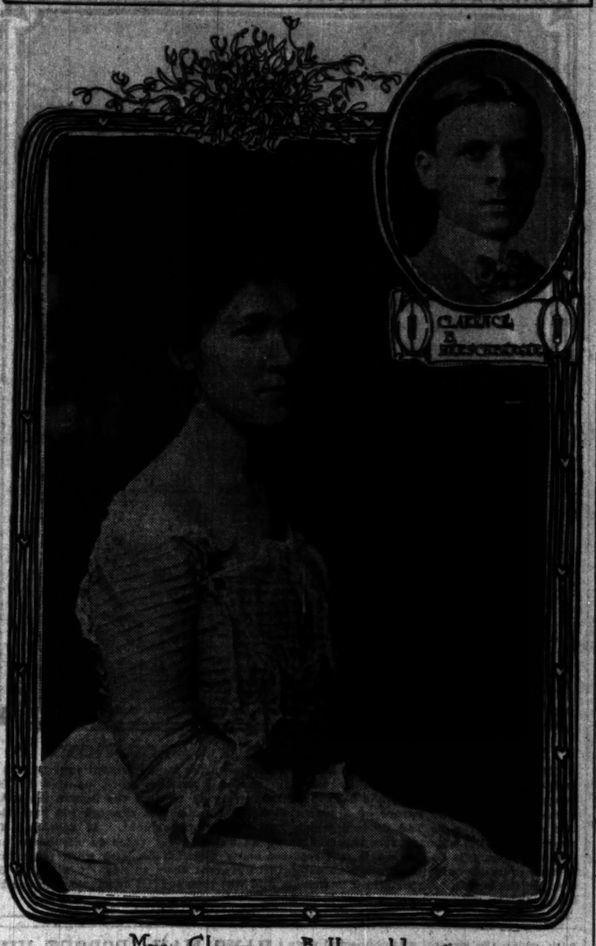
F. A. Hecht, 639 Jackson Boulevard, Spends Night at Desplaines Police Station. Then Leaves Cash Bail.

On a charge of refusing to pay a cab bill F. A. Hecht, reputed to be a wealthy man living at 639 Jackson boulevard, was held at the Desplaines street police station all Saturday night. He was released yesterday morning when he told the police that he could leave a sufficient deposit to insure his appearance in the Desplaines street police court this morning.

Daniel Downey, 2308 South State street, the cabdriver, drove Hecht to the police station and told the police that Hecht had refused payment for several hours' service.

Mr. Hecht is a member of the firm of Charles A. Kaestner & Co., manufacturers of machinery at 245 South Jefferson street. He says the difficulty arose when Downey demanded his fare before having completed the drive.

ONCE FAMOUS FULL BACK AND HIS BRIDE.



Mrs. Clarence B. Herschberger.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Herschberger, who were married Saturday night and then started on a short wedding trip, keeping their destination secret, communicated with the bride's parents over long distance telephone yesterday morning, but did not reveal their whereabouts. Mrs. Herschberger is a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. John S. Eberhart, 3515 West Sixty-fourth street, and her husband a few years ago was a famous full back on the University of Chicago football team. The bridal couple will return Jan. 1 and live in Lake Forest, where Mr. Herschberger is athletic director in the college.

YOUNG GIRLS WORK LATE.

FACTORY INSPECTORS VISIT BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

Superintendent of Rothschild's Declares No Hardships Are Inflicted on Employes During Holiday Rush, but Mr. Davies Thinks Law Is Not Adhered To—Conditions in the Ghetto Are Shown—Union Labor May Take a Hand for a General Reform.

State Factory Inspector Davies and A. M. Rothschild & Co. are in an argument. Mr. Davies thinks the big State street department store, under the Christmas stress, is working children under 16 years of age more than ten hours a day. Supt. Sampson of the store does not believe the charge can be proved and declares the company is extremely lenient with its employés.

The question will be thrashed out in a justice court. Inspector Davies and his deputies entered the store late on Saturday night and corralled four score children under 16 years of age who, Mr. Davies declares, had been at work for more than ten hours.

Lusty Man Blocks the Way.

There was a commotion in the big department store when it was noised about that the inspectors were in the building. Chief Davies entered at 10 o'clock, with Deputies William Ehn and Samuel Rieger at his back. They were met by Assistant Superintendent Charles F. Roby, to whom they stated their business. Roby was once a lusty football player at the University of Chicago. He was called Chicago's stone wall, and that's just what the inspectors found him to be as he blocked the aisle for several minutes examining their authority.

In the meantime the signal was sent through the house and in an instant a hundred girls in short dresses were flocking to the cloakrooms. Chief Davies and his aids rushed to the locker department and gathered in the children before they could get their wraps on. Out of those questioned eighty names were taken by the inspectors. These children said they had worked over ten hours.

"I am confident the charge cannot be proved," said Supt. Sampson. "We are lenient with our employés during the holidays when we keep open nights. When a girl works late at night she can report for duty any time the next morning. We set no special time, and the locker room is never closed till almost noon."

Chief Davies found nine cases of children under 16 working over ten hours in the store of the Woolf Clothing company, at Monroe and State streets.

Long Hours in the Ghetto.

The inspectors were busy yesterday afternoon among the department stores that are open seven days in the week in the Ghetto district. Half a dozen violations were found at Phillipson's, 495 South Jefferson street. Samuel Phillipson, who hires all the clerks, was called in by Chief Davies when the list had been completed.

"Show me a single girl who has no affidavit," Phillipson exclaimed. "I hire most of them, and I know I always insist on affidavits."

"Well, how about this Martha Seigel?" asked Mr. Davies.

"Martha, who hired you?" demanded Phillipson.

"You did," whimpered the child.

"Have you an affidavit here?"

"No, sir."

"Well, then, get out of here. We have no use for you."

Fanny Rosenberg, 539 South Jefferson street, said she was 15 years old. She works as cash girl seven days in the week and ten hours a day for $2.

"Would you get the same money for six days' work?" she was asked.

"Yes, sir," replied the child, "but if I don't work seven days they'll tell me to get out."

Sarah Zaratsky, 165 Clinton street, told Chief Davies that she worked six and one-half days of the week, aggregating over seventy hours, for $2. She is 14 years old.

Strike as Means to Reform.

"Union labor has no moral right to work in a shop, factory, or store where children are employed. We should refuse to have them labor their lives away. One strike, even if lost, will do more to arouse that namby-pamby thing called public sentiment to the evils of child labor than all the factory inspectors in the country."

Barney Berlin thus voiced the view of the Chicago Federation of Labor yesterday afternoon in making a plea for an independent investigation of the factories by that organization. The matter came up in a report from the stockyards which asserted that children under the age limit set by law were employed in the canning factories.

The federation is to take the matter up in harmony with Factory Inspector Davies.

TRICK CHARGED TO LABOR CHIEF.

President Lighthall of the Chicago Federation Accused of Bad Faith.

HE ASKS AN INQUIRY.

Teamsters' President Says the Former Tried to Settle Rubber Strike Improperly.

George V. Lighthall, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, was charged before that body yesterday with an attempt to settle the strike of the rubber workers at the Morgan & Wright factory by methods inimical to the best interests of the unions involved.

The charges were made by President Albert Young of the Teamsters' National union. He asserted that President Lighthall, acting under the advice of the manager of the factory, had attempted to bring about peace by calling a conference in which none of the strike leaders was to be present. By this means, it was declared, the firm hoped to get a favorable settlement.

When President Young rose to speak the hall at 70 Adams street was crowded with delegates, men standing along the walls and in the aisles. It was known that he intended to spring a surprise, but few were acquainted with its nature. As he outlined his case absolute quiet prevailed. When he made his charge applause broke forth.

Lighthall Denies Wrong Motive.

President Lighthall acknowledged that he had attempted to arrange the meeting, but denied that he had any wrong motive in his act. He declared that his course was fair, and demanded that an investigation be made.

Other members of the federation clamored to get the floor and defend him, but the members would not listen to them. They voted down an attempt to go into executive session, but granted President Lighthall a special committee of seven, which is to investigate.

The matter came up early in the session. President Young asked that a committee which was appointed two weeks ago to look into the strike make its report. President Lighthall was a member of the committee, and he said that it had tried to get the strikers and the firm together, but that all conferences had failed of results. He added that the committee wished its finding to be considered as progress.

President Young then took the floor. He informed the meeting that there were several trades involved in the strike, including the rubber workers, the teamsters, and the machinists. He said that the federation had nothing to do with it and had not been asked to take any part further than to investigate. Then in a conversational tone he made his charge.

Young's Statement of the Case.

"I ask you what right has an official of this body to try to settle that trouble," he said. "I have an affidavit to show that such an attempt was made. It shows that an official told one of the rubber workers that if they dropped the teamsters and their business agent out of the dispute they could make a settlement. Why, I ask, is that official trying to fix up matters. I have stood for honesty in labor, and I stand for it now. I want to know the reason for these actions.

"The federation has got to get rid of deals of such character, and I will start the ball rolling. I have this affidavit here, and I want it read. The teamsters are back of this fight, and I want to say right now that this federation has no right to try to stop them, and it won't succeed if it does."

President Young then submitted the affidavit to the reading clerk, but officials of the federation who were on the platform attempted to suppress it. President Lighthall tried to get Vice President Kennedy to take the chair so he could defend himself, but the meeting would not permit. It clamored for the affidavit and the yells became so loud that action was forced and Secretary Carmody began to read.

Affidavit Is Read.

The affidavit is as follows:

"I, J. F. Deane, swear that the following language was used by Mr. Lighthall, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, over the telephone to the signer of the affidavit: He told me to get together a committee of the rubber workers, leave out Mr. Dunne (the business agent) and also the teamsters, meet a committee of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and go to the firm of Morgan & Wright to bring about a settlement, which would be the greatest victory the Chicago Federation of Labor has ever won in the city of Chicago."

"I acknowledge the conversation," said President Lighthall, "but I deny that I said these things in the interests of the firm. I told Mr. Deane that Manager Wilson of the firm asked for the conference and along these lines. I did not ask it and I was simply fulfilling a request made by Manager Wilson, who in turn was bothering me until I was tired of his importunities. I even told Business Agent Dunne of the meeting, to show I was honest."

Series of Votes of Censure.

In the confusion that followed H. M. Detrich was refused an opportunity to speak. The report of President Lighthall was not accepted, and he was ordered to leave the settlement of the strike to the unions involved. Each vote was heavier than the previous, and each was a condemnation of his course. When quiet was again obtained he took the floor and asked for an investigation.

The following committee was appointed, President Lighthall naming three, President Young three, and Vice President Kennedy of the federation the arbiter:

James H. Bowman, M. Donnelly, butchers, pressmen.
Charles Rau, steamfitters.
J. F. Deane, rubber workers.
F. C. Bender, teamsters.
James Brennock, carpenters.
J. D. Barry, teamsters.

The committee will report at the next meeting, so that if President Lighthall is cleared he can become a candidate for reelection.

Labor Notes.

The dispute between the garment workers and the special order clothing makers came up for consideration. The grievance committee reported that the garment workers sell their label to nonunion shops. The cutters who were present announced that the lockout on the part of the manufacturers probably will be ordered by the firms on Friday, but that they are ready for the fight.

An attempt was made by John Mangan of the steamfitters to get the federation to withdraw its members who are on the constitutional amendment committee, but this was voted down. The federation denounced the new educational bill on the grounds that it gives arbitrary powers to the superintendent of schools and the present board of review for issuing certificates of error. It also reaffirmed its faith in the initiative and referendum and asked that an effort be made to get these principles adopted by the constitutional amendment committee.

DEMAND INCREASE IN WAGES.

Firemen and Engineers on Wisconsin Central Want Higher Pay—Three Thousand Interested.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The grievance board of the firemen and engineers of the Wisconsin Central road will meet with the officials of the road here tomorrow to demand that they shall be granted an increase of 10 per cent in their wages. It is claimed that the demand will effect 3,000 men on the system. The engineers will ask that the minimum wages be fixed at $3.85 and the maximum at $4.50 a day. The firemen want $2.25 as the minimum and $2.75 as the maximum wage.

RUSH OF CHRISTMAS MAIL TAXES THE POSTOFFICE TO THE UTMOST.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

Christmas boxes and packages already are taxing the facilities of the Chicago postoffice, and the employés expect little rest until Thursday. Today and tomorrow will be the days of the heaviest receipts and shipments, but even as early as the first of last week the packages of gifts began to pass through the office bound for foreign countries or other distant points. The letter mail also is heavier now than at any other time in the year, and the clerks are working day and night in order that the office may not be swamped in the first three days of the week.

EARL OF ROSSLYN LOSES TO SHARPS.

Man Who Tried to Break Bank at Monte Carlo Fleeced While Crossing Ocean.

"FLORODORA" DIVORCED.

Woman Who Sang in Sextet Is Freed from Husband—Made $750,000 on "Tip."

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Dec. 21.

The earl of Rosslyn, who was on the Etruria, which arrived here from Liverpool today, found on reaching port that three men with whom he had been playing cards on the way over, and to whom he had lost money, were alleged to be card sharps, and that the police were looking for them. The earl is the man who tried to stop gambling at Monte Carlo by breaking the bank with his system.

Earl of Rosslyn Fleeced by Card Sharps.

On the first day out the earl played a "small" game of poker with three men. One of them quickly lost about $500 and proposed that the stakes be increased in order to give him a chance to get it back. The others were agreeable, and a stiffer game was started. When quarantine was reached the earl was out of pocket $1,550. The men disappeared immediately after the Etruria landed.

Rosslyn said he was here to try to get a theatrical engagement. If he does not succeed he will soon return. He said his marriage to Miss Beatrice Irwin, the actress, was not definitely decided on.

A new shoe caused the death in Bellevue hospital yesterday of Joseph Mattolla of 191 Bleecker street. Mattolla died from blood poisoning and Coroner Brown found that it had been caused by a protruding nail in a shoe.

An interlocutory decree of absolute divorce was signed by Judge MacLean in the Supreme court in favor of Marie Wimsatt, one of the "Florodora" girls, against her husband, R. Henry Wimsatt. The papers in the matter are all sealed by the court's order. Mrs. Wimsatt became interested in private theatricals in Washington several years ago, and finally came to New York, where she appeared in a minor part in "The Belle of New York." Later she was in the "Florodora" sextet. She was known on the stage as Marie Wilson. It is said that on the advice of a rich prominent in Wall street she made $750,000 and has bought a villa on the Virginia side of the Potomac.

"Florodora" Girl Gets Divorce.

Fifty labor organizations and many local singing societies took part in the exercises at the opening of the new Brooklyn Labor lyceum today. The new building replaces the one destroyed by fire in December, 1900. It is a substantial structure and cost about $130,000.

Wall street is singing, "A Christmas Carol for J. Pierpont Morgan," written by George Grouch, who belies his name and was one of the few speculators who kept up his spirits and his margins during the recent weeks. The speculative "Waits" in steel are supposed to sing the chorus. The carol follows:

"A Christmas Carol for J. P. Morgan," by George Grouch.

King Gentleman, please harken. We stand before your door,
To sing you "Merry Christmas" and wish you many more.
You are snug as a bug in your syndicate rug, and we hope you will never feel
The chills and cramps, or get dumps and damps like the "outside" men in steel.
We are mostly "Common" people, so unto you we pray
To guard our stock from market shock, and over our dividend pay.
We are long of logs this Christmas and terribly short of coal,
And we'd like to know how much we've paid to swell the Baronial roll.
But, bless you all, kind gentlemen, from Morgan down to Baer,
Should we go to the great warm corner we hope we shall meet you there.
They don't use coal in heaven, but the other market is big,
And, by might divine, some fellows who mine may be sent down there to dig.
As we stand out here and shiver, and sing mid slush and sleet
We think of some very warm corners we've known of in "the Street."
And sadly we remember one merry ninth of May
Our brokers "Called us early" on that disastrous day.
Kind Gentleman, pray harken, you own the earth we know,
But with your scheme to merge with the moon we urge you to go slow.

FINIS.

Christmas is coming again. Christmas gloomy or gay.
Yes, Christmas is coming again, and so is a reckoning day.

The reorganization committee of the American Bicycle company has adopted a reorganization plan filed with the Central Trust company of New York, which provides for the organization of a new company to acquire the properties of the old by purchase. The new company will issue $2,500,000 6 per cent cumulative first preferred stock, to be issued only for cash, to be preferential both as to dividends and assets, but to be redeemable all or any part at 110; $10,000,000 noncumulative 6 per cent preferred stock, preferential as to both dividends and assets, and $10,000,000 common stock.

Reorganization Plan for the Bicycle Trust.

Holders of the present 5 per cent debentures will be entitled to par in second preferred stock. Preferred stock is entitled to $50 in new common stock for each share and to $9 first preferred stock in return for a required assessment of $9 a share. The common stock is also assessed $9 a share and may receive $9 in new first preferred stock and $25 in new common stock. The stock of the new company will be held under a voting trust for five years. A syndicate has underwritten the cash payment required.

President Jacob G. Schurman of Cornell university delivered an address tonight on "The Problems of the Philippines" to a large audience at the People's Institute, Cooper union. He was heartily applauded when he stated his belief that the United States must ultimately give the Filipinos their independence. A vote of the audience on the question of indorsing President Schurman's views was given almost unanimously in their favor.

Schurman Says Filipinos Will Be Freed.

President Schurman said that in his talk with President McKinley at the time of his appointment to the Philippine commission he learned that the president had acted with an idea of giving emancipation to the Filipinos as well as to the Cubans.

Asked if the Monroe doctrine had not been weakened by the acquisition of the Philippines, President Schurman remarked: "Theodore Roosevelt is at this moment asserting the doctrine, and asserting it hard."

Funeral services over the remains of Gen. Wager Swayne were held today in St. Bartholomew's church.

Funeral of Gen. Wager Swayne Is Held.

The Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, rector of the church, read the burial service. Gen. O. O. Howard, Secretary of War Root, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, and other prominent men acted as pallbearers. Delegates from the Loyal Legion of Honor, the Ohio society, the Bar association, the Republican club, the Delta Kappa Epsilon society, the various Grand Army posts, and religious and missionary societies with which the general was connected were present. Services will be held in Washington tomorrow morning in St. John's Episcopal church and the body will be interred at Arlington.

Brief and simple services were conducted today over the remains of Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant in the tomb on Riverside drive. In addition to the members of the Grant family there were present among the 500 persons to whom invitations had been sent: Gov. Odell, Mayor Low, Secretary of War Elihu Root, Rear Admiral Barker and staff, Gen. James Grant Wilson, Gen. Granville Dodge, Gen. Horatio C. King, Gen. Charles F. Roe, N. Y. N. G., and staff, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, and many federal and municipal officials and officers of the army and navy stationed in the city.

Services Over the Body of Mrs. Grant.

Gen. Frederick D. Grant and the other members of the family occupied seats overlooking the crypt. The services were conducted by Bishop E. G. Andrews and the Rt. Rev. Alexander Mackay E. Smith. The burial services of the Methodist Episcopal and Protestant Episcopal churches were read.

The Countess de Castellane arrived today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, bringing with her for their first visit to this country her two little sons, Boni and George. Both have fair hair and blue eyes, and they were attired in gray squirrel coats which reached down to their knees and caps of the same fur pulled down over their ears. Count Boni remained in France to conduct the campaign for his reelection to the chamber of deputies.

Countess de Castellane Arrives.

"I am just coming over to spend the holidays," said the countess, "and on account of having the children with me I shall go to the Cambridge. I will spend Christmas with my sister, and I expect the Count de Castellane to come over in about a month."

She wore a fawn colored skirt trimmed with plaid, a short black astrakhan coat with a sable collar, and a black picture hat. Edwin Gould and Miss Helen Gould were at the pier to meet their sister.

Cornelius Vanderbilt's condition showed considerable improvement today, there being a reduction of one degree in his temperature during the evening hours. He rested well throughout the day.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz today operated upon only one patient, Thomas Black, the 6 year old son of a canal boat captain. It was this child who sent a doll to Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. O. Armour, who brought Dr. Lorenz to this country to operate upon his child for congenital dislocation. Mr. Armour was appealed to by the parents of the child, and he wrote a personal letter to Dr. Lorenz, requesting him to operate upon the little boy who had remembered his child by sending her the present of the doll. Dr. Lorenz kept this in mind.

Dr. Lorenz Operates on Poor Boy.

The little boy was brought into the operating room today and in less than five minutes, including the lecture which Dr. Lorenz delivered, the femur had been safely set in the acetabulum. It seemed that in no case so far that Dr. Lorenz has operated upon has he manifested so much confidence as to its entire cure. Dr. Lorenz will go to Boston tomorrow.

The Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage preached this morning at the Church of the Messiah on "The Birth of Jesus." He said in part: "There is no good reason in the New Testament or in the early church history, for the belief that Jesus was God. I believe, and I assure you that all the best, the unbiased scholarship of the world is back of this statement, that Jesus was born in Nazareth, that his father was Joseph and his mother Mary, about the year 4 B. C. The month, the date of the month, nobody knows. Dec. 25 was not generally accepted throughout the church until some time in the fourth century."

Savage Denies Jesus' Divinity Is Proved.

Among the persons who visited a church fair in Brooklyn yesterday was a reformed burglar. He was taken there by a wealthy young man, who is assisting ex-convicts to lead a better life. While talking to a young woman at one of the booths, the missionary left the burglar standing alone. A beardless youth approached him and said:

"Excuse me. I know you, but I can't remember your name. Do you want to take a chance on a safe for a dollar?"

"Not on your life," answered the ex-convict, "I'm done with that game."

Ex-Burglar Balks at Church Fair "Chance."

For some time past reports have been current that, beginning with the first of the year, railroad freight rates will be increased on general merchandise shipments, the advance to be made not in the class rates themselves, but by shifting various goods from a lower to a higher class rating, which will practically result in increased rates on merchandise thus changed. It is stated definitely, however, that there will be no general increase in rates on the first of the year on goods shipped at class rates.

Freight Rate Schedules to Be Changed.

DISCOVERER OF COLOR IN THOUGHTS.

PROF. ELMER W. GATES IN HIS LABORATORY.

Prof. Elmer W. Gates of Washington, D. C., known for his successful experiments in training the minds of children by scientific means, now announces, as told in THE TRIBUNE yesterday, that he has discovered that every thought of the human brain has a color, and that the nature of a man's thoughts can be told through his breathing into an apparatus he has devised which has a color attachment. If developed for practical use the apparatus is expected to be an aid of great value to physicians and criminologists. It is claimed it will register acute melancholia, and warn physicians to take precautionary measures with subjects to prevent their suicide. It will also tell whether the person breathing in it is sincere, and will thus convict criminals who are not telling the truth.

HANG MAN; FORGET HIM.

STUDENT INITIATION IS ALMOST FATAL TO VICTIM.

Six Young Men Hold Ceremony in Back Room of Madison, Wis., Saloon and Drink Freely—Saloonkeeper Finds Neophyte Hanging to Hook and Nearly Dead—Cuts Him Down and Has Him Sent Home—Matter Will Be Investigated.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Seven students of the University of Wisconsin held an initiation in the back room of the saloon under the Avenue hotel here last night. The ceremony consisted in the hanging of the neophyte, who was then deserted by his fellows, and would soon have died except for the timely arrival of the barkeeper, who came in to take away the glasses. He cut the victim down, whom he found limp and senseless and bleeding from the mouth, and, after reviving him, had him taken home.

The students came early in the evening and told the saloonkeeper that they intended to hold an initiation, and that he must not be alarmed if they made considerable noise. After disposing of a considerable quantity of liquor the neophyte was taken, a rope placed around his neck, and a white towel tied around his head and face, and he was strung up from a hook in the ceiling.

The remaining six then left, whether so intoxicated as to forget their comrade or purposely is not known. The timely arrival of the barkeeper a few moments later saved the young man's life. Upon the table lay a bible which had evidently figured in the initiation. It bore the name William D. Eaton and a certificate of confirmation signed by Bishop Nicholson of Milwaukee at Kenosha last June.

The university authorities and police will prosecute a vigorous inquiry into the matter and deal with the offenders.

SECRET OF CITY ELECTIONS IS DIVULGED BY DOWIE.

Head of Zion Explains Why Republicans Have Not Elected Mayor Lately —Announces Himself as the Cause.

The reason why Chicago has not elected a republican mayor recently was divulged to the public for the first time yesterday afternoon at the Auditorium, when John Alexander Dowie explained to his followers that he did it.

"Zion holds the balance of power between the republican and the democratic parties in Chicago," he said, "and the party supported by Zion has to win. I have downed the man who was mayor in 1895-6 and have kept his party out of power ever since."

Mr. Dowie also explained why he had a grudge against Mayor Swift and his party. "When I came to Chicago," he said, "the man who was mayor at the time tried to dictate to me. I called on him one day and informed him that I was standing upon my rights under the English common law and would not submit to coercion. Then the mayor laughed and said he did not care a rap for English common law; we were in America and under American laws. I told him that I had never believed him to be a fit person for mayor, and after that remark I felt sure I was right. A man who did not know that the laws of the state in which he lived were based on English common law is unfit to be at the head of the city government. Well, I downed that man and have kept his party out of power ever since."

RIFLE SHOT FIRED IN "L" CAR.

Dropped on Floor Accidentally at Canal Street Station and Fred Tillinger Wounded in Knee.

The accidental discharge of a rifle in the smoking car of a Metropolitan elevated train at the Canal street station last night caused much excitement, and Fred Tillinger, 467 West Fulton street, was shot in the knee. The wound will not prove fatal, it is held at the central police station, pending the result of the wound.

Cook said he was on his way downtown to meet his wife, who had attended a theater. He took the rifle with him to pawn it, dropped the rifle in the car, and the cartridge exploded.

At first persons in the car believed a deliberate shooting had occurred.

STRIKERS AND PIN BOYS FIGHT.

Battle at Clark and Madison Streets Ends, However, When Two Policemen Appear.

A street battle was fought at midnight last night at Clark and Madison streets by the pin boys at Anson's bowling alley and the strikers whose places the pin boys have taken. The fight began when the pin boys quit work, and was going at a merry pace until Police Lieut. Collins and Policeman Driscoll hove in sight, when the belligerents scattrede and ran. So far as could be learned no one was seriously hurt.

SENATE COMBINE TO BEAT TREATY.

Cuban Reciprocity Plan May Be Delayed by the Beet Sugar Men.

ELKINS AND SCOTT BUSY.

Lobbyists Trying to Enmesh the Upper House in Debate for Rest of Session.

(Continued from first page.)

as to preserve the grass. If matters continue in their present condition all the grazing lands of the west will be denuded and it will require years to put them in shape to feed the vast herds of cattle which roam over them.

"Our forest lands were almost bare of timber before the country began to appreciate the importance of forest preserves. The people are now being educated to the importance of the preservation of the forests. In a few years the grazing lands will be in a worse condition than were the forest lands before the government took steps to check their depletion."

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"There will not be any tariff legislation at this session of congress," said Representative Hopkins today. "There are a few schedules which need to be changed, but it will be impossible to do anything at all with the tariff laws unless there is a general revision. There is not time enough for that at this session. Honest efforts will be made to enact some trust legislation. Congress could authorize supervision of the trusts similar to that exercised over the national banks. This would make public the affairs of the corporations and would be a long step toward the solution of the trust problem. Public opinion is a potent factor in the regulation of trusts, or anything else, for that matter. It is better than law."

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"If the secretary of war thinks it is wise to muster out the Porto Rican regiment, I am in favor of that proposition," said Representative Hull, chairman of the house military committee, "as the secretary knows better than any one else what are the needs of the army. It is doubtful, however, as to whether we will be able to enact any legislation relating to the army at the short session.

"Although the secretary of war recommends the discontinuance of the Porto Rican regiment, it does not necessarily mean that we will not have any troops in Porto Rico. In my judgment, it would be a grave mistake to muster out that regiment. It should be continued, but its status should be changed. It should be made a part of the regular army.

"The Porto Ricans take great pride in their regiment and consider it a great honor to be in the service. After making the regiment a part of the regular service, I would order it to the United States and have it stationed in the south, where the climate is similar to that of Porto Rico. There the men would become imbued with the American spirit. Then I would send them back to Porto Rico, where they would disseminate the ideas they imbibed here and it would result in forming a closer relationship between the people of this country and Porto Rico."

***

"In my judgment, the proposition to create a general staff of the army is an excellent one, and will be of great benefit to the army and country," said Representative Slayden of Texas, a member of the military affairs committee. "The staff system has operated satisfactorily in Europe, and I do not see why it should not do so here. The measure will, I believe, become a law, and when it is put into effect the experts from every branch of the army will be appointed to the staff, and will be in a first class position to work out military problems, prepare plans for war, and do a great deal to promote the efficiency of the army.

"We will retain our staff departments as at present constituted, but the general staff will have supervision over them. Everything relating to the administration of the army will be in the hands of the chief of staff and his advisers, and there will necessarily be a great improvement in the army.

"Under the law providing for the detail of officers from the line to the staff departments there has been a wonderful improvement in the service. Much of the dead timber has been removed, and in a few years the detail system will be in full operation."

PRESIDENT RIDES IN RAIN.

Roosevelt Family Brave Storm at Rapidan, Va., and Go Out on Horseback.

Rapidan, Va., Dec. 21.—In a driving rain the president, Mrs. Roosevelt, and four of the children, accompanied by their host, Joseph Wilmer, went horseback riding this afternoon. The party left the Wilmer mansion shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon and did not return until 5 o'clock.

Rain fell all night and all day. This morning the president and his family and Mr. Wilmer drove to the little Episcopal church in Rapidan to attend divine services. The trip was made in a big carriage capable of seating comfortably ten persons. It was drawn by four horses, Mr. Wilmer driving. Not more than a score of worshipers braved the storm to attend the service. No reference was made by the rector, Dr. Cross, to the president.

At the conclusion of the services Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt were greeted cordially by the pastor and the few members of the church present.

Owing to the severe rain storm the wild turkey hunt for tomorrow morning has been abandoned. The president and his family will return to Washington tomorrow morning. The special train will leave Rapidan at 9 o'clock and is due to arrive in Washington at 11:25.

CIGAR DEALERS AND UNION EXPECT TO MAKE PEACE.

Each Side Declares the Other Misunderstands Its Position and That War on Trust Will Continue.

Peace is to be declared between the Cigar Dealers' association and the cigarmakers' union and the joint fight they have been making against the tobacco trust is to be pursued with renewed vigor. Each believes the other misunderstands its position and that the present dispute easily can be settled.

The circular letter sent out by International President G. W. Perkins of the union has created dismay among the dealers. Many cannot understand the reason for it, and others declare it to be unwarranted by facts. The officials of the union assert that it contains nothing new and merely outlines a position the union has maintained for many years.

"This letter should not be misunderstood," said G. J. Thompson of the union. "We have no quarrel with any member of the retail dealers' association that treats the union label goods fairly. We will not ally ourselves with any dealer who discriminates against us, and we would be foolish if we did.

"We are misunderstood on another point. Claims have been voiced that we are going to tack up with the trust. The cigarmakers' union can do this only when the trust consents to unionize every shop it owns."

The dealers assert that union goods have been pushed, but that in many cases they have been unable to do full justice to the union cigars because of contracts which force them to purchase independent goods.

Scholle's Good Furniture.

A Christmas Gift

that is a perpetual reminder of the giver—a piece of

SCHOLLE'S GOOD FURNITURE

Below is a partial list showing range of prices on these goods:

Mahogany cabinets from	$26.00 to $ 80.00	Cheval glasses from	$30.00 to $ 80.00	Sideboards from	$22.00 to $200.00
Gilt parlor cabinets from	30.00 to 250.00	Pedestals from	6.50 to 50.00	Dining tables from	20.00 to 150.00
Gilt mirrors from	8.00 to 50.00	Tabourettes from	1.50 to 25.00	Dining chairs from	2.25 to 25.00
Gilt tables from	42.00 to 145.00	Upholstered chairs from	15.00 to 125.00	Plate racks from	1.50 to 14.00
Gilt chairs from	35.00 to 150.00	Fancy rockers from	4.50 to 35.00	Hall benches from	14.00 to 125.00
Inlaid tables from	12.00 to 70.00	Morris chairs from	11.00 to 75.00	Hall glasses from	4.00 to 65.00
Work tables from	18.00 to 18.00	Divans from	20.00 to 150.00	Card tables from	1.50 to 25.00
Ladies' desks from	12.00 to 100.00	Davenport sofas from	45.00 to 250.00	Fancy parior tables from	1.50 to 70.00
Music cabinets from	7.50 to 150.00	Turkish rockers from	45.00 to 100.00	Library tables from	12.00 to 100.00
Piano benches from	6.00 to 30.00	Couches from	35.00 to 65.00	Library bookcases from	12.00 to 100.00
Shaving stands from	8.00 to 30.00	Odd parlor suits from	45.00 to 250.00	Brass beds from	22.00 to 150.00
Chiffoniers from	15.00 to 150.00	Cut glass cabinets from	45.00 to 135.00	Iron beds from	3.50 to 30.00
Dressing tables from	12.50 to 150.00	China closets from	18.00 to 160.00	Children's chairs from	1.50 to 6.50
Odd dressing cases from	10.00 to 300.00	Buffets from	16.00 to 275.00	Children's bedsteads from	7.50 to 25.00

With a very large and beautiful assortment at in between the above prices, to suit every purse.

The woods represented are Real Mahogany, Bird's Eye Maple, Natural Curly Birch, Golden, Weathered and English Oak.

Purchases made now will be held for future delivery.

WE ARE UPHOLSTERERS—PAR EXCELLENCE

H. E. SCHOLLE & CO., 222 WABASH AVE. Bet. Adams & Jackson

The Store of Quality.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

Gold lockets, rings, cuff buttons repriced.

ALL that remains of our great holiday stocks of jewelry is to be cleared before Christmas. Radical reductions regardless of the value or the original cost of the merchandise is the method we take to close out several thousand dollars' worth of handsome jewelry.

It's a sale such as will create a furore in this section and gladden the hearts of shrewd buyers whose every dollar will be nearly doubled in its purchasing power.

Solid gold diamond set link $5.90 cuff buttons—dainty designs—rose and art nouveau effects—a regular $8 value—at $5.90.

Sterling silver chatelaine $15 bags—latest round and oblong shapes—link and fish scale mesh—$25 value—special for today at $15.

Solid gold secret lockets—some set with diamonds—bright or Roman finish—great bargain—regular $8 values to select from—at $5.

Men's solid gold signet rings—massive designs, artistic die work in the new rose gold finish—choice, $6.90.

25% off All the odd Dutch silver novelties.

Real cord lorgnette chains—dainty pink shade, 60 inches—$2.50 val. at $1.50

All real gun metal novelties 20% off

Solid gold diamond set brooches—some set with pearls—very elegant designs—regular $12 values at $8.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & Co.

187-189 STATE STREET.

EVERYTHING IN RELIABLE FURS.

THE BEST QUALITY.
THE BEST ASSORTMENT.
THE BEST PRICES.

The BEST place to buy FURS is at SHAYNE'S GREAT FUR STORE.

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

If you want a piece of FIRST-CLASS FUR you can get it here.

MEN'S FUR-LINED OVERCOATS, GENUINE SEALSKIN CAPS and GLOVES for men and women. COACHMEN'S OUTFITS.

GLOVE CERTIFICATES ISSUED.

CATALOG FREE. MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

Established 1823.

WILSON WHISKEY.

That's All!

THE WILSON DISTILLING CO.
Baltimore, Md.

STRONG DRINK IS BARRED FROM THE ARMORY DANCES.

County Democracy Hears with Sorrow That the Soldiers Have Adopted a New Rule.

No more will Ald. John Coughlin lead the grand march in the First Regiment armory while the "elite" of the First ward trail on behind. No more, either, will the County Democracy give its annual dance and drinkingfest in the building where the militiamen drill.

Dances haven't been barred from the armory, but the "trimmings" have. It was made known yesterday at the meeting of the County Democracy that strong drinks can no longer be sold in the armory, and what would a political dance amount to without the popping of corks and the clinking of glasses?

Members of the Democracy wore long faces when the news was broken to them, but after the first shock was over some of them were inclined to take a jocular view of the situation.

"The 'no drink' rule need not affect the members of the County Democracy," said M. C. McDonald, "for every one knows none of them ever drinks anything. It might, however, interfere with the pleasure of outsiders who attend the ball."

Other halls were suggested as places for holding the annual ball, but nothing was determined on.

But while the county democracy is undecided, the First ward democratic club has made arrangements to hold its own dance in the Coliseum on Jan. 6. It is promised that the affair will be a "screecher."

Since the county democracy has taken a stand against Mayor Harrison and his faction the First ward organization feels called on to uphold the mayor's side of the fight. To that end politics will be an important feature of the ball. Ald. Kenna says they "got a hunch to turn the club loose and make it a big thing."

EMMA GOLDMAN AS A NURSE.

Offers Her Services to the Philadelphia Woman Who Was Shot by Jilted Sweetheart.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The socialistic and anarchistic friends of Voltairine Le Cleyre, the woman anarchist who was shot by an admirer, are flocking to her assistance with offers of money and personal aid. Among the communications received today was one from Emma Goldman, the noted anarchist leader, who writes from New York offering to come to this city and nurse Miss Le Cleyre back to health. The sick woman was gratified at the letter, but says she is content with the treatment at the Hahnemann hospital. It is now believed Miss Le Cleyre will recover.

Willard Hall Weekly Program.

Willard hall noonday meetings this week will be conducted as follows: Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, the Rev. W. H. Carwardine; Friday, Mrs. Mary E. Kuhl; Saturday, the Gideons.

Four Daily Trains St. Paul and Minneapolis Via Chicago and Northwestern railway. Leave Chicago 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m. (electric lighted), 8 p. m., and 10 p. m. Fast schedules; luxurious equipment. Dining car service unequaled. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

WEAVER COAL AND COKE CO.
MARYLAND SPLINT DOMESTIC COKE
MARYLAND SMOKELESS (Substitute for Hard Coal)
801-805 MARQUETTE BUILDING.

"SLOW" BUSINESS is made prosperous by advertising in THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

PANIC ON BOARD ATLANTIC LINER.

Starboard Engines of the Deutschland Wrecked by an Explosion.

SHOCK SHAKES THE SHIP.

Passengers Rush to the Decks, Fearing the Vessel Is Sinking.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PLYMOUTH, Eng., Dec. 21.—Passengers on the Atlantic liner Deutschland were given a scare at 1:30 o'clock this morning, and for a time there was a panic on board.

A cylinder on one of the starboard engines burst and the engines themselves were practically wrecked. Every light on the vessel was extinguished.

The explosion shook the big liner from stem to stern, and for several minutes the vessel trembled as if it had struck upon a rock. The noise of the explosion and the rush of escaping steam, which filled every part of the vessel, awakened every passenger. Women and men, clothed only in their night apparel, crowded into the cabins and fled to the decks. The shrieks of women and children in all parts of the vessel added to the panic.

Officers Reassure Passengers.

Officers and members of the crew were eagerly plied with questions, but for a time no one knew exactly what had happened. The officers assured the frightened passengers, however, that nothing serious had happened, and as the lights were soon turned on and the liner was apparently proceeding on its voyage with scarcely reduced speed the panic gradually subsided.

An investigation showed that one of the engineers was badly scalded by the escaping steam. No other person was injured.

The Deutschland came into the harbor using the port engines alone, and at 3 o'clock this afternoon proceeded on the voyage to Hamburg.

It will be four months before repairs will enable the liner to resume regular trips across the Atlantic.

Second Disaster in a Year.

This is the second serious disaster to the Deutschland within the year. On April 23 the big liner steamed into Plymouth harbor without a rudder. When 400 miles east of the Scilly islands a heavy sea carried away the vessel's steering gear. It finished its voyage to Hamburg without assistance, steering with its twin screws, but the vessel was laid up twenty-eight weeks for repairs.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The British steamer Nort Point, Capt. Drake, from Philadelphia for London, has arrived at Gravesend. It reports that on Dec. 13 it sighted the German steamer Pure Oil, Capt. Dix, from Hamburg Dec. 4 for Philadelphia, with its propeller broken. The Nort Point, after several attempts which were frustrated by a gale, succeeded in getting the Pure Oil in tow, but was obliged to abandon it after five hours, shortly after the Pure Oil foundered. Its crew was rescued by the Nort Point.

Days of Peril on Ship.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The 200 steerage passengers on the German steamer Weimar which arrived this evening had a nerve racking experience during a hurricane which for two days tossed the big ship about.

The decks were swept by tremendous seas, the boats were stove in, ventilators and life rafts carried away, and Capt. Peterson says it was the worst storm he has ever experienced on the Atlantic. For forty-eight hours the ship was entirely at the mercy of the elements. All movable objects were washed over the side and the ship staggered under the weight of water on the decks.

Officer at Wheel Injured.

One wave larger and impelled by a greater force than the rest struck the bridge where Fourth Officer Dreschel was at the wheel and smashed in a large window. The officer was hurled to the deck, the shock rendering him unconscious and severely bruising him. For hours the steam steering gear was disabled.

The big seas tore off the steerage way hatches, which had been battened down, and a deluge of water poured below, where the hundreds of frightened women, men, and children were huddled in groups. The sudden deluge caused a panic and the shrieks and prayers of the passengers could be heard even above the howling of the storm. The officers had difficulty in quieting them.

The cabin quarters, too, were flooded to a depth of several feet, and the passengers were forced to seek high places for shelter. A number of the steerage passengers were bruised from being hurled about.

Big Ship Burned at Sea.

Gloucester, Mass., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—A large unknown craft was burned about twenty-five miles southeast of Eastern point late this afternoon. About 4 o'clock the residents of east Gloucester heard what they thought was an explosion. About that time Lightkeeper Bailey in the tower of the Eastern point lighthouse saw a large column of smoke out at sea.

Capt. King and his crew immediately put off in their large self-bailing boat, getting outside the point about nightfall. At first it was thought that the burning craft was about three miles off shore. After rowing several miles outside Eastern point, sail was put on the lifeboat. In all a distance of seven miles to sea was traversed.

Life Savers Turn Back.

The sea became rough, and Capt. King and his men turned back. He went far enough to ascertain that the craft, whatever it was, was a seething mass of flame and that the crew had long before been compelled to take to the boats.

Capt. King says it was evidently a large vessel, and from the strong odor of hard pine he is inclined to think the vessel must have been lumber laden. Others think it may have been an oil steamer or barge. The crew of the ship is thought to have been saved.

Schooners Believed Lost.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—No tidings have been received from the missing schooners Louise B. Crary and Frank A. Palmer, bound to this port from Newport News with coal, and which were last seen in the bay last Wednesday. Capt. Johnson of the steamer Horatio Hall upon the arrival of his vessel at Portland from New York stated that he passed a vessel's spar evidently attached to a sunken wreck on Friday, about fourteen miles from Highland light. The Crary carried twelve men and the Palmer eleven.

Girls' Seminary Burned.

New Milford, Conn., Dec. 21.—Ingleside school, a large seminary for young women, was partly destroyed by fire of unknown origin today, and caused damage estimated at $40,000. The young women were away for the Christmas vacations.

Low Christmas Rates via the Alton.

For Christmas holidays the Chicago and Alton railroad will sell tickets to points on their line as follows: Pontiac and Chenoa, round trip, $1.50; Bloomington, round trip, $2; Lincoln, round trip, $2.50; Springfield, round trip, $3; Jacksonville and intermediate stations, round trip, $3; Streator and intermediate stations, round trip, $1.50; Peoria and intermediate stations, $2. Tickets will be sold good going Wednesday, Dec. 24, and morning train, Dec. 25, and good returning up to and including Dec. 26 on all trains except Alton Limited. For further particulars call on or address city ticket office, 141 Adams street; Telephone Central 1707.

WITH LITTLE HOPE OF RESURRECTION.

FIERCE FIRE IN OIL HOUSE

ENDANGERS THE LIVES OF CHIEF MUSHAM'S MEN.

Over 3,000 Barrels of Inflammable Fluid in Burning Building and Disastrous Explosions Momentarily Expected—Flames Spread Rapidly Through the Structure and Heavy Pall of Smoke Settles Over Scene—Ambulances in Waiting.

Fire in a building which contained more than 3,000 barrels of oil was the dangerous work to which firemen were summoned at 2 o'clock this morning.

The flames were in the Standard Oil company's warehouse, at Eighteenth and Grove streets, a one story and basement structure, 200 feet long.

As soon as the first engines arrived it was seen that other buildings were in danger and owing to the inflammable nature of the contents, a 4-11 alarm was at once turned in.

Flames Spread Quickly.

The fire started in the basement and by the time the engines summoned on the 4-11 alarm had arrived the flames were bursting from windows on the first floor, and smoke was becoming so thick as almost wholly to hide the building from view.

The firemen, fearing explosions, took positions at some little distance from the structure and directed a flood of water upon it. Occasionally a barrel of oil would explode, sending out puffs of flame through the pall of smoke, but doing no injury.

Ambulances in Readiness.

Rumors of explosions circulated over telephone wires, and as a result eight ambulances gathered in the neighborhood of the burning building, but their services were not needed.

The building stood beside the elevated tracks of the Lake Shore and Rock Island railways, and these structures offered a shelter which firemen and policemen sought when the occasional explosion of a barrel of oil caused fear of a deluge or fire.

Fire Put Under Control.

After half an hour of work the firemen got the flames under control.

It is thought that not more than half of the barrels of oil stored in the building are destroyed. The structure itself is practically a ruin. The total loss is estimated at $30,000, chiefly on the oil, as the building was not a costly structure.

SICK WOMAN SAVED FROM FIRE.

Policemen Rescue Mrs. Christine Johnson from Burning Building at 53 Curtis Street.

Sick in bed and unable to move, Mrs. Christine Johnson was found on the top floor of a burning building at 53 Curtis street last night by two policemen, who rescued her after she had become unconscious from smoke. The policemen were Uhlrig an Dunn of the Despiaines street station.

The woman had been left alone in the house by her husband, who had gone to attend a Salvation army meeting in Madison street. At 10 o'clock a fire broke out on the lower floor, which was used as a stable by Johnson. Mrs. Johnson screamed for help, but there was no one near enough to hear her. Finally when she had almost given up hope the door was broken open and the policemen carried her to the street.

Four horses belonging to the woman's husband were burned. The loss will amount to $1,000.

NEW YORK JOINS TOBACCO WAR

Retail Dealers' Association Arranges to Consider Plan of Joining Chicago Organization.

New York, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The Retail Cigar and Tobacco Dealers' association, now a body of nearly 700 men, at a meeting today struck a blow at their rivals, the United Cigar Stores and the American Tobacco company, by resolving "To remove all signs and packages of the goods of the American Tobacco company and its affiliated branches from conspicuous places in their windows and showcases, and to refrain from pushing such goods on and after Jan. 1, 1903."

A proposition for consolidation with the "Cigar Dealers' Association of North America," located in Chicago, was considered and a committee was elected to attend the convention of the national association in Chicago in January.

NEW HAVEN TO GET HOSPITAL.

Sanitarium for Tuberculosis Patients Will Be Built Soon on Woodbridge Heights.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The tuberculosis hospital which there has been talk of building near this city for some years is to be built within a short time, recent gifts of land on Woodbridge Heights having assured the success of the undertaking. The hospital will be run mainly on the fresh air theory. Connecticut tuberculosis patients have had to go to the New York uplands or west for treatment.

LIKE A PANAMA SCANDAL.

HUMBERTS PROMISE TO REVEAL A GREAT SENSATION.

Family Arrested at Madrid for Series of Swindles in Paris Now Threatens to Tell a Story of a Conspiracy Which Will Involve Many Prominent Persons in France—Had $48,000 When Captured—Extradition Papers Now on the Way.

MADRID, Dec. 21.—Frederick Humbert declared today that the revelations of himself and his confederates will rival the Panama scandals and show they were the victims of robbers who exploited them. He says that all classes in Paris, from ministers down, will be involved. Mme. Humbert claims to have in Paris documents which compromise prominent personages.

While the police were waiting to enter the house, Mme. Humbert burned many papers, including, in her hurry, bank notes to the amount of $1,200.

An applicant has appeared at the French embassy claiming the reward of $5,000 which was offered for the denouncement of the Humberts.

When Mme. Humbert and other members of the Humbert family were arrested here yesterday one of the family handed a package containing $48,000 to some people who lived in the same house with them. This package has been sent to the French consulate.

The Humberts are being well treated in prison. They are permitted to have their meals sent in from a neighboring restaurant. They all occupy separate cells, are carefully watched, and are not allowed to receive visitors.

The prisoners passed a restless night, but this morning they seemed more resigned.

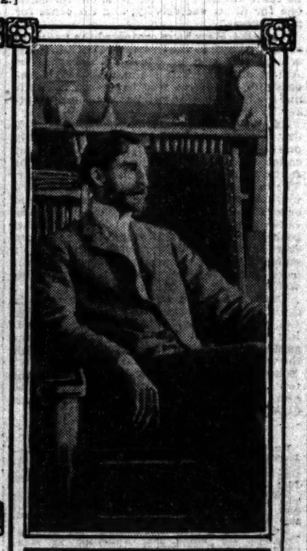
A maid servant who was employed by the Humberts in Madrid says that they allowed nobody to enter their house, and started in apprehension at every ring of the bell. They assisted in the housework themselves, and the men of the party never went out except at night.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—A special messenger has left here for Madrid with all the documents connected with the extradition of the Humberts. The prisoners are expected to arrive here on Wednesday. Paravre, a former steward of the Humberts, who was arrested at Rouen yesterday, was brought here today. It is said that voluminous correspondence between this man and the Humberts has been seized at his home.

ART FURNITURE MADE BY SCHOOLBOYS AND MAN WHO TEACHES CRAFT

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

SAMPLE OF SCHOOL BOY CRAFT.



Louis B. Easton.

An exhibit of sixteen pieces of hand made furniture at the arts and crafts display at the Art Institute, made by Prof. L. B. Easton of the Austin High school, has attracted much notice during the last week. When Prof. Easton is not teaching physics or chemistry he is busy in the basement of his residence at 123 South Prairie avenue with his saw and hammer.

Every sawmill agent on the west side of the city has met this maker of home made hand made furniture, who examines each piece of quarter sawed oak with the eye of an expert. Many of the high school boys in Austin have followed Prof. Easton in his work, and most of them have constructed articles of furniture along lines that he has suggested. The above photograph shows two specimens of their handicraft.

"My furniture cannot be put on the market in competition with furniture made by machinery," said Prof. Easton yesterday, "but there really is a great difference in the merits of the two products. I should say that hand made furniture, all things counted, costs about four times as much as machinery made furniture."

Rapid Work on Pacific Cable.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 21.—The following message was received today at noon from the cable ship Silverton, now laying the Pacific cable between this city and Honolulu: "Latitude 28.44 north, longitude 148.25 west. Total cable paid out, 1,269 knots. Weather fine."

TICKET IS NAMED BY SOCIALISTS.

Nominations Made in a Hurry, but Other Issues Cause Long Debate.

MANY VOICES ARE HEARD

Convention Finally Decides That Platform Must Be Along Old Lines.

For mayor.....CHARLES L. BRECKON
For treasurer.....GEORGE MILLER
For city attorney.....THOMAS J. MORGAN
For city clerk.....THOMAS LINDGREN

It took the socialist city convention less than half an hour to nominate the above ticket for the spring election. It required nine and a half hours, however, to decide on the adoption of what might be called an addenda to the platform.

There were 175 delegates entitled to seats in the convention, and during the debate a large proportion of them made speeches.

This addenda developed a lively contest between the "revolutionary" and the "opportunist" factions of the party, and the revolutionists won finally by more than a two-thirds majority. It was not, however, until much bitterness had been shown and many personalities indulged in. All through the wordy controversy it was taken for granted by both sides that the ticket to be nominated had a chance to be elected.

Start of the Trouble.

At the start of the convention, which was held in Brand's hall, two committees were appointed, one on platform and one on resolutions. Over the platform there was no trouble at all. It set forth the regular creed of the socialists, holding that now two classes exist in society, one the capitalists and the other the laboring people, and that matters would never be right until the capitalists had disappeared entirely.

Such reforms as municipal ownership, the initiative and referendum, and similar proposals were held good enough in their way, but of little value so long as capitalists exist, as they would control government and simply threw out these sops to delay the day when socialism would prevail. The platform was adopted without debate.

The committee on resolutions, however, reported what it styled a "municipal program," and it was this which made the trouble. It purported to be a pledge to the voters as to what a socialistic mayor and city council would do if elected and the preamble stated that while the evils of which the socialists complain "can disappear only with the disappearance of capital, still opportunities might occur in the meantime to use the municipal government for the benefit of the workingmen."

Some of the Pledges.

Given this opportunity the "program" pledged the party as follows:

To oppose all use of the police during strikes in the interest of the employing class.

To use no portion of the revenue to be derived from the municipal ownership of traction companies and lighting plants to lessen taxation, but to lessen the cost to consumers and pay better wages to employes.

To secure better tenements for the poor, "not restricted by any regards for the private property of landlords."

To establish productive enterprises for the benefit of the otherwise unemployed.

To secure to school teachers the right to elect their superintendent and other officers and to give the teachers the decisive vote in all matters of school management, subject to a referendum to all the voters.

To have the school buildings open to all citizens outside of school hours, especially labor organizations for meeting places, and not only to supply free text books to the pupils but such physical needs in the way of food as might be demanded.

Boosts and the Knocks.

Comrade Simons supported the "program" on the ground that it was needed to secure the votes of the laboring men who are to make the success of the ticket sure, and said the public demanded "constructive statesmanship" of the socialists as well as the presentation of academic questions. He called particular attention to the fact it was not part of the platform, but simply a "municipal program."

The radicals, however, would not be placated.

"If you are going to adopt any such subterfuge why not go further?" asked one speaker. "You want to have the school teachers elect their own officers, and why not have the workers in hotels and restaurants do the same? I am one of them, and I assure you that under such conditions the public as well as the workers would be benefited, for patrons would not get chicken salad made out of veal, or terrapin, or snapping turtle."

"Why do you pick out the school teachers as the class especially to be benefited?" asked Comrade Becker. "Are there no other workers in Chicago who need better conditions? Some one has complained that this 'municipal program' is too long. I say it is too short. It should take in every condition of working men, and the only way that can be done is to revert back to the platform of the revolutionary socialists and by abolishing the capitalistic class help all at once. This plan is simply a case of trying to help out one class at the expense of others who may be too weak to organize."

Speeches, Speeches, and Speeches.

Up and down this question was argued, the "opportunists" claiming the program would get votes, the "revolutionists" declaring it was a selling out of socialistic principles.

Finally one delegate, who had made a speech and under the rules could not make another, moved the previous question. As the big majority of the delegates had also spoken the motion was carried, but Comrade Stringland, a friend of George D. Evans, the chairman, was still listed to talk, and the chairman made the ruling it took a two-thirds vote to order the previous question, and Comrade Stringland was given a chance.

He spoke in favor of the "program," but when the vote was taken it received but 39 votes to 82 against it, and the "opportunists" were beaten.

There were a dozen candidates for the nomination for every office, but a plurality was held sufficient and the ticket was selected in short order, not a speech being made during this part of the proceedings.

DEATHS.

[For other deaths see page 9].

BORDEN—At St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 21, William T. Borden, son of Thomas C. and Mary R. Borden, aged 28 years. Funeral Wednesday, Dec. 24, at 8:30 a. m., from the home of his parents, 102 S. Stone-av., La Grange, Ill. Burial private at Dundee, Ill. Champaign (Ill.) papers please copy.

DWYER—Clara E., Dec. 21, sister of John J., Charles W., James E., Mrs. P. McHenry, and Mrs. Frank Ryan; Member of St. Agatha Court No. 24, W. C. O. F. Funeral Wednesday, Dec. 24, from residence of her sister, Mrs. Frank Ryan, 970 S. Turner-av., at 9 a. m., to Blessed Sacrament church, carriages to Mount Carmel.

GRAVES—Nettie, aged 28 years, daughter of Lucetia Graves, nee Ellings, sister of Wm., Lucette, and Minnie. Funeral Tuesday, 1 p. m., from late residence, 574 Fulton-st., to Waldheim cemetery.

JUDD—At the home of her daughter, Miss Susan Alice Judd, 2737 N. 47th-ct., Mayfair, Chicago, Mrs. Mary A. Judd, aged 82 years. Funeral from late residence, Tuesday, Dec. 23, 3 p. m. Interment at Gibbons, Neb.

KELLOGG—Edna, on the 21st, youngest daughter of Milton and Alice Kellogg, aged 7 years. Funeral services will be held at family residence, 312 S. Horne-av., at 11 o'clock, Tuesday morning, the 23d. Interment at Wheaton.

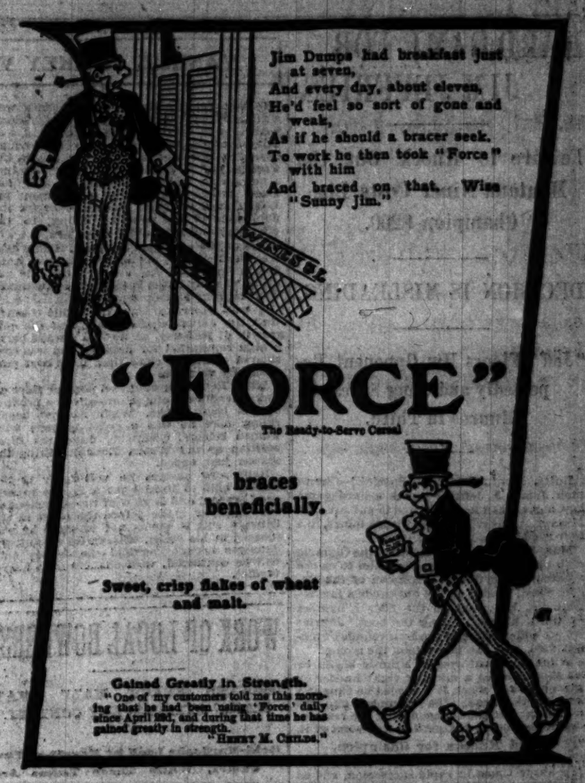
MEDEBACH—Louis Medebach, aged 21 years and 8 months. Funeral Monday, Nov. 22, at 2 p. m., from residence of G. B. Allen, 936 Bertaau-av., to Rosehill.

O'ROURKE—Edward J., Dec. 21, aged 39 years 11 months; beloved son of John and Mary O'Rourke, at residence, 3063 Indiana-av.; brother of Wm. A., Harry, John, Michael, and Jeremiah O'Rourke of Harvey, Ill., and Mrs. E. R. Dowd, Mrs. Margaret Clinton, Mrs. R. J. Fitzgerald. Funeral notice later. Columbus (O.) papers please copy.

STANTON—Thomas, aged 68 years, Presbyterian hospital, Sunday, Dec. 21, father of Martin, Henry, and Frank Stanton, formerly of Fox Lake, Ill. Funeral Wednesday a. m., Dec. 24, from Long Lake to McHenry, Ill.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; ref. 3456 Michigan-av.



FOREIGN MAILS SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice today as follows:
For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Roumania, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p.m.
For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, 12 p. m.

F. H. COYNE, Postmaster.

Today's Art Supplement.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.
[BARTOLOME ESTEBAN MURILLO.]

What is usually called Murillo's masterpiece, a photogravure reproduction of which is given with THE TRIBUNE today, is one of many painted by him of the same subject, but this particular one, which hangs in the Louvre, at Paris, is the most renowned. The Virgin of the Conception was his favorite topic.

Murillo, in addition to being one of the foremost painters of the world, was also one of the most energetic. He left 481 paintings known to be his, 200 of which are in England, 61 in Madrid, 60 at Seville, 21 in Paris, 24 in Russia, and several in the United States. He was born at Seville in 1618 and died there in 1682 in consequence of a fall from a scaffold.

The first master under whom Murillo studied was Juan del Castillo. In 1643 he went to Madrid, where he came under the influence of Velasquez, then at the height of his fame. After a stay at Madrid he returned to Seville, where he was engaged from 1661 to 1674 in painting eleven pictures, which attracted the attention of the world to him. Among these were "Moses Striking the Rock," "Abraham and the Angels," "The Miracles of the Loaves and Fishes," "St. Peter Released from Prison," and "St. Elizabeth." Charles II. made him court painter, although he refused to reside at Madrid. His paintings were chiefly on religious subjects.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
LAST FOUR TIMES.
Tomorrow Evening at Eight O'Clock.
ELEONORA DUSE
Tues., Thurs. and Fri. Eves. and Sat. Afternoon, Gabriele d'Annunzio's Tragedy.
FRANCESCA DA RIMINI
Prices—$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.
NEXT SUNDAY—SEAT SALE WEDNESDAY.
THE WIZARD OF OZ

ANNUAL CONCERT OF THE
YALE GLEE, BANJO, MANDOLIN CLUBS,
TONIGHT.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Tickets: 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

POWERS' LAST WEEK.
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
VIRGINIA HARNED
In A. W. Pinero's Great Play, IRIS
MATINEES CHRISTMAS DAY AND SATURDAY
NEXT MONDAY—NEW YEAR'S WEEK.
Mats. New Year's Day, Wednesday and Saturdays.
SEAT SALE WEDNESDAY at 9 a.m. | Mail orders now being received.
ROBERT EDESON
In SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE.
MANAGEMENT HENRY B. HARRIS.
150 NIGHTS AT THE SAVOY THEATER, N. Y.

DEARBORN
BETTER THAN EVER.
SOUVENIR MAT. WED.
ALWAYS IN THE LEAD.
THE STORKS
A MUSICAL FANTASY.
MATINEE CHRISTMAS DAY.

BUSH TEMPLE OF MUSIC.
THE MESSIAH.
CHICAGO HARMONIC ASSOCIATION.
MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 22, at 8 o'clock.
TICKETS ON SALE—Clayton F. Summy Co. 220 Wabash-av., and Bush Temple of Music.

AUDITORIUM
CHICAGO ORCHESTRA
THEODORE THOMAS, CONDUCTOR.
Young People's Program.
FRIDAY at 2:15. SATURDAY at 8:15.

LA SALLE THEATER
Madison-st., bet. Clark & LaSalle. Phone Main 1779
ANOTHER GRAND SUCCESS.
THE PARADERS
EVERY NIGHT—Mat. Tue., Thur., Sat., Sun.

Mats. Wed. Sat. 25c
ACADEMY.
TRACY THE OUTLAW
EXTRA MAT. XMAS DAY
Next—"Only A Shop Girl."
NIGHT PRICES 10c 20c 30c 50c

GREAT NORTHERN
TONIGHT 25-50-75c
4 COHANS
25c Matinees Wed. & Sat.
THE GOVERNOR'S SON.
Holiday Matinee Christmas.

ILLINOIS THIS MONDAY NIGHT.
First Appearance in Chicago of the Eminent English Actor,
CHARLES HAWTREY
presented by CHARLES FROHMAN in Richard Ganthony's Comedy,
A MESSAGE FROM MARS.
CURTAIN RISES AT 8:15. PERFORMANCE FINISHED AT 10:30.
Matinee Christmas Day and Saturday.

COLISEUM
—ALL XMAS WEEK
The KILTIES
CANADA'S FAMOUS GORDON HIGHLANDERS.
40 Musicians and Singers, Dancers, Pipers, Drums, Glaser's Drum Major, Boy Dancer, etc.
Dec. 22 to 25, 2:30 and 8 p. m. daily, commencing Monday night.
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c; box seats, $1.
Tickets at Lyon & Healy's, starting Dec. 15.

STUDEBAKER MICH. BOUL. Adjoining AUDITORIUM HOTEL.
CASTLE SQUARE OPERA CO.
110—ALL AMERICAN ARTISTS—110
FIFTH SEASON—FOURTH WEEK.
GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH
"Large values at reasonable prices."—Record-Herald.
TONIGHT POPULAR MAT. WED. HOLIDAY MAT. THURSDAY.
ALL WEEK BIZET'S CARMEN
NEXT WEEK—"IL TROVATORE."

McVICKER'S Jacob Litt Lessee & Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
BIGGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.
Jacob Litt's Extraordinary Success.
IN OLD KENTUCKY
XTRA MAT. XMAS.
Regular Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
6—Athos Family—6.
Carroll Johnson.
Crane Bros. & Belmont.
La Belle Blanche.
Carleton & Terre.
Jones & Walton.
Delbert Kaelvill.
Bidwell Brothers.
Gardner & Madden.
Quaker City Quartette.
Ringsley & Lewis.
Fay Templeton.
Mr. & Mrs. Kid Wilson.
Marshall & Dewey.
The Hillis.
The Kinodrome.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Wayburn's Jockey Girls
Harry Le Clair.
Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry
4—The Reinos—4.
Inez Scott.
Conroy & McDonald.
Bob Whalen.
Cooper & Jackson.
The Great Sparrow.
Harry O'Rourke & Co.
O'Brien & Buckley.
Fay & Hilda.
Dorothy Kenton.
Sisters Farrell.
Wills & Lockett.
The Kinodrome.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Crawford & Stanley.
Harry Thorne & Co.
Macart's Monkey Actors
Ola Hayden.
Grust & Grust.
John T. Powers.
Vontella & Nina.
The Rapiers.
2—Sisters Macarte—2.
Bellman & Moore.
2—The Navarros—2.
Raymond & Penn-Guard
The Hillis.
The Mathieus.
Murphy & Bliss.
The Kinodrome.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HOPKINS
Matinee Every Day. Tel. 643 Harrison
ROSE SYDELL'S LONDON BELLES BURLESQUERS.

COLUMBUS—THIS WEEK.
The Spectacular Fairy Extravaganza,
CINDERELLA
BABY LUND and Semon Children.
The Children's Ballet. The Magic Fountain. The Arrival of Cinderella. The Wicked Sisters. The Umbrella Ballet. The Birth of the Pearl. The Coral Ballet.
Mats. Sun., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Sat. Sunday, Dec. 28—VIRGINIUS.

ALHAMBRA 10c and 20c Matinees Tues., Thur. & Sat.
10 20 30 ON THE SUWANEE RIVER.
NEXT—"TRACY THE OUTLAW."

SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cen. 6126
2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8.
DAINTY DUCHESS BURLESQUE CO.
Prices—10, 20, 30, 50.

TROCADERO STATE & VAN BUREN-STS. TEL. HAR. 2097.
Mat. Daily, 10, 20, 30c, 50c. Smoke if you like.
STAGE ALWAYS FILLED WITH LOVELY WOMEN
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HARD GAME FOR JIM JEFFRIES.

Failure to Knock Out the Montana Miner Costs Big Champion $200.

DECISION IS MISLEADING.

"Jeff" Floors His Opponent Repeatedly and Gong Saves Munroe in Third.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Champion James J. Jeffries struck a hard game last night when he attempted to put out Jack Munroe, a miner in the Anaconda mines, in a four round bout at a local theater.

Munroe, who carries a medal of the Olympic club of San Francisco proving him to be the amateur heavyweight champion of the Pacific coast, landed on the champion's jaw repeatedly, but went to the floor a number of times himself during the bout. Jeffries was to put Munroe out in four rounds or forfeit $200, and the miner took the money.

When the bout opened Munroe began by handing Jeffries a stinging right hander on the nose, and when Jeff winced he caught a left on the head. The champion and the miner then mixed things during the remainder of the round, Jeff getting the worst of it.

Hard Knocks for Champion.

In the second round Munroe found Jeff's jaw three times in rapid succession, and as the champion was clearly feeling the results of the punishment, the crowd yelled itself hoarse and encouraged Munroe in every way possible. In this round Jeffries sent the miner to the floor, but there was not steam enough behind the blow to put the miner out.

In the third round Jeffries ducked a vicious swing, from the force of which both fell to the floor, and from that started the report the champion had been knocked down. The miner went down again from a right on the jaw, but was on his feet in a moment and went down twice more. The round ended by Munroe going to the floor again, and this time the gong saved him. In the fourth round Jeffries started in to knock the miner out, but Munroe was there to stay four rounds and he staid.

Munroe Tired at Finish.

Jeff was taking advice from Fitzsimmons, who was making signs to him, but, though he sent Munroe to the floor several times, he could not land a knockout, and Munroe all the time was getting in some jolts which might have done the business for the champion had the miner not been so tired.

At the end of the bout Duncan McDonald announced that Jeffries had agreed to knock Munroe out, and, failing to do so, a decision was given to Munroe. Jeffries and his manager were both chagrined at the decision, Jeffries declaring it hurt his reputation and should not have been given.

Clark Ball, manager of the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons combination, then announced that if the theater could be secured next Saturday night he would match Fitzsimmons against Munroe and forfeit $500 if Fitzsimmons did not dispose of the miner in four rounds. Munroe will probably accept the challenge.

CARTER GOES INTO TRAINING.

Locates on North Side to Prepare for Bout with George Gardner Next Monday Night.

Joe Macias and "Kid" Carter, who arrived Sunday night, will locate their training quarters on the north side, and Carter, who is now in fair shape, will go into active training for his fight with George Gardner at the Lyceum club next Monday night. Macias talks enthusiastically about his 118 pound boy "Mississippi," for whom he is trying to get a match with some local lad. According to Macias the colored bantam is a second George Dixon.

Regarding the offer by Carter to stop "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien in six rounds, Macias says he is in earnest, and will renew the challenge right after the "Kid's" fight with Gardner, no matter what the result may be. Representatives of Gardner and Carter will meet today to decide upon a referee.

"Kid" Abel and "Kid" Herman, who fought a drawn battle at Apollo hall last winter, have been rematched and will meet as one of the main bouts to be given at that hall Jan. 8. Another bout slated for the show will be between Henry Fagin and some fighter in the 135 pound division.

PITTSBURGER BIDS FOR FIGHT.

Offer from the Smoky City to Pull Off McGovern-Corbett Affair There on Jan. 16.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The match heralded meeting between McGovern and Corbett may be pulled off in Pittsburg. Tonight M. S. McNamara, president of the Emerald Athletic club of this city, sent telegrams to the managers of both fighters stating that if the fight could not be pulled off in Detroit or Windsor he would guarantee to pull it off in this city Friday evening, Jan. 16.

McNamara said he would make no bid for the fight until he received answers to his telegrams. If favorably answered he will then offer them, on behalf of the club, a liberal purse. He would not say where the fight would be held, but stated he would have a hall ready on the night of the fight which will have a seating capacity of 10,000.

There are several places here where the fight could be held, but McNamara probably refers to the Coliseum, which has a seating capacity of over 10,000.

St. Louis Stake Events.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 21.—Announcement has been made of the stake list of the St. Louis Fair association for the seventy-four day meetings from May 2 to June 27 and Oct. 5 to 31, 1903. The St. Louis Derby, to be run June 13, is increased by $5,000. Following are the principal stakes and added money: Inaugural handicap, $1,500; Debutants, $1,000; Country Club handicap, $1,000; Club Members' handicap, $2,000; Junior championship, $1,200; St. Louis Derby, $5,000. Announcement is made that the World's Fair handicap, to be run in 1904, will be for a purse of $50,000, and the estimated value of the St. Louis Derby for that season is $15,000.

Results of the Handball Matches.

Results of the games played at Kennedy's handball court yesterday follow:

Lieut. Harding and James Bateman...18 21 20 19
M. Foley and John Bateman.....21 20 21 21
D. Sullivan and O'Hern.....21 21 20 19
Joe Farrell and P. Farrell.....14 19 21 21
Joe Brown and Joe Farrell.....21 21 20 21
Senator Rainey and J. Jordon.....16 13 21 15
G. Morris and O'Malley.....21 20 21 20
Joe Farrell and Kennedy.....18 21 20 21
J. Ryan and Brice.....17 21 21 21
J. Ryan and Noonan.....21 14 15 15
T. McAvoy and J. Fitzgerald.....21 19 21 19
C. Woods and John Byrne.....21 21 21 21
William Russell and P. Masterson.....13 19 21 21
H. O'Brien and W. O'Brien.....21 21 20 20

Women Athletes Organize.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The young women of the university have organized an athletic association for the purpose of promoting athletic sports among the women of the university. The following officers were elected: President, Florence Delap; vice president, Grace McDonald; secretary, Grace Wells; treasurer, Edna Zinn; directors, football, Elva Cooper; hockey, Rowena Wittier; bowling, Charlotte Hannahs; tennis, Margaret Cook; golf, Violet McDonald; rowing, Florence Moffatt. It is probable basketball games will be played with the team at Milwaukee Downer college.

HOLIDAY TRIPS

At Low Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold Dec. 24, 25, and 31, 1902, and Jan. 1, 1903, via Pennsylvania Lines account Christmas and New Year holidays. Tickets will be good returning until Jan. 2, 1903. Special rate tickets will also be sold for students and teachers of colleges, seminaries, and universities going home to spend the holidays. For details call on ticket agents Pennsylvania Lines, or address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. A., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

YANKEE JOCKEY VINDICATED IN COURT.

Jockey Johnny Reiff, whose license was withdrawn by the French Jockey club along with that of Milton Henry on the ground of alleged connection with a gang of American sharpers, has won a signal victory in the French courts. He began a libel suit against a newspaper which had published a defamatory article and secured a judgment for 1,000 francs damages and an order for the publishing of the court's finding in the offending and nine other newspapers.

One of the strongest points in Reiff's case was the fact that his former employer testified in his behalf and asserted the ride put up by the boy in the specific race questioned was entirely satisfactory.

It was generally thought in this country that the action against Reiff was the outgrowth of jealousy, as he had always borne a high reputation for honesty and was considered of higher class than most boys pursuing his vocation.

Little Reiff was always a popular rider on Chicago courses and practically is a product of the local tracks. When he first began riding here he was a great favorite with women bettors, occupying much the same position as did Walter Robbins during the season just ended.

Reiff now asserts he will apply to the Jockey club of France for a license to ride next season, and in view of the statement of his employer made before the court in the damage suit it seems not unlikely he will succeed in his effort. Otherwise the suit for damages brought against the Jockey club will be continued, with chances for a heavy verdict.

WORK OF LOCAL BOWLERS.

GROCERS REACH HALF WAY MARK WITH LIVELY CONTEST.

Reid-Murdochs Lead by Margin of Two Games, While Three Teams Are Tied for Second Place—Brunner Heads the Players Who Have Rolled in Majority of Contests—His Average Is 173—Ones of Lake View Have Chance to Break Record, but Fail.

The Grocers' league has completed the first half of its season and the struggle for supremacy has been lively. The Reid-Murdocks are leading by a margin of two games over the Deane Bros., Lincolns, and Wrigleys, who are tied for second place. However, it looks like the last named will make a strong bid to capture the championship, as the team has been strengthened considerably by the acquisition of Lake View experts. The three men in question, Lau, Schneider, and Doyle, are leading in the individual class in order named.

Brunner of the Reid-Murdocks, with an average of 173-23, leads the players who have rolled in the majority of games. Secretary C. L. Coleman is credited with high score of 261, while Lau can boast of the best average in three games, with 211 2-3.

In the West Side Club league the halfway mark was also reached Friday night. On account of the excessive strength of the La Salles, composed of experts from the Menoken club, there is little interest in the championship race. The pennant is conceded to the Doolittle outfit, as it has met with only one defeat and has an average of 921 21-27.

There were three particularly good bowling performances last week in league competition, and in one instance the coveted record of 1,108 was seriously threatened. It was in the big Lake View league that the mark came so near to being reached, for the Unos jolted the pins for a score of 1,083. This is the second time this month Weber's men have taken a crack at the Empires' figures and in each case their prospects looked exceedingly bright right up to the final inning.

The other notable feats of the last six days were an average of 242 1-3 by Negley in the Iroquois league and Louis De Profit's 238 1-3 in the West Chicago organization. The latter is a well known expert and a veteran in the tenpin game, while the Iroquois man is comparatively unknown. Negley's effort was a phenomenal bit of bowling and is third on the list for the season.

Team standing and the leading individual averages in various leagues are as follows:

WHOLESALE GROCERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
R., M. & Co.	10	6	.625
Wrigley & Co.	10	6	.625
D. F. & L.	10	6	.625
Gould & Co.	10	6	.625
Malm & Co.	9	7	.563
Schoenhofen	9	7	.563
Edelweiss	8	8	.500
Eskimo	8	8	.500
Cornbelt	7	9	.438
Hoyt & Co.	6	10	.375
Stein & Co.	6	10	.375
Fox & Co.	5	11	.313
Stay't & Co.	2	14	.125

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Average.
Lea, Wrigleys	12	223	183 11-12
Schneider, Wrigleys	12	223	183 11-12
Doyle, Wrigleys	15	234	181 6-15

SHERIDAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Kenmore	27	9	.750
Chicago	26	10	.722
Lincoln	26	11	.684
Clarendon	25	11	.667
Plaza	21	15	.583
Marquette	19	17	.528

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Curtis, Junior	12	245	2,607	208 11-12
Dickie, Sheridan	12	246	2,606	208
Canfield, Lincoln	30	236	5,968	199 13-30
Ludwig, Kenmore	27	216	5,295	196 9-27
Steele, Lincoln	12	236	2,351	195 7-15

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Malt Sinew	20	8	.758
Wahoo	24	9	.727
Schoenhofen	24	9	.727
Edelweiss	22	11	.667
Eskimo	20	13	.606
Cornbelt	18	15	.545
Ft. Sherman	16	14	.533
Atlas	11	22	.333
Alfa	11	22	.333
Olympia	7	26	.233
Onward	2	31	.061

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Allen, Fort Sherman	31	227	4,196	205 25-31
Forest, Schoenhofen	30	237	4,102	197 1-30
Clinch, Wahoo	18	242	3,522	195 12-18
Seth Shawson, Wahoo	30	236	5,779	192 19-30
Geroux, Illinois Life	9	209	1,727	191 11-30

WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rex	31	7	.861
32 Capitan	27	12	.692
Tropic	19	11	.633
Ashland	20	13	.606

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
F. Woodbury, Rex	36	243	7,021	195 1-36
Ruther, Rex	30	246	5,809	193 19-30
De Vroft, El Capitan	30	246	5,739	191 9-30
Fayden, Empire	30	236	5,692	189 23-30
Funk, El Capitan	24	246	4,467	186 3-24

LAKE VIEW LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Brits	31	6	.646
Oakdale	31	11	.738
Ft. Sherman	31	11	.738
Armour	29	13	.690
Uno	26	16	.619
Northwest	26	16	.619
Marquette	26	18	.591

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Schneider, Racine	30	267	5,831	194 11-30
Peth, A.	30	246	5,901	196 7-30
Bangart, Erie	30	269	6,373	199 23-30
Meyer, Oakdale	30	256	5,784	192 9-30
Forester, Armour	29	259	7,343	253 27-29

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Opticians	23	5	.848
Drug Trade	20	7	.741
Publisher	20	7	.606
Jeweler	17	13	.561
Furniture	15	15	.556
Ill. Brick	16	17	.515

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Moore, Drug Trade	24	236	4,575	190 15-24
Schmidt, Drug Trade	26	277	4,910	188 22-26
La Salle, Publisher	24	246	4,607	191 23-24
Quinn, Publisher	24	215	4,362	181 15-24
Davis, Optician	33	255	5,975	181 2-33

WEST SIDE CLUB LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
La Salle	26	4	.963
Oaks	20	7	.741
Menoken	19	8	.704
Ashlands	15	12	.556
Acorns	12	15	.444

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Average.
Doolittle, La Salle	27	225	191 2-27
McLaughlin, La Salle	24	226	196 23-24
Newton, La Salle	6	204	187 3-6
Alexander, Oaks	19	278	184 15-19
Kurtz, La Salle	27	278	184 7-27

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rivals	23	10	.697
Stars	22	11	.667
Collins	19	11	.633
Crystals	18	12	.600

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Dr. Funk, Ambers	3	219	608	202 1-3
Schulz, Stars	33	255	6,865	198 7-33
Stell, Rivals	30	255	5,955	198 7-30
Kelly, Collins	21	233	4,103	195 18-21
Gleiser, Crystals	12	217	2,312	178 8-12

SOUTH SIDE INTERCLUB LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Unity	31	7	.900
Jackson Park	30	9	.741
Harvard	16	11	.595
Midway	16	11	.519
Wood'wn Pk.	14	16	.467

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Collier, Jackson Park	27	246	5,162	191 6-27
Schmidt, Unity	30	246	5,732	191 2-3
Darr, Waupansech	30	246	5,732	191 2-3
G. Wolf, Unity	30	256	5,584	186 4-30
Fienner, Harvard	18	222	3,331	185 1-18

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Undercofs	19	2	.833
Blue Ribbons	17	4	.667
Live Topics	6	6	.500

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
White	9	254	1,656	184
Ed. Lawler	9	224	1,098	180 1-2
William Lockwood	9	200	1,618	179 7-9
Riordan	9	205	1,578	175 1-3
M. Joyce	12	212	2,094	174 1-3

POSTOFFICE LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Mains	6	7	.555
Centrals	6	3	.666
M. O. Div.	5	4	.555
Sta. U.	3	3	.500

PAINT, OIL, AND VARNISH LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chi. V. Co.	19	5	.792
Heath-M.	18	6	.750
Rubber P. Co.	17	7	.709
M. V. Co.	14	10	.583

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Average.
McLean, C. V. Co.	24	223	4.244 176 2-24
Weston, H. M. & Co.	9	223	1,535 170 5-9
Holtzman, M. V. Co.	20	254	3,387 169 7-20
Webster, Rice & Co.	18	219	3,074 165 4-18
Arvison, H., M. & Co.	9	200	1,469 163 2-9

WEST SIDE BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Ashl'd & Co.	30	9	.833
Kings	30	9	.769
Weiss	24	12	.666
Grahams	10	13	.467

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Fortmeyer, Ashland S. Co.	33			196 18-33
Croft, Weiss	21			193 1-21
Ahles, Wengler & Mandell	12			191 11-12
Stanford, Ashland S. Co.	12			190 8-12
Dahnke, Grahams	9			189 2-9

KEDZIE LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Hlavas	24	13	.667
Douglas P.	21	17	.629
Zajlerks	19	17	.528

	W.	L.	Pct.
Veprek & Co.	16	20	.444
Novak & S.	14	20	.389
Hauers	12	24	.333

GARFIELD PARK LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Senators	20	10	.667
Conneys	19	11	.667
Columbia	17	13	.653

	W.	L.	Pct.
Halfex	15	15	.500
Douglas	13	18	.400
Garfield	7	23	.233

ENGRAVERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Barnes-C.	25	11	.690
Rogers P. W.	21	15	.667
Mans & Co.	19	17	.528

	W.	L.	Pct.
Ben'd't & Co.	17	19	.472
Hand-M.	15	21	.417
Rose'w & Co.	11	25	.306

STAR LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Stars	22	8	.733
Brilliants	20	9	.606
Rosslands	14	14	.576
Engravers	13	15	.545

	W.	L.	Pct.
Calumets	16	17	.485
Shrimps	14	17	.455
Yellowhips	14	19	.424
Pirates	5	25	.167

CHERRY CIRCLE LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Black	10	6	.625
Red	9	6	.600
Association	8	7	.533

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	6	9	.400
Athletic	6	9	.400
White	6	9	.400

Individual averages—

	High.	Tot.	Average.
Meier, Chicago	210	1,751	194 5-9
Thomas, Athletic	221	2,417	168 1-12
Welch, Association	244	2,282	190 2-12
Dean, Black	238	1,672	185 7-9
Watson, Black	245	2,754	183 9-15

BENSINGER LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Heins' "57"	5	1	.833
Lincolns	10	2	.833
Wash. Stars	5	7	.416

	W.	L.	Pct.
Schraffts	3	6	.333
Bensingers	4	8	.333
Monroes	3	9	.250

Individual averages—

	G.	High.	Tot.	Average.
Hales	3	207	606	189 2-3
E. Wase	9	178	1,626	180 6-9
J. Wase	9	206	1,670	185 5-9
Rossaco	6	208	1,617	189 3-6
Wayland	13	225	2,616	166

Games in Newspaper League.

In the Newspaper league yesterday the Herald bowlers took two games from the Tribunes, while the Hyphens were equally successful against the Franklins. Scores:

Herald.	1.	2.	3.	Tribune.	1.	2.	3.
Ridenour	146	166	123	Snow	190	191	141
F. Engelman	150	158	152	Lochemeier	162	155	174
Holdke	180	168	138	Zimmerman	125	127	141
Ferry	216	164	162	Larson	177	189	159
F. W'dbury	130	164	151	Randall	177	153	133
Totals	924	820	767	Total	861	838	745

Hyphens.	1.	2.	3.	Franklins.	1.	2.	3.
Geiger	116	178	107	Quirk	208	156	149
Cliff	165	160	168	Matzer	129	159	141
English	157	142	179	Patterson	167	190	159
Hertser	142	202	156	Northrop	178	157	158
Schmitz	131	127	149	Bitner	152	151	202
Totals	711	804	816	Totals	855	772	756

Two Men Team Match at Anson's.

Fred Strong gave another splendid exhibition in the tenpin game at Anson's yesterday and his fine work was easily responsible for the defeat of Clinch and Capt. Anson in a two men team match. Strong had Porch for a partner and they won by a margin of 106 pins. The teams will probably be brought together again soon and it was announced Capt. Anson and Clinch are open to meet any two men in the city. Scores:

Strong	201	222	171	232	184	172	235	1	417
Porch	175	220	197	171	191	158	157	1	297
Total									2,074
Clinch	190	159	201	168	188	180	181	1	267
A. C. Anson	181	184	195	194	197	178	172	1	301
Total									2,568

Howley's Steers Are Victors.

Howley and Steers won the second half of a two man team match at Thompson's alleys last night by 110 pins, making a total of 196 pins for the entire match. Score:

Steers	181	166	189	197	192	159	172		
Howley	193	224	168	198	168	204	192		
Totals	374	390	357	395	360	363	364		
Anson	192	154	178	182	158	165	153		
Taylor	180	200	180	194	196	183	194		
Totals	372	363	358	376	354	348	349		

SCHORR DROPS HIS SECRECY.

Announces to Public Names and Breeding of His Youngsters for the Season of 1903.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The secretive methods so long employed by J. W. Schorr, the local owner, in announcing the names of the 2 year olds, has been abandoned and he has caused much surprise among horsemen at Montgomery park by announcing a full list of the youngsters that will be seen on eastern and western tracks next year racing in his colors. Not only are the names of the juveniles given to the public, but the pedigrees and all other information desired is dealt out with a willing hand.

In the collection are many richly bred colts and fillies. There are twenty-seven head in all, of which nine head are fillies and the remainder colts. No geldings are numbered yet among the lot. The colt, Dutiful, by Faraday—Silpalong, is highly tried and those about the Schorr barn, especially Trainer George Walker, are firmly convinced that he will develop into a fast youngster.

The finest looking colt in the bunch and one that is not much less thought of has been christened with a Persian or Arabic name. He is a full brother to Judith Campbell, by Esher—Reflection, also a brother to Reina, winner of the Metropolitan. His name is Moharib, and Mr. Schorr intimates that if he can carry that handicap he will enrich the stable. The Schorr youngsters are:

Sweet Gretchen, br. f., by Flying Dutchman—Battle Belle.

Minagre, ch. f., by Esher—Minty Gore.

Walterin, b. f., by Sir Walter—Carmencita.

Volto, br. f., by Dr. Rice—Voltine.

Morgana, ch. f., by Buzo—Morbid.

Mordella, b. f., by Russell—Memorial.

Fluella, ch. f., by Flying Dutchman—Palatine.

Reinarta, ch. f., by Esher—Excelsana.

Escalera, br. or b. f., by Esher—Fenalia.

Dutiful, br. c., by Faraday—Silpalong.

Oriel, b. c., by Imp. Ornaline—Albertina.

Montebank, ch. c., by Sir Modred—Woodford Silly.

Monet, ch. c., by Ben Strome—Midrose.

Ietrian, ch. c., by Onondago—Thrifty.

Burletch, ch. c., by Ben Strome—Barearola.

Moharib, br. c., by Esher—Reflection.

Beneficient, ch. c., by Russell—Bengaline.

Molinde, b. c., by Russell—Madame Hindoo.

Meinagre, ch. c., by Flying Dutchman—Piantress.

Martius, ch. c., by Flying Dutchman—Canna.

Lisnardo, b. c., by Dr. Rice—Leonora.

Delermina, b. c., by Handsome—Thisbea.

Monastic, br. c., by Handsome—Adria.

Doricourt, ch. c., by Handsome—Mona Lisa.

Maxima, b. c., by Esher—Bonna.

Escobar, b. c., by Esher—Morning Glory.

Cloverton, ch. c., by Esher—Kitty Clover.

No torture compares to that of a rheumatic. Prescription No. 2,851 by Elmer & Amend, quickest relief of all.

TROUBLE FOR DICK DWYER

DIFFICULT TASK TO FILL STARTER HOLTMAN'S SHOES.

Change Takes Place at Ingleside Today to Allow Previous Flag Wielder the Usual Vacation Granted by President Williams — Christmas Handicap, Feature of the Holiday Week, Promises an Interesting Contest.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Starter Dick Dwyer has no easy task before him in taking up the position of wielding the flag at Ingleside this week. He succeeds Holtman, who has been doing good work, and accordingly will have to keep up to the mark or unfavorable comparisons will be heard. Moreover, no recall flag prevails here, and it is well known that Dwyer has little love for this system, and his bad luck at Worth, where he last tried it, makes it appear that he may have his troubles.

Holtman will only take a vacation, it being the policy of President Williams to keep both starters on hand in order that a reserve man will be ready in case of sickness to either and also in order to shift in case either man strikes a period of bad work.

Field for Christmas Handicap.

Stakes are few and far between and the only special feature this week is the Christmas handicap. This will be at a mile and a quarter and will doubtless be the most interesting race thus far of the meeting. There are fifty-four eligibles, including Felix Bard, Searcher, and Bessie McCarthy from the Arnold stable; Corrigan, Marque, Frangible, Hermencia, Articulate, Position, Vesuvian, Autolight, Cunard, Sombrero, Homestead, The Fretter, Bon Mot, and Siddons.

Although there are few stake races, the local cards contain frequent overnight handicaps. The division of handicap horses is comparatively small. A feature about the selling race colony is that there is a large number of horses of about the same class, which has the result of making this class of races close and interesting.

Krishna Seems Best Youngster.

As to the 2 year olds, it is not easy to speculate because of the absence of eastern colts of class with which to compare them. Apparently, however, the youngster division is not strong. Although he did not meet the best here, it is thought Krishna, the winner of Saturday's big stake, is probably the best 2 year old now in California. Green B. Morris' Artvis seems to have trained off and Dusarro is now apparently the best in the Missouri horseman's lot. Until Krishna meets these and one or two other good colts he will not be conceded the palm, but at present he is under suspicion as a most promising candidate for next year's 3 year old races, such as the American Derby.

Barney Schreiber's Deutchland has been considerable of a disappointment since arriving here. He, like Artvis, seems to have trained off. The stable has an exceedingly fast filly in Sylvia Talbot, but she evidently is only a sprinter at best and may find it difficult to negotiate even the customary sprinting routes. It Saturday's big stake she was decisively cut off twice in the early stages, and this prevented any chance she may have had to get to the front.

Starter Holtman will leave for the southern part of the state tonight and plans to be gone about a month.

During the first thirty-one days of the meeting the New York California Jockey club distributed $96,854 in stakes and purses. Twenty-eight horses have won over $1,000. W. B. Jennings & Co. have been in the lead for some time, and their winnings were materially increased through the victory of Krishna in the Futurity. Their total winnings are now $15,129. Green Morris is next with $6,000.

Ingleside Entries.

First race, 5½ furlongs—Hesper, 112 pounds; Gibraltar, 112; Miss Cotton, 109; Dollie Wiethoff, 104; Ben Magee, 104; Velma Clark, 104; Hillas, 101; Rasp, 101; Pat Oran, 101; Katherine Ennis, 101; Bernice, 101; Geyser, 101; Miss Remsen, 101; Judge Napton, 101.

Second race, 6½ furlongs, maidens—Stirling Towers, 106 pounds; Mac Azra, 106; Rosette, 106; Discovery, 107; Toutiah, 107; Racivo, 107; Alma Giver, 107; Fitz Stockwell, 107; Grey Fox, 104; Ohio Girl, 104; Kermit, 99.

Third race, ¾ mile—Castake, 112 pounds; Ignacio, 109; Matt Hogan, 108; Homage, 108; Hard Burns, 108; Magic Felix, 108; Resin, 106; St. Sever, 106; Platonius, 106; Constable, 106; Lourwelsea, 106; Ural, 105; Silver Fizz, 105; Goldone, 103.

Fourth race, short course, steeplechase—Crest, 155 pounds; Mike Rice, 141; Dagmar, 140; Olinthus, 134; Loyal S., 134; Phil Archibald, 138; Tulare, 130; John, 128; Stromo, 128; Flashlight, 128.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds—Fitzbrillar, 110 pounds; Gus Lanka, 107; Quartz, 107; Indiana, 107; Carundi, 107; Finelus, 107; Leader, 106; Stunts, 106; Clarinette, 104; Alice Cary, 102; Guido, 98; Selze, 98.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Axminster, 110 pounds; Meshanus, 100; Sweet Tooth, 106; Bill Massie, 106; El Rio Shannon, 106; Ethylene, 101.

EIGHT STAKES FOR WORTH.

Secretary Jasper Decides on Conditions —Powers Handicap with $2,500 Added Feature for Opening Day.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Secretary Ed Jasper has completed the conditions for the eight stake events which will be run at the Worth spring meeting, and has given them into the hands of the printer. Four of the stakes will be for 3 year olds and over, and the opening day's feature will be the Powers handicap, one mile and a furlong, named after the president of the Worth Jockey club. The rest of the stakes have not yet been named. The added money to the Powers handicap will be $2,500, and the same amount will be added to a handicap for 3 year olds and over at one mile and a sixteenth.

The only stake event exclusively for 3 year olds will be a condition affair at one mile, in which beaten horses will receive a seven pound allowance. This will let in the winners of the Crescent City, California, Memphis, and Louisville Derbys at 122 pounds for colts and 117 pounds for fillies. There will be three stakes for 2 year olds, one for colts, one for fillies exclusively, and the other for both sexes.

Durnell & Herz have protested the payment of first money in the Crescent City handicap, which was won by Moor on Saturday to Albert Simons. The claim is made that the entry of the horse was irregular, but it is not likely any action will be taken in the matter by the stewards.

After Saturday's entries appeared on Friday it was found Major Mansir was the only one of Simons' horses entered, and the latter called the attention of the entry clerk to the fact and claimed he also had entered Moor. The horse was afterwards added. The entry clerk says he did not hear Simons tell him to enter Moor. As Simons had asked permission of the stewards the previous day to work out both horses, and told them he was going to start Moor and Major Mansir in Saturday's stake, the question which the stewards will have to decide is whether or not the entries which appear are official.

Durnell & Herz still lead the owners in the number of purses won, with Tichenor & Co., James Arthur, and Albert Simons crowding them closely. Sam Hildreth got into the game in earnest in the last few days with the horses which he purchased from John W. Schorr, and he bids fair to be up near the top of the list if his present luck holds to him. Fourteen owners have won more than $1,000.

New Orleans Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds, maidens, colts—Parasant, 112 pounds; The Wizard, 107; Sherman, 107; Uranium, 107; Memphian, 107; Doc Wood, 107; Embarrassment, 107; Class Leader, 104; Spec, 104; Jim King, 104; Jeppy, 104; Mauser, 104.

Second race, ¾ mile—If You Dare, 112 pounds; Tha Bronze Demon, 109; Mosketo, 106; Dandie Bob, 106; Montanic, 106; Possakin, 106; Morcni, 106; Alpaca, 104; The Stewardess, 103.

Third race, ¾ mile—McChesney, 127 pounds; Talaoun, 115; Smile, 115; Antonius, 112; Maxnelic, 112; Federal, 112; Aratoma, 109; Potente, 109; Dr. McNally, 106; Our Jessie, 100; Welcome Light, 98.

Fourth race, 1 mile, handicap—McChesney, 129 pounds; W. J. Debee, 110; Potente, 110; Harry New, 110; Tom Kingsley, 109; Adelante, 107; Da Reszke, 105; C. B. Campbell, 105; Harry Wilson, 104; Tom Mayblin, 96.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds—John Peters, 115 pounds; Elste L., 112; Caliban, 112; Old Hutch, 109; Whisky King, 103; Mer

HARLAN SEES A VICTORY.

PREDICTS THAT HE WILL BE NOMINATED FOR MAYOR.

Asserts He Will Carry the Republican Primaries in the Twenty-first Ward in Spite of the Apparent Adverse Sentiment — Declines to Answer a Query Touching His Loyalty to the Ticket Chosen — Stewart's Friends Elated Over First Week's Work.

"Regardless of petitions indorsing Mr. Stewart, I expect to carry the Twenty-first ward, and I expect to be nominated for mayor by the republican city convention."

This was what John M. Harlan had to say last night regarding the mayoralty sentiment in his home ward as indicated by the number of signatures on the declaration indorsing Graeme Stewart's candidacy.

"I am making my own campaign, in my own way," he continued, "and I presume that Mr. Stewart is doing the same thing. I cannot stop to discuss in detail every question that arises or to explain to every person who might want to know what I expect to do."

Refuses to Answer Query.

With reference to the question raised by some of his supporters in the Seventh ward when they were organizing the first Harlan club, as to whether he would abide by the result of the primaries and convention, and if defeated support the nominee, he said:

"I do not consider a statement from me necessary at this time. For the present I think that my announcement, made a week ago, is sufficient and covers the ground."

Mr. Harlan intimated, however, that he might answer these queries later in the campaign. He desires to await further developments.

Stewart's Friends Elated.

The friends of Mr. Stewart are highly elated that such a large percentage of his republican neighbors are for him. His managers said that, had the indorsement not been confined exclusively to republicans who may vote at the coming primaries, they could have secured several hundred more names.

"I am more than gratified at the showing of our first week's work," said Mr. Stewart, "and if Mr. Harlan expects to carry this ward I certainly have no knowledge where the votes are to come from. I think our neighbors to the north who have not fallen in line will do so during the next few days."

More Wards to Take Sides.

The call is out for a meeting of the Twenty-third Ward Republican club tomorrow night, when it is expected Mr. Stewart's candidacy will be indorsed. The Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth wards probably will take similar action later in the week.

Chief interest centers in tonight's roundup of Stewart's supporters in the Seventh ward at the Del Prado hotel, when the first Stewart club will be launched. That is regarded as the Harlan stronghold.

MASON STILL A CANDIDATE.

Senator Says He Has Not Abandoned Working for a Re-election by the Legislature.

Senator William E. Mason announced on his return home from Washington yesterday that, despite reports to the contrary, he had not abandoned his candidacy for re-election.

"While I may not go into the caucus," he said, "I will be a candidate before the joint session when it meets to elect my successor. The question has been raised as to whether there will be a senatorial caucus. Since the delegates have instructed the members whom to vote for a caucus would be unnecessary."

The senator denied that his supporters as a last resort would combine with the democratic minority to elect him. He said that disgruntled republicans sometimes do such things, but he had no knowledge of any movement looking to a combination of that kind in his behalf.

TELLER BRACING HIS FENCES.

Colorado Senator Reaches Denver and Joins in Five Cornered Fight for the Toga.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 21.—Senator Henry M. Teller arrived here from Washington today to spend the Christmas holidays and to look after his interests in the contest for re-election. In addition to Teller the announced candidates are former Senator Edward O. Wolcott, Frank C. Goudy of Denver, District Judge Walter N. Dixon of Pueblo, and Irving Howbert of Colorado Springs.

Teller claims the entire democratic vote on joint ballot. There is no one opposed to him in the democratic party. The remaining four candidates will divide the republican support. Goudy claims to have pledged two-thirds of the republican members of the legislature, and this claim is conceded true by well informed leaders.

A great deal depends upon the outcome of contests now before the state canvassing board. Should the democrats be seated, the house will stand, democrats 32, republicans 31. On the canvassing board are two populists elected through fusion with democrats. Failure to accept propositions for fusion at the recent election held out by populists has placed the democrats in an attitude of unfriendly relationship with the populist party, and it is said they will seek revenge through their representatives on the canvassing board.

The illness of Representative-elect Jones, a republican, at Hot Springs, Ark., also complicates matters. Should he be compelled to remain away and the democrats be seated the vote in the house would be a tie.

MICHIGAN AFTER NAVAL STATION

St. Joseph Committee Believes Illinois and Ohio Must Yield and Site Near That Town Will Be Chosen.

St. Joseph, Mich., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The committee to secure for St. Joseph the naval station on the great lakes is jubilant today over the fact that the Ohio and Michigan representatives have decided to pool against Congressman Foss' favored site near Waukegan, Ill. The members of the committee are confident that Ohio cannot win and establish the school at Put-in-Bay and that Illinois will meet the same fate without the aid of the Michigan delegation. It is said that as a second choice Representative Foss will favor the St. Joseph site inspected by the naval committee a few weeks ago. Two sites are given why it is believed Mr. Foss will indorse the St. Joseph site, provided the school is located on the east shore first, because the Chicago congressman frequently visited his father-in-law, George W. Fritz of this city, and has been favorably impressed with St. Joseph; second, it is reported that he recently purchased the George F. Cummings fruit farm in South St. Joseph, and therefore has a personal interest in the future welfare of this city.

WOMEN VICTIMS OF SWINDLER.

Postoffice Inspector Investigates Alleged Attempt to Extort Money by Threats.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Postoffice inspector James Stuart of Chicago is investigating what is believed to be a blackmailing swindle, through which a number of Springfield women have been victimized. In the last few days hundreds of women residing in the city have received communications from a collection agency of New York city stating that the person receiving the letter has received a consignment of sticklings from a jewelry firm and that $1.20 is due on the package; that the recipient has made an affidavit that the debt would be paid and has ignored all requests for payment; that unless prompt remittance is made suit will be brought to recover. Persons receiving the communications have in a number of instances sent the small amount asked rather than be subjected to annoyance.

PEORIA AND RETURN, $8.00.

Via the Wabash.

Good to leave Chicago 2:30 p. m. and 11:30 p. m. Dec. 24, and 11:03 a. m. Dec. 25; returning until Dec. 26, inclusive. Ticket office, 238 Adams-st.

NEW YORK PREACHER, WHO OPENED SALOON.

THE REV. GEORGE K. McDONALD.

The Rev. George K. McDonald recently resigned as pastor of the East End Baptist church of Long Island City, and last Saturday opened a saloon in New York. The Rev. Mr. McDonald explains his move by saying he will now be better able to reach the masses. He says he can reason with men better from behind the saloon bar than from the pulpit, and hopes to accomplish much good in his new profession. His cash register showed a total of 300 sales the first day.

SANITARY EDUCATION AIDS CITY HEALTH CONDITIONS.

Agitation Brings About Legislation by the Council Which Will Tend to Decrease Mortality Rate in Chicago.

Declaring that sanitary instruction is more important than sanitary legislation, the city health officials say Chicago is to be congratulated that the instruction the people have received is resulting in legislation that gives promise of improved health conditions in the city.

"Within a short time," says the weekly bulletin, "the city council has either enacted or favorably considered ordinances looking to the prevention of death from burns caused by the explosion of the 'parlor match'; for the amelioration of the environment of infant and child life, by a provision for the supervision by the health department of public nurseries—the so-called 'baby farms'; for some adequate care and shelter for the contagious diseases of childhood; for more healthful living in tenement houses, and for further restriction of the smoke nuisance.

"The increase in the number of deaths during the week is due to diseases unfavorably affected by the unseasonable weather conditions that prevailing to a greater or lesser extent during the entire year, have been even more pronounced during the fall and early winter. Bright's disease, pneumonia, bronchitis, diseases of the heart and of the nervous system all furnish an abnormal quota of deaths."

Referring to the commissioner's prediction on Oct. 1 that 1902 in Chicago would be known as a typhoid fever year, the bulletin says the indications are that statement will be sustained. Only in Michigan, it is said, do recent reports show a decrease of the disease.

The statement of mortality for the week ended Dec. 20, 1902, is compared with the preceding week and with the corresponding week of 1901. Death rates are computed on estimated populations of 1,820,000 for 1902 and 1,758,000 for 1901:

	Dec. 20, 1902.	Dec. 13, 1902.	Dec. 21, 1901.
Total deaths, all causes.....	628	532	463
Annual death rate, per 1,000.	17.98	15.34	13.72

COUNCIL LIKELY TO DEBATE ON MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Ald. Finn's Report May Be the Feature of Tonight's Session—No Successor to Kiolbassa.

Municipal ownership is expected to furnish food for debate at the meeting of the city council this evening. Although the motion to make it a special order failed at the last meeting on account of no quorum, Mayor Harrison has promised to recognize Ald. Finn at tonight's meeting and that alderman says he will call up the report of the committee on municipal ownership, of which he is chairman.

That report asks the legislature to pass such legislation as will empower the city of Chicago to engage in the street car and gas and electric lighting business. In the expectation that the council will vote in favor of the proposition two bills have been drawn for presentation at Springfield, one to give the city the necessary authority in traction and the other in lighting ownership and operation.

How much opposition to the approval of these bills will develop in the council meeting this evening is problematical. Many of the aldermen who are opposed to municipal ownership do not think the matter worth quarreling about, as they regard it as a matter for the legislature to pass upon, the council having no authority. Others say they have not had time to read and digest the report of Ald. Finn's committee and are not in a position to discuss it. It is possible the motion recommending the passage of the bills may go entirely by default.

Mayor Harrison says he will not be able to name the new building commissioner to succeed Kiolbassa at tonight's meeting. The question of a civil service commissioner to take the place made vacant by the death of John W. Ela he says he has not even considered as yet.

It is likely, however, Justice Wilcox of Jefferson will be named tonight as police magistrate at Logan square in place of Justice Edgar.

OBITUARY.

THE VERY REV. ALPHONSE L. MAGNIEN of Baltimore, Md., died there yesterday, aged 65 years. He was president emeritus of St. Mary's seminary. He was born in the diocese of Mende, in France, and was graduated in Orleans, and after ordination taught classics in the preparatory seminary of La Chappelle. In 1869 he went to Baltimore and taught philosophy, sacred scripture, dogmatic theology, and church history until July 4, 1878, when he was made president of the institution, succeeding the Very Rev. John Paul Dubreul, the fifth president.

CAPT. DANIEL P. McCARTNEY, U. S. N., retired, died at Washington yesterday of pneumonia. He was appointed to the navy from Baltimore in 1861 and served throughout the civil war, rising to chief engineer. He was retired in 1892, but in 1898, when the Spanish war began, he volunteered his services and was assigned to special duty.

ISAIAH W. LEES, San Francisco, died yesterday, aged 72 years. For forty years he was captain of detectives of the San Francisco police and for four years preceding 1900 was chief of the department. He was a native of Oldham, England.

DOCK SUIT CALLED TODAY

PLEA OF DRAINAGE BOARD FOR LAND ON WEST BANK.

Judge Dunne to Hear Action Involving $3,000,000 Worth of Property—State a Party Defendant Because of Claim That It Owns Made Ground East of Old Meander Line as Well as Street Years Ago Vacated by City Between Madison and Randolph.

The suit of the drainage board to condemn over $3,000,000 worth of land belonging to the Norton Milling company and others on the west bank of the river will be called before Judge Dunne today. The land is wanted for the purpose of widening the stream between Randolph and Madison streets, but incidentally the suit will affect titles along the entire course of the stream.

Some time after the suit was instituted by the sanitary district the attorney general received notice that the title to certain of this property appeared to be in the state, and on investigation he found such evidence as would justify him in interpleading.

In doing this he has claimed the property for the state and insisted that it receive compensation for whatever land is condemned. On his petition the state was made a co-defendant to the suit.

Property Originally Canal Land.

Originally the property in question was canal land and the city of Chicago was permitted to plat it. A portion of the land was in West Water street and later this was vacated by an ordinance, passed in conformity with a statute which went into effect in 1847. The city gave deeds to the land after the street was vacated, but the state contends that it had no authority to do so. It is insisted that the property reverted to the state when the city ceased to use it as a street and the construction of this statute is one of the difficult points involved in the case.

Another contention of the state is that the original survey reserved a dock line ten feet wide, which is now held by private parties, but which is really public property. A third claim is that the meander line of the Chicago river, as originally platted, is west of the margin of the river as it now is, and that the land which has formed by encroachment belongs to the state as a riparian owner.

Landowners Affected.

The following are the property holders who will be affected by the decision:

Norton Milling Co., Lemuel D. Norton, John L. Norton, Northwestern Mut. Life Insurance Co., George A. Armour, Ira T. Munn, Calvin T. Wheeler, John Buckingham, Ebenezer Buckingham, William Dickinson, Hugh McLennan, Louisa Bedley, John A. Cook, W. Christy Churchill, Thomas W. Shreve, Bland Ballard, Adelle L. Shreve Ballard, Heirs of T. T. Shreve, David P. Faulds, Illinois River Elevator Co., Rowan Buchanan, George L. Scott, Joy Morton, Star and Crescent Milling Co., Heirs of H. T. Dickey, John A. Lasher, Creamery Package Manufacturing Co., Francis M. Johnson, Charles M. Reed, Moss Rose Dairy and Produce Co., Patrick J. Murray, Herman Kretschmer, Mary Kretschmer, James M. Gamble, Peter Laflin, John B. Trevor, Henry F. Billings, U. Avery, Union National bank, First National bank.

YOUNG WIFE TELLS STORY OF BEING ABANDONED.

Mrs. Sophie Fellener Says After Husband Brought Her from Iowa He Disappeared—Now Baby Is Dead.

A story of being abandoned by her husband after being brought to Chicago was told to the police of the Harrison street station yesterday by Mrs. Sophie Fellener, 20 years old, who formerly lived near Le Mars, Ia. The young woman's infant daughter is lying dead in a basement at 45 Harmon court. The child died Saturday night without having the attendance of a physician and an inquest will be held today.

The mother has been working as a waitress in a restaurant at 528 State street. She has received $2 a week, out of which sum she has been paying $1.50 a week to Mrs. Riggs, who lives in the house in Harmon court, for the care of her daughter. The child became ill last Friday and grew gradually worse. The infant had been in a weak condition since its birth, five weeks ago, in the County hospital.

According to the young woman's story both of her parents are dead. She was married a year and a half ago to John Fellener at Merrill, N. D., and later moved to a farm near Le Mars, Ia., which is owned by her brother. Mrs. Fellener declared that her husband failed to provide suitably for her support, and against the wishes of her brother, she says, she consented to accompany her husband to Chicago. Mrs. Fellener declares that she does not now know his whereabouts, although she believes he is employed in a stable somewhere.

Date for Industrial Meeting.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 21.—Labor Commissioners W. A. L. Johnson of Topeka, Kas.; T. A. Smith of Baltimore, J. M. Clark of Harrisburg, Pa., and David Ross of Springfield, Ill., met here today and decided to hold the next annual meeting of the National Bureau of Industrial Statistics at Washington April 28, 29, and 30, and May 2 and 3, 1903.

Christmas Day You Will Want a Punch

You Can Decorate It with Fruits in Season and It Will Cost You Comparatively Little.

Christmas Punch—For 16 persons. Cost $2.30.

Use, as your basis, a lemonade made strong and sweet. Add to:

1 quart W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook Whiskey, bottled in bond..$1.50
½ pint Medford Rum..... 35c
1 jigger Chartreuse, yellow (one pint, $1.30—8 jiggers to the pint)..... 25c
1 quart Apollinaris Water..... 25c
Decorate with Sliced Pineapple, Oranges and Maraschino Cherries, 60c per bottle.....

Claret Punch—6 persons, 90c; 12 persons, $1.80.

Cost varies according to grade of claret used.

Make a strong and sweet lemonade as the basis for this punch. Add to:

1 quart Claret—ranging in price from 25c to..... 50c
1 jigger Chartreuse, yellow (1 pint, $1.30—8 jiggers to the pint)..... 25c
1 quart Apollinaris Water..... 25c
Decorate in the usual manner with fruits.

Whiskey Punch—for 16 persons. Cost $2.65

1 quart W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, bottled in bond.....$1.50
1 quart Apollinaris..... 25c

Champagne Punch—For 8 persons. Cost $4.35.

Use large punch bowl, and slice thin, so as to get full effect of the juice, two oranges and two lemons, and add 8 lumps loaf sugar, then add:

1 pint Curacoa ($1.50 per quart in jug)..... 75c
⅓ pint Cognac..... 75c
1 quart Apollinaris..... 25c
1 quart White Seal, Mumm's Extra Dry or Piper Heidsieck.....$2.60

Have the Apollinaris ice cold, and serve when punch is served, so that each person can make strength to suit.

Whiskey Punch—For 8 persons. Cost $1.40.

1 pint W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, bottled in bond..... 75c
Liven up with one pint Apollinaris..... 15c
Decorate with slices pineapple, oranges and Maraschino cherries—60c per bottle.....

Rum Punch—for 10 persons. Cost $1.60.

Use strong and sweet lemonade as basis. Add:

1 quart St. Croix Rum.....$1.35
1 quart Apollinaris, ice cold..... 25c
Decorate with fruits in season.

You Will also Want for the Holidays:

Sherries, 75c to $3.25 a bottle. Grand Sauternes, $4.25. Champagnes, $8.00 to $36.00 a case. Sparkling Burgundies and Moselles, $20.00 to $28.00 per case. Chartreuse (yellow), $2.60 per bottle. California Wines, 25c up, and W. H. McBrayer's World Famous Cedar Brook Whiskey, bottled in bond, and Scotch and Irish Whiskies. *We give you the lowest prices to be found in Chicago.*

Our Telephone Calls Are Harrison 3291, 3292, 3293.

HANNAH & HOGG,

Family Purveyors. — *307-309 Wabash-av., opposite Auditorium.*

STUDENT PROFESSOR TO WED.

Wilbur M. Kay, Who Has Accepted a Chair at Washington and Jefferson College, Will Be Married Dec. 30.

Wilbur M. Kay, an undergraduate student at the University of Chicago who has accepted the chair of public speaking in Washington and Jefferson college, will be married

WILBUR M. KAY.

before assuming his new position. His bride will be Miss Fannie Jones of Remington, Ind., who is a graduate of Northwestern university. The ceremony will take place at Remington Dec. 30, and the couple's wedding trip will be the journey to Washington, Pa., the field of Mr. Kay's new educational duties.

EGYPTIAN GIFTS FOR YALE.

Annual Consignment of Antiquities for Peabody Museum Reach New Haven in Good Order.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The annual gift of antiquities from the Egypt Exploration Fund association has just been received by the Yale Peabody museum. The assignment, which is from the ruins of Abydos and Fayum, contains specimens of more than one hundred flint instruments, spindles, and figures belonging to the first dynasty, Ushabti heads, figures and bronzes, a double granite statue of Unnefer and his sister from between the thirteenth and eighteenth dynasties, a cartonnage mask, ivory, beads, wooden combs, pottery, vases, lamps, glass vases, bronze bangles, etc., dating from the Greco-Roman period. The collection has been installed with the accessions of the last three years from the Egypt fund.

TAX MANDAMUS TO BE HEARD.

Action to Compel New Assessment of Railroad Real Estate Up for Argument.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Beginning tomorrow morning Judge Creighton will hear the arguments in the mandamus case of the city of Chicago against the state board of equalization to compel the board to change its methods of assessing real estate used by railroads so that the local communities will get the same revenue from the railroad lands as from contiguous lands used for other purposes. The evidence was taken two months ago, but the time of argument was not set until a few days ago, when the records were finally completed. Two days will be taken up in the addresses to the court.

Tract Society Anniversary.

The Rev. A. C. Dixon of Boston will speak at the meeting at Central Y. M. C. A. auditorium, 153 La Salle street, today at 12 o'clock. The meeting is in celebration of the thirteenth anniversary of the Chicago Tract society.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

For table or cooking purposes—

Swift's Jersey Butterine

costs one-third less than butter. It can be satisfactorily used wherever butter is used.

Put up in 1 and 2-pound prints in printed paper wrappers like illustration. Ask your dealer.

Kansas City Omaha St. Louis Swift & Company, Chicago St. Joseph St. Paul Ft. Worth

UNKNOWN ENDS HIS LIFE ON BANK OF SALT CREEK.

Body of Man Found in Lonely Spot and Beside It Is Revolver with Which the Shot Was Fired.

A lonely spot on the bank of Salt creek, midway between Lyons and Grossdale, was chosen for the suicide of a man whose identity has not been established and who was a stranger to all the farmers in the neighborhood.

The body was found yesterday, lying face downward in a clump of bushes. Beside it was a revolver with one empty chamber, and in the man's right temple was a bullet wound.

The suicide was clad in a dark suit and a gray overcoat, while nearby lay a derby hat. His hair was black, as was his mustache. He was 5 feet 8 inches in height and apparently weighed 180 pounds.

A BOOK FOR BOYS.

Behind the Line

A Story of School and Football

By RALPH HENRY BARBOUR

Author of "The Half-back," "Captain of the Crew," etc. Illustrated by C. M. RELYEA. 12mo, cloth. Price, $1.20.

The Dial says: "The best book of the year for boys is Ralph Henry Barbour's 'Behind the Line.'"

"Nothing more wholesome than this book can well be imagined. Granted an interest in football, and its pages are nothing less than fascinating."—Chicago Daily News.

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New York and Chicago.

Christmas Diamonds Very Easy Payments

Strelitz Bros. 167 Dearborn St.

Open Evenings.

REVELL & CO.

Fine Parlor Tables

Inlaid Mahogany Tops, 24 inches in diameter,

$7.50

Wabash Avenue and Adams Street.

UNION GOODS FOR UNION MEN

Made by THE UNIVERSAL TOBACCO CO., an independent company and

NOT THE TOBACCO TRUST

Sovereign 5c CIGARETTES AND LITTLE CIGARS

Seal Skin 5c SMOKING TOBACCO

UNION MADE

Are you wearing the right collar? Does it feel comfortable? If not, you need the Cluett-Peabody kind—they'll show you what collar comfort means. All leading styles made in quarter sizes. See the

Cluett "Katonah" 25c
Arrow "Creswell" 15c

They fit Cluett or Monarch Shirts, or any equally good shirt—if you can find one. Good dealers sell them.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

THE QUALITY OF THE

Vose PIANO

is most strongly emphasized by critical comparison. All the musical possibilities of piano construction are realized in the Vose, the famous *Vose Tone* being itself the guarantee of Vose superiority.

Other makes of Pianos at prices that defy competition.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.
246 Wabash-av.

READ THE TRIBUNE FOR SPORTING NEWS

THE TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

Marshall Field & Company

Holiday shoppers will find our Reading, Writing and Rest Rooms an ideal place for a moment's recreation—comfortable chairs, reclining couches, telephones, parcel checking room, stenographer, &c.

"Private Exchange—One" is our new telephone call. 250 stations make every section of the house immediately accessible.

For the accommodation of our customers Theater Tickets for Powers', the Grand, Illinois and the Studebaker are sold in the Reading, Writing and Rest Rooms on the Third Floor North Room.

The hurried shoppers' requirements have been carefully considered in every part of this store.

Every section of this popular gift store will make an extraordinary effort during these remaining three days to facilitate selections for shoppers who have limited time. In selecting these immense stocks of Christmas goods special provision was made for the needs of belated choosers. Displays in every section will be made unusually attractive, enabling purchasers to obtain in the shortest possible time a comprehensive idea of the great varieties. The largely increased sales-force—between 7,500 and 8,000 are on the rolls of the retail store—in every section has become thoroughly well acquainted with its respective stocks, and every system has been so perfected as to enable us to accomplish every transaction in the shortest possible time.

Many advantageous bargain opportunities in odd and broken lines will give an increased interest to our "Always Lowest Prices."

Three Days of Incomparable Bargains in Handkerchiefs.

An immense special purchase which has just been received and placed on sale will give an additional impetus to the closing days of this most wonderfully successful holiday sale of handkerchiefs. The great quantities will make the opportunities of the late choosers not only equally good in point of selection but decidedly superior as regards the extent of the values.

Children's Handkerchiefs in attractive boxes, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Women's embroidered, hemstitched, revere, scalloped or lace edged Handkerchiefs, each 25c and 50c.

Women's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Women's fine Handkerchiefs in individual boxes, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

Men's White Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, each, 18c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Men's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Men's All-linen Handkerchiefs with colored borders, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Men's fine Linen Handkerchiefs with white barred centers and borders, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25.

Men's Dotted Handkerchiefs for full dress, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00.

Men's Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, 50c and 75c.

Men's Plain Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Men's Mufflers, $1.00, $1.50 to $9.00.

Men's Long Scarfs for full dress, $2.00, $2.50, $3.50.

First Floor South Room.

In the Lamp Section.

This season we are showing unusually beautiful decorative effects in artistic Library, Piano and Low Table Lamps and Shades. Many of the Lamps are Oriental pieces in Japanese bronze, old brass, or pottery.

Holiday special—Mammoth Student Lamps, Japanese or old brass finish, 10-inch domes, complete at $5.00.

Third Floor Annex.

Great Holiday Sale of Boys' High-grade Sweaters.

This is the opportunity of the season to purchase a sweater at prices very close to their actual cost to the manufacturer. Such a collection of bargains is now on sale in the Main and Basement Sections as has never been gotten together in any other store in the country. The styles are all of the newest, most attractive and the most desirable colors and combinations.

Especial attention is directed to the exceptional values in Sweaters for Infants.

Third Floor South Room.

Boys' and Infants' plain and novelty Sweaters of the best grades, sizes for infants, 3 to 7, $2.50; sizes for boys, 6 to 18, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $5.00.

In addition to the above our entire stock of Infants' Sweaters in the Basement Section has been marked at the following very low reductions:

Infants' Pure Worsted Yarn Sweaters, sizes 3 to 7, a very special bargain, 95c.

Infants' All-Wool Sweaters, sizes 1 to 7, with white cotton mercerized stripe at top price to close, 50c.

Infants' Pure Wool Sweaters, sizes 1 to 7, 75c.

The most important items in this great sale are the Boys' Sweaters at 75c, 95c and $1.45. 400 dozen of these were placed on sale several days ago, and the immense numbers sold induced us to make an additional purchase of 200 dozen, which have been added to the original lot. No such bargains as these have ever been offered in this section or elsewhere—75c, 95c, $1.45.

Extraordinary Announcement: The entire surplus stock of Women's Cloaks from our great Wholesale Cloak Department will be placed on sale Friday morning in the Basement Section at an average discount of 60% from the regular prices. Twice as much space—50 extra salespeople.

The Most Satisfactory Way,

the quickest and the easiest, will be to purchase merchandise certificates and thereby permit the recipients to choose at their own convenience.

They are redeemable at any time and in any one of the sections of this store.

The Great "End-of-the-Year" Sale of Millinery is now in Progress.

A fourth will be taken from the regular prices in every line of these immense stocks at time of sale.

Fine Trimmed Millinery, Ready-to-Wear Hats, Untrimmed Shapes, Ostrich Plumes and all Feather Trimmings, Flowers, Foliage and Ornaments, Garnitures for the Hair and Corsage.

Not a single exception will be made. It is as a whole an opportunity such as has been offered never before in these sections—never before in Chicago. A very strong point in favor of the purchaser is the present large stocks and the extensive varieties which have been necessitated by the unprecedented business of the past several weeks. The following comparisons will illustrate the extent of the savings:

High-Grade $25 Trimmed Hats, $18.75. Ready-to-Wear $5 Hats, $3.75. Handsome large $10 Ostrich Plumes, $7.50.

As this is a sale to reduce the lines throughout our entire stock before inventory these discounts will not prevail after December 31st.

Glove Certificates are Popular

for men as well as for women. They do away with the probability of the wrong size or of an undesirable style or shade being selected.

The excellence of our Kid Gloves especially recommends them to gift seekers.

Japanese Brasses and Bronzes.

Gift seekers will find the Japanese Room an ideal place to select articles of virtu at moderate prices. Quaintly Oriental and original, these pieces have the distinctive characteristics of Japanese art at its best.

Solid brass and bronze hand wrought Vases, Idols, Antiques and various Temple Pieces, Incense Burners, Ash Bowls, Finger Bowls, are displayed in great variety.

The collection is sufficiently varied and comprehensive to allow the greatest exercise of individual taste in the selection of gifts.

Third Floor Annex.

A Great Final Reduction Sale in Girls' Coats and Suits.

This will be an event of unusual importance on our Fourth Floor. Every garment in the broken sizes or odd lines of Coats and Suits will be placed on sale Monday morning at prices which will average half or less than half of the November prices.

Many of the garments are recent arrivals and have received their first reduction in this sale.

The high character of every Coat and Suit makes the bargains all the more wonderful. We expect these prices to close out the entire collection before the end of the week.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

Children's Cloaks in three quarter and full lengths; range of reductions, $3.75, $5.00, $6.75, $7.50, $9.75, $12.50, $14.75, $16.50, $20.00, $25.00.

Misses' Jackets and three quarter Coats in which the range of the November prices was from $10.75 to $50.00 have been reduced as follows: $7.50, $9.75, $12.50, $14.75 to $30.00.

Misses' Long Coats in which the range of the November prices was from $8.00 to $32.50 will be placed on sale at $9.75, $12.75, $15.00 and $20.00.

Misses' Norfolk Suits, in plaids and plain colors, reduced prices range from $8.75 to $15.00.

Misses' Suits in plaids, mixtures and plain colors, reductions range from $12.50 to $25.00.

Great Sale of Cut Glass.

A recent purchase at a very low price of the surplus stock of a well-known cut glass manufacturer enables us to offer an opportunity invaluable to gift seekers to obtain high-grade pieces of Cut Glass at a great reduction.

As many as possible of the larger pieces have been arranged on special tables at $5.50, $5.00, $7.50 and $10.00.

Olive Trays, Jelly Dishes, Bonbon Dishes, and other smaller pieces are priced at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75 and $2.95.

Fourth Floor Annex.

New Designs in Exclusive Waists.

To our large assortment of winter waists we have added several new and very attractive ideas. These designs are exclusive to us, and in elegance of style, excellence of qualities, and perfection of workmanship they are without doubt the very best obtainable values.

Dainty white Peau de Cygne Waists, in the new round yoke effects, front trimmed with large medallion of lace, a very effective style, $12.75.

A charming design is in white Peau de Cygne, with front, back and cuffs ornamented with novel and artistic effects in Oriental embroidery; at an unequaled low price, $8.00.

Handsome tucked and brier-stitched Waists of Peau de Cygne, in white and light blue, trimmed with fancy crocheted buttons, correct in style and finish, $6.00.

Two new designs in fashionable fancy vestings, in white and in colors, tucked front, trimmed with large pearl buttons, stylish and serviceable, $6.00.

Waist of tan colored vestings, tucked front, trimmed with large pearl buttons, a splendid value at the price—$2.95.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

The Last Three Days Before Christmas

are always busy days in the

Jewelry and Silverware Sections

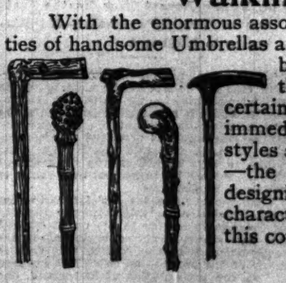
But our stocks have never been better prepared to meet late holiday shopping requirements than they are now. The following divisions contain many exquisite novelties suitable for Christmas gifts:

Annex First Floor.

Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, Imported Jewelry Novelties, Fans, Diamonds, Hair Ornaments.

Unequaled Lines of Umbrellas and Walking Sticks.

With the enormous assortments and the very great varieties of handsome Umbrellas and Walking Sticks this section is better than ever prepared to meet the enormous demand which is certain to be made upon it in the days immediately preceding Christmas. The styles are far from being commonplace—the exquisite taste displayed in the designing of the handles giving them a character not to be found elsewhere in this country.



Comparison will reveal the extreme lowness of our prices.

Walking Sticks, hundreds of styles from the best American and European makers, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 to $40.00.

Other popular gift prices, $3.75, $6.00, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $11.00 and $12.50.

A special Christmas Umbrella at $3.00.

Umbrellas for the little ones an exceptionally strong feature of this section, 75c, $1.25, $2.00, $2.50 to $50.00.

First Floor South Room.

Holiday Gifts for Men.

Second Floor North Room.

House Jackets, Lounging Robes, Bath Robes and Slippers in a wide variety of styles and prices, afford many gift suggestions. The great numbers of holiday shoppers who are daily selecting presents in this section prove the popularity of these always suitable gifts for men.

House Jackets.

House Jackets in two toned Scotch and English Cloths, $5.00, $6.00, $8.00 and $10.00.

House Jackets in Matelasse, Broadcloth, Velvet, or Corduroy, $8.00 to $25.00.

Dressing Gowns.

Dressing Gowns and Lounging Robes in two toned effects, golf plaids, etc., $8, $10 to $20.00.

Silk and Wool Matelasse and Velvet Dressing Gowns in many bright new effects, silk lined, $25.00 to $50.00.

Bath Robes.

All Wool Bath Robes, fancy borders, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 to $25.00.

Cotton Blanket Bath Robes, fancy borders, plain Persian or scroll designs, $5 and $6.

Bath Slippers to match Robes, from $1 to $5.

Holiday Ribbons—a Collection of Rare Bargains.

We have planned to bring this great holiday sale to a most successful end—one that will be in keeping with the enormous sales of the past few weeks. To accomplish this we have selected the following high-class Ribbons and marked them at these extremely low prices:

At 25c a Yard.

6½ inch Persian Satin Taffeta in two patterns, a good assortment of colorings.

5½ inch Corded Taffeta Moire Satin, striped.

6 and 6½ inch Double Faced Liberty Satin and Satin Taffeta.

5 and 7¼ inch Fancy Taffeta Plaids.

5 inch Glace Satin.

4½ inch Fancy Striped Taffeta.

4 inch Fancy Striped Satin Taffeta.

At 50c a Yard.

9 inch Plaid Taffeta Satin, striped.

7½ inch Persian Satin Taffeta.

4½ to 9 inch Warp-printed Satin Taffeta and plain Taffetas in a large variety of patterns and colorings.

5½ to 7 inch Brocaded Satins in several beautiful patterns and colorings.

7½ inch Moire Antique Taffeta, Satin edge.

At 75c a Yard.

8½ inch Warp-printed Taffeta, satin and velvet stripes.

9½ inch Satin and Taffeta, plaid, velvet stripes.

Ribbon Remnants at a Fraction of Regular Prices.

Every short end that has accumulated during this event has been reserved for this closing sale. The collection is necessarily immense, comprising nearly all of the season's styles and colorings in plain and fancy Ribbons. The lowness of the prices will be immediately recognized.

First Floor South Room.

House Gowns, Wrappers and Sacques

Our lines of these are especially deserving of the attention of Christmas shoppers during these three days. In completeness, variety and style-excellence they have been in no degree impaired by the enormously heavy sales of the past weeks. As good opportunities are offered as at any other time of the season to select an acceptable gift.

Ripple Elderdown Sacques with appliqued collar, special, 95c.

Elderdown Sacques in many different styles, $1.25.

French Flannel Dressing Sacques trimmed with ribbon; yoke, collar and cuffs lined with silk, $3.95.

Cotton Crepe Kimono Wrappers, silk facing, $3.95 and $4.95.

Japanese Quilted Silk Robes, in the prettiest colors, $12.75.

Ripple Elderdown Robes, handsomely appliqued, $12.75.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

Great Clearance Sale of Infants' Coats, $3.95, $5.00 and $5.95.

This sale is the result of one of the very many opportunities extended to us by manufacturers wishing to dispose of their surplus stock at a loss. We took advantage of the event owing to the general excellence and the desirability of the garments both in the styles and in the materials.

Third Floor South Room.

We have marked each garment at a price which should certainly effect a complete sale of the entire purchase before inventory.

The materials are fine Venetian, serge, broadcloth, black silks, black and navy velvet. Sizes are 2 and 3 years. Prices—$3.95, $5.00, $5.95.

Basement Section—The bargains in Infants' Coats which will be offered this week in this section are unusually attractive—many different styles and materials, $2.95, $3.95, $5.00.

Dainty Neckwear—Many Styles and Prices.

Quick purchases will be the order with gift seekers during the next few days. In no other section can a pleasing choice be more readily made than from these fascinating, exclusive novelties in neckwear.

First Floor South Room.

While the lines could not possibly be so large and so varied as they were at the beginning of the season, still the immensity of our purchases make possible a larger and more varied selection than has ever before been possible at this time.

Ostrich Boas are popular and practical, beautiful colors and many of the most desired lengths, $10, $12, $13.50, $15, $16, $18, $20, $25 to $45.

Liberty Silk Scarfs in Persian, figured and plain effects, $1.50 to $7.50.

Liberty Silk Boas in the latest styles and of the best materials, $4.50, $5.00, $5.50, $6.50, $7.50 to $25.

Fancy Neckwear in a large assortment of excellent styles and colors, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 to $27.50.

Women's Sweaters and Vests.

For general street wear these comfortable winter garments are becoming extremely popular. They are being extensively worn either by themselves or underneath coats. Being a protection they are at the same time attractive in the neatness of the styles and the pretty colors, both of which are to be seen in great varieties in our present selection.

First Floor North Room.

They are being especially sought after for Christmas gifts.

Women's Sweaters, fastening in front, high collars and sleeves, $3.50, $5.00, worth $6.50, $10.00.

Women's Sleeveless Vests, $1.50 to $4.50.

Men's Sweaters, in all desirable colors and weights, $3.50 to $9.00.

Christmas Thoughts in Furniture.

To Christmas shoppers, no more sensible, more practical or more serviceable remembrance than a selection from our lines of high class Furniture. We claim for every piece an individuality which makes the possession of it a lasting pleasure.

Sixth Floor North Room.

The following are two of the very specially prepared items which are finding great favor among gift seekers.

There are very few homes in which a place cannot be found for one of these beautiful pieces.

Fancy Writing Desks, firmly constructed of golden oak or maple, $9.50.

Music Cabinets, made exclusively for us, mahogany finish, with three inside shelves and brass empire wreath on door; brass key, escutcheon, and hinges, see cut, $5.25.

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Barrett, James. Brenner, William. Brousseau, Angele. Buehler, Rosa. Coleman, Officer Patrick. Duffy, James. Feld, John C. Fritze, Otto. Griesbaum, Christina. Harrison, Duncan. Feld, John C. Griffin, Charles F. Gibbons, Thomas. Glawe, Fred. Haschke, Mrs. J. E. Hyde, the Rev. Benjamin F. Healy, Denis. Jennings, Bert. Kelly, John. Kister, Hallie. Lowry, James L. Laffin, Helen. Mullen, Ellen. Mills, Beatrice Juliette. Mahony, Patrick. Maynard, Edward C. Purcell, Eleanor. Rath, George. Schneider, Mrs. Anna. Schultz, George Adam. Strehlow, Amalie R. Stevens, S. H. Watkins, Cecil A.

BARRETT—James, husband of Mrs. Jane Barrett. Funeral today at 1:30 p. m. from 1788 36th st. to Mount Greenwood.

BRENNER—William. Funeral Dec. 21 from 6247 Ellis-av., to Waldheim.

BROUSSEAU—Angele, aged 25 years, wife of Reuben Brousseau. Funeral today from 82 Orleans-st. to Notre Dame church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

BUEHLER—Rosa, widow of John Buehler. Funeral Monday, Dec. 22, at 12 m., from residence, 5 Ewing-pl., to Waldheim.

COLEMAN—Officer Patrick J., aged 45 years, at 1825 Perry-av. Funeral notice later.

DUFFY—James, beloved husband of the late Maria Duffy and father of James, Jennie, Katie, and Edward Duffy. Funeral from his late residence, 294 Austin-av., to St. Columbkill's church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

FOLD—John C., Dec. 20, aged 65 years, husband of Frances Fold. Funeral Dec. 23, at 10 a. m., from 3506 Western-av. to St. Maritius' church, thence by carriages to St. Boniface.

FRITZE—Otto, Dec. 16, aged 58 years. Funeral Dec. 21 from 2540 Keeley-st. to Bethania.

FOLZ—John C., Saturday, Dec. 20, 1902, beloved husband of Frances Folz, father of Mrs. Mary Day, Mrs. Anna MacLeod, and Emma and Ida Folz, aged 64 years, 7 months. Funeral Tuesday, Dec. 23, at 10 a. m., from late residence, 3506 Western-av., to St. Mauritius' church, thence by carriages to St. Boniface cemetery.

GRIESBAUM—Christina, widow of Joseph Griesbaum, at 4643 W. Congress-st. Funeral notice later.

FERGUSON—Dec. 19, 1902, Duncan Ferguson, aged 71 years. Funeral from his late residence, 3616 La Salle-st., Tuesday at 2 o'clock, to Oakwoods, under the auspices of Apollo Lodge No. 391, A. F. & A. M., member of Chicago Chapter No. 127, R. A. M., Lincoln Post No. 91, G. A. R., and 79th regiment Highlanders, N. Y., vounteers. Please omit flowers. Sterling, Scotland, and New York papers please copy.

GRIFFIN—Charles F., aged 45, at Hammond, Ind., Dec. 20, 1902. Funeral services at Hammond Methodist church, Tuesday, Dec. 23, at 2 o'clock, at 12 o'clock in Crown Point, Ind. Mr. Grimm was a leading Indiana lawyer, a member of the Chicago bar, and formerly secretary of state for Indiana.

GIBBONS—Thomas, husband of Mary Gibbons, at 734 South Halsted-st. Funeral notice later.

GLAWE—Fred, Dec. 19, husband of Augusta Glawe. Funeral today.

HASCHKE—Mrs. J. E., Dec. 20. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 305 S. Lincoln-st. by carriages to Calvary.

HEALY—Denis, aged 70 years. Funeral today at 8 a. m. from 3846 Elmwood-pl. to Holy Angels' church; burial at Ottawa, Ill.

HYDE—The Rev. Benjamin F. Funeral Dec. 23 from 751 Sedgwick to Englewood First M. E. church, thence to Oakwoods.

JENNINGS—Bert, Dec. 1, in New York City, son of Mrs. W. H. Jennings. Funeral Dec. 21 at Hesselgrave's chapel.

KELLY—John. Funeral Dec. 21 from 2006 35th-st. to St. James' church, thence to Calvary.

KISTER—Hallie, Dec. 12, at Los Angeles, Cal., wife of H. J. Kister.

LOWRY—The funeral of James L. Lowry, better known as "Pattie," newsdealer at 35th-st. and Cottage Grove-av., will take place at the Institution, 35th and Dearborn-sts., at 3 o'clock Tuesday, Dec. 23.

LAFFIN—Helen, aged 17 years, daughter of David and Sophia Laffin. Funeral today at 10 a. m. from 372 W. 18th-st., to Dunning.

MULLEN—Ellen, Dec. 19, daughter of John and Ellen Mullen. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from 3511 Parnell-av. to Nativity church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

MILLS—Beatrice Juliette, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Mills, suddenly of pneumonia, Dec. 21, 1902. Funeral at residence, 130 Ridge-av., Evanston, Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

MAHONY—Patrick, husband of Bridget Mahoney. Funeral today; burial at Calvary.

MAYNARD—Edward C., husband of Mary Maynard, 3154 33d-pl. Funeral notice later.

PURCELL—Eleanor, aged 18 years, daughter of Martin J. and Anna Purcell. Funeral Dec. 23 at 8 a. m. from 297 W. Ohio-st., to St. Columbkill's church. Services by carriages to Mount Carmel.

RATH—George R., aged 54 years. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from 843 Lincoln-av. to St. Boniface.

SCHNEIDER—Mrs. Anna, wife of Ben Schneider, aged 36 years. Funeral today at 8:30 a. m. from 108 Baring-st. to St. Michael's church, thence to St. Boniface.

SCHULTZ—George Adam, Dec. 19, aged 43 years. Funeral Dec. 21 from 58 South Curtis-st. to Rosehill.

STEVENS—S. H., aged 76 years, Friday evening, Dec. 19, 1902. Funeral from his late residence, 2 Ellsworth-pl., Monday, Dec. 22, at 2 p. m. Illinois Commandery, Loyal Legion and George R. Thomas Post No. 5.

STREHLOW—Amalie R., aged 26 years, daughter of Mrs. Emma Strehlow, wife of Rev. Julius Strehlow, Ill., to Champaign. Burial today at Ft. a.

WATKINS—Henry M., Dec. 20, aged 43 years, husband of Margaret Truse, 5812 Union-av. Funeral notice later.

WATKINS—Cecil A., beloved husband of W. H. Watkins, died Dec. 19, 1902. Funeral late residence, 24 Tremont-st., Tuesday, Dec. 23, at 2 p. m. New York City and Wiesbaden (Germany) papers please copy.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE ISSUED BY THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT:

Brooms, Angelo, 75; 52 Oregon-av., Dec. 19.
Forest, James J., 50; 1786 36th-st., Dec. 20.
Hammond, Mary, 60; Madison-st. and Central-av., Austin, Dec. 19.
Green, Violet, 6; 4039 Wallace-st., Dec. 18.
Hahn, Frederick, 86; 618 Pacific-av., Dec. 19.
Hall, Margaret, 71; 163 De Koven-st., Dec. 19.
Hanahan, Christine, 68; 4043 Congress-st. Dec. 20.
Hart, Fred, 73; 1444 Diversey-blvd., Dec. 19.
Hill, Mary, 71; 626 Sheffield-av., Dec. 20.
Hobbs Hilen, 20; 596 W. Madison-st., Dec. 20.
Hoff, Thomas, 57; 2906 Fifth-av., Dec. 19.
Hoffman, Mary, 64; 1704 Wabansia-av., Dec. 19.
Holles, Annie, 53; 113 S. Jefferson-st., Dec. 18.
Holt, George, 58; Alexian Brothers' hospital, Dec. 18.
Hood, Patrick, 72; 47 S. Curtis-st., Dec. 19.
Hoter, Della, 40; 200 W. Huron-st., Dec. 20.
Howard, Thomas, 57; Tuesday at 2 o'clock, to Oakwoods, under the auspices of Apollo Lodge No. 391, A. F. & A. M., member of Chicago Chapter No. 127, R. A. M., Lincoln Post No. 91, G. A. R., and 79th regiment Highlanders, N. Y., vounteers. Please omit flowers. Sterling, Scotland, and New York papers please copy.
Howard, Mary, 71; 1444 Diversey-blvd., Dec. 19.
Hughes, Sylvanus H., 76; 5432 Jefferson-av., Dec. 19.
Humbler, Anna, 50; 168 Burling-st., Dec. 19.
Hunt, Mary J., 74; 1704 Wabansia-av., Dec. 19.
Ingraf, Lizza, 50; 176 Adams-st., Dec. 19.
Ivers, Priscilla, 77; 914 Adams-st., Dec. 19.
Jerick, Mary Louise, 3; 3728 Wabash-av., Dec. 19.
Jones, Harry, 37; 533 E. 67th-st., Dec. 20.
Kelly, Julia, 70; 164 Congress-st., Dec. 20.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair Monday, colder at night. Tuesday fair, fresh to brisk northwesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Cloudy Monday, probably snow, colder at night. Tuesday fair, brisk westerly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Monday, except snow in extreme northern portion, colder in western portion and probably in east portion. Tuesday fair, brisk westerly to northwesterly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Monday, except snow near Lake Superior, colder in southeast portion. Tuesday fair, fresh northerly winds.

Iowa—Fair Monday, except snow near Lake Superior, colder in southeast portion. Tuesday fair. Fair Monday, colder in central and northeast portion, Tuesday fair.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Min. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State weather.
Time taken:						
Dec. 21, 8 p. m.						
Abilene	50	54	36	N.W.	.16	Clear
Alpena	34	36	30	N.E.	.30	Rain
Atlanta	36	38	34	S.	.54	Clear
Bismarck	52	54	36	S.W.	.54	Clear
Boise City	40	46	36			Clear
Buffalo	6	18	2	Calm		Clear
Cairo	10	18	8	N.		Clear
Calgary	40	48	32	W.	.24	Clo'dy
Cheyenne	40	48	30	N.W.	.50	Rain
Chicago	34	42	28	W.	Tr.	Clear
Cincinnati	34	48	30	W.		Clear
Concordia	46	50	26	Calm		Clear
Corpus Christi	72	74	68	S.W.		Clear
Davenport	26	34	22	S.W.	.74	Clo'dy
Des Moines	22	30	20	N.		Clear
Detroit	30	36	26	N.W.	.07	Clear
Dodge City	40	42	30	W.	.38	Clo'dy
Duluth	30	40	24	S.W.	.07	Fair
Escanaba	32	34	28	S.W.	.08	Rain
Fort Smith	58	62	46	N.		Clear
Galveston	68	72	66	N.W.	.08	Clo'dy
Grand Haven	36	38	34	N.W.	.01	Clear
Green Bay	28	34	22	N.W.		Clear
Helena	30	40	24	W.	.08	Clo'dy
Huron	20	30	8	S.		Clear
Jacksonville	50	54	46	S.W.	.08	Clo'dy
Kansas City	38	44	34	S.W.	.08	Clo'dy
Knoxville	38	44	34	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
La Crosse	24	30	20	S.W.	.12	Clear
Lander	36	42	30	N.		Clear
Little Rock	42	42	40	W.		Clear
Los Angeles	58	64	52	W.		Clear
Louisville	38	44	34	W.		Clear
Marquette	34	34	30	N.W.	.42	Snow
Memphis	50	52	46	N.W.		Clear
Modena Hat	4	14	0			Clear
Montreal	26	30	22	W.		Clear
Moorehead	0	10	0	N.W.		Clear
Nashville	38	44	34	N.W.	.26	Clear
New Orleans	62	64	58	N.W.	.01	Clear
Oklahoma	54	56	46	N.W.	.06	Fair
Omaha	36	54	30	N.W.		Clear
Port Arthur	60	62	58	S.E.	.62	Clear
Qu'Appelle	34	36	32	N.W.	.06	Clo'dy
Rapid City	40	42	36	S.E.		Clear
Roseburg	34	36	32	N.W.	.06	Clo'dy
Salt Lake City	30	40	24	N.W.		Clear
San Antonio	62	66	58	N.W.	.02	Clo'dy
San Francisco	52	56	50	W.		Clear
Santa Fe	34	40	30	W.	.02	Clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30	34	26	S.W.	.06	Clear
Seattle	46	48	44	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Shreveport	54	56	52	N.		Clear
Spokane	32	36	30	N.W.		Clo'dy
St. Louis	40	46	36	W.	.38	Clo'dy
St. Paul	34	36	30	S.W.	.06	Clear
Swift Current	36	38	34	W.		Clear
Tampa	68	70	66	N.W.	.16	Rain
Toledo	32	36	30	N.W.		Clear
Vicksburg	52	54	50	N.		Clear
Washington	36	38	34	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Williston	12	20	8	N.W.		Clear
Winnipeg	12	20	8	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Yuma	52	54	44	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

SOUTH DIVISION.

Branches.	Location.
W. E. FUNK	Archer-av., 3923.
W. M. BARRETT	Archer-av., 3923.
C. A. SCHMIDT	Archer-av., 3923.
J. C. BEHNKE	Archer-av., cor. 35th-st.
CHARLES JUNGK	Archer-av., cor. Division.
A. E. HESS	Canal S. A. 2018-2020.
J. F. MARTIN	Commercial-av., 9127.
C. H. RICHARDS	Cottage Grove-av., 3000.
WILLIAM WEBER	Cottage Grove-av., 3214.
MORITZ PHAR.	Cottage Grove-av., 3501.
C. H. STEWART	Cottage Grove-av., 3701.
FELDKAMP DRUG CO.	Cottage Grove & 32d.
C. E. MARSHALL	Cottage Grove & 36th.
C. H. PARSONS	Cottage Grove & 37th.
AMER. DIST. TEL. CO.	Cottage Grove-av., 3916.
BLOOD-WALGREN CO.	Cottage Grove-av., 4134.
H. SIBSON	Cottage Grove-av., 4204.
CHLADEK BROS.	Cottage Grove & 52d.
C. R. SHERMAN	Cottage Grove & 60th.
F. J. SCHMIDT	Cottage Grove-av., 7113.
GARFIELD PHARM.	Garfield-blvd. & Center.
FRANTZ PHARMACY	Grand-blvd. & 42d-st.
HARRISON PHAR.	State, S. & Harrison.
G. A. WECKLER	State, S. & Archer-av.
HOWARD & SOULE	State-st., S. & 31st-st.
STANDARD PHAR.	State-st., S. & 37th-st.
C. F. HOLTHOEFER	State-st., S. & 39th-st.
HOLLAND & DAWSON	State-st., S. & 43d-st.
M. W. RANKIN	State-st., S. & 50th-av.
GEO. BOLLINGER	State-st., S. & 2001.
C. W. HARRIS	State-st., S. & 2201.
H. F. TERRUNE	State-st., S. & 2417.
C. H. KREYSELER	State, S. & 51st-sts.
A. C. PAETER	State-st., S. & 5301.
H. WEIGAND	State, S. & 59th-av.
M. A. HARPER	Stony Island-av. & 70th.
JOHN F. KELLER	Stony Island-av., 7801.
H. D. BROCK	Vincennes-road, 7800.
A. LENZ	Wabash & Harrison-st.
JEAN DUPUIS	Wabash-av. & 16th-st.
O. F. FISCHER	Wabash-av. & 16th-st.
A. J. PATTERSON	Wabash-av., 1601.
C. A. SCHROEDER	Wabash-av., 2201.
RICHMOND PHAR.	Wallace-st., 2001.
J. G. ALETH-HANSEN	Wallace & 22d-st.
JOHN F. KELLER	Wallace-st., 3301.
SIEBERT & ST. JOHN	Wentworth-av. & 22d.
E. A. HOLROYD	Wentworth-av., 2256.
J. BLUNDELL	Wentworth-av. & 31st.
ARTHUR HENSEL	Wentworth-av. & 35th.
T. W. SOLLITT	Wentworth-av. & 43d.
CURTIS DRUG CO.	Wentworth-av., 4001.
J. W. FLINN & CO.	Wentworth-av. & 55th.
J. C. HATCHER	Wentworth-av. & 60th.
HENRY LAUX	Wentworth-av. & 63d.
W. G. McCLURE	Wentworth-av., 7200.
GEO. SELMER	Western-av., N. 1700.
C. H. MURASKI	Western-av., N. 2000.
McKELLIGAN & OTTER	Western-av., N. 2400.
DELL & CO.	Madison-st., W. 178.
J. S. MERCER	Madison-st., W. Wardens.
PASSAIC PHARMACY	Madison-st., W. 1800.
J. C. WHITEFORD	Madison-st., W. 400.
C. H. SCHMIDT	Madison-st., W. 600.
E. M. POWELL	Madison-st., W. 900.
H. HORWITZ	Madison-st., W. 1200.
H. SENGSTACK	Madison-st., W. 1500.
H. R. GILLESPIE	Madison-st., W. 504.
MILTON C. SMUCKER	Madison, W. & Oakley.
C. A. JENSON	Madison-st., W. 1200.
C. A. THAYER	Madison-st., W. 1240.
E. F. FOSTER	Madison & Sacramento.
C. A. HOLMES	Madison, W. & Homan.
H. REUTER	Madison, W. & 40th-av.
C. A. FISCHER	Madison, W. & 42d-av.
C. A. SCHROEDER	Maplewood-av., 719.
G. GEYMER	Milwaukee-av., 2212.
HOTTINGER DRUG CO.	Milwaukee-av., 4602.
MILWAUKEE AV. PH.	Milwaukee-av., 4701.
XELOWSKI DRUG CO.	Milwaukee-av., 5601.
M. J. ALLEN	Milwaukee-av., 6201.
H. BROWN	Milwaukee-av., 6801.
HIGH SCHOOL PHAR.	Milwaukee-av., 6815.
G. VAN NICK	Milwaukee-av., 6901.
PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE	Milwaukee-av., 6911.
A. P. BERNHARDT	Milwaukee-av., 6926.
C. F. FISCHER	Myra Mayr & Wimthrop.
J. E. VOIGT	Center & Bissell-sts.
E. H. LADISH	Center & Larrabee-sts.
L. HESSELROTH	Chicago-av. & Sedgwick.

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

WEST DIVISION.

Branches.	Location.
DINET & DELFOSSE	Armitage-av., 825.
A. F. FREUND	Armitage-av., 1000.
A. ROSENFELD	Armitage-av., 1128.
W. F. BAESLAU	Armitage-av., 1198.
RAPPUH BROS.	Armitage-av., 1512.
A. M. SCOTT	Ashland & Armitage.
H. STRUD	Ashland & Monroe-st.
C. PLATTS	Ashland-av., S. & 19th.
A. FRONN	Belmont-av., 1957.
J. A. GRIMME	Belmont-av., 3357.
A. C. DAHL	Blue Island-av., 2401.
C. D. TAGER	Blue Island-av., 2800.
W. A. PLICE	California, E. & Polk.
AUGUST CATTELL	Canalport-av., 124.
A. G. POLLOCK	Canalport-av., 1800.
C. R. SHERMAN	Chicago-av., W. 800.
F. J. BIERMANN	Chicago-av., W. 1001.
HENRY SCHMIDT	Chicago-av., W. 1201.
CHAS. J. MATTHAEI	Chicago-av., W. 1401.
GRAESSLE-KOEHLER	Chicago-av., W. 1701.
C. C. SEHINGER	Chicago-av., W. 2201.
H. J. ADIS	Chicago-av., W. 1770.
J. RITTER	Colorado-av., 179.
C. C. THIEL	Colorado-av., 1200.
J. E. MURBACH	Diversey-av., W. 800.
C. A. ELLSBERG	Division-st., W. 662.
J. HELSE	Division-st., W. 1000.
J. KELLACK BROS.	Division-st., W. 1201.
C. G. NEWCOMB	Erie, W. & Noble-sts.
DIAMOND PHARMACY	Grand-av., W. 2001.
DRUUWE'S PHARMACY	Grand-av., W. 2202.
F. V. BEHRENS	Grand-av., W. 1737.
C. H. PFEIFFER	Grand-av., W. 1901.
A. ROMANO	Grand-av., W. 2201.
C. J. RETTING	Halsted-st., N. Jackson.
JOHN F. KELLER	Halsted-st., N. 1001.
A. SHUTAN	Halsted-st., N. 1201.
H. A. HISCHOFF	Halsted-st., N. 1401.
C. W. STANDISH	Halsted-st., N. Loomis.
CRESCENT PHAR.	Harrison-st., W. 700.
F. FISKE	Harrison-st., W. 1001.
F. J. STRAW	Harrison-st., W. 1201.
O. W. SPAULDING	Harrison, W. & Oakley.
A. MONACO	Jefferson-st., W. & Ewing.
C. A. LARSEN	Kedzie-av., W. 2201.
MAPPLE & HOKE	Kedzie-av., W. 2401.
J. L. LORIMER	Kedzie-av., W. 1012.
A. STAMM	Kedzie-av., W. 1801.
E. C. SCHUSTER	Kedzie-av., W. 2109.
A. ROSENWALD	14th-st., W. & 223.
B. A. HACKNER	14th-st., W. & Loomis-sts.
JAMES GUTHRIE	14th-st., W. 602.
L. F. ALEXA	16th-st., W. 694.
J. G. WISTEDT	18th-st., W. 900.
H. C. WOLFERSDORF	21st-st., W. 900.
E. M. WARRANER	22d-st., W. & Leavitt-sts.
JOHN J. CHWATAL	22d-st., W. 1540.
S. MATTES	22d-st., W. 1640.
F. V. VILIM	22d-st., W. 1650.
J. J. STILLER	22d-st., W. & Oakley-av.
C. H. STEVENS	24th, W. & Oakley-av.
D. J. HOGAN	26th-st., W. 2170.
A. NAFZIGER	47th-av., S. 512.
H. H. CLARKSERT	48th-av., S. 512.

NORTH DIVISION.

Branches.	Location.
J. M. ALLEN	Argyle-av., N. 1246.
H. BROWN	Ashland, N. & Addison.
HIGH SCHOOL PHAR.	
G. VAN NICK	Ashland & Graceland.
PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE	Belmont-av., N. & Hoyne.
A. P. BERNHARDT	Belmont-av., N. 1526.
C. F. FISCHER	Byron Mayr & Wimthrop.
J. E. VOIGT	Center & Bissell-sts.
E. H. LADISH	Center & Larrabee-sts.
L. HESSELROTH	Chicago-av. & Sedgwick.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BETWEEN FIVE AND SIX O'CLOCK Dec. 20, between 185 Michigan-av. and Simms' book store, Michigan-av. and Madison, leather wrist bag containing a silver flask with monogram. Please return to book store and receive reward.

LOST—BETWEEN DREXEL AND 43D-PL. AND Lake-av. and 43d-st., a pocketbook containing money, also railroad pass and check bearing the name Keyes. Liberal reward for return to Flat 3, 156 E. 42d-pl.

LOST—SATURDAY EVENING, SEAL AND sable fox collarette, between 42d-st. elevated, Grand-blvd., 43th, and Vincennes-av. Return to HUNTER, 43d and Calumet. Reward.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
With over one thousand styles and patterns of cutlery we know that we can interest in quality and price.

POCKET KNIVES—Best foreign and American made, from one pearl one blade to a 17 blade pearl coats, at $1.50 to $50.

CARVERS—You must see the variety to appreciate it. Every one warranted, ranging from $1.50 per pair to $37.50 per set of 7 pieces.

RAZORS—All the leading brands. Prices from 50c to $5.00. Also a fine one for each day. Star safety, from $1.25 to $10; Gillette, Le Coultre and Arbens, with 2 to 7 detachable blades.

TABLE KNIVES—With every kind of handles. Table novelties in fowl shears, potato forks, meat forks, salad sets, fruit knives, nut picks, etc.

SCISSORS AND SHEARS—Single and in cases. Manicure cases. Ladies' cutlery cases. Only best brands.

CHAFING DISHES—Great variety, from $2.50 to $16.50. Coffee machines; 5 o'clock teas. Latest patterns.

SKATES—Barney & Berry's full line.

TOOL CHESTS—We fit them to mens and make up assortments from our tool stock, insuring the best quality.

COLE & DOUBLEY HARDWARE CO., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—CREDIT
EXTENDED TO HONEST PEOPLE
throughout the civilized world.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS THAT LAST FOREVER. THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF DIAMONDS EVER OFFERED BY RESPONSIBLE DEALERS GENUINE SPARKLING DIAMONDS. SOLID GOLD AND FILLED WATCHES ON EASY PAYMENTS. AT WHOLESALE PRICES. From $5 to $10, $1 DOWN AND $1 A WEEK. A LITTLE MORE THAN 15C A DAY. If you have the money then DON'T PAY CASH. BUT DON'T BUY TRASH. Solid Gold Cuff Buttons, Brooches, Lockets, Fine Chains, Charms, Pendants, Rings, Bracelets, Scarf Pins, Studs, Solitaire Diamond Rings, Fountain Pens, Graphophones, Patented Ball Bearing Umbrellas, and hundreds of jeweler's novelties sold for cash, on credit, or delivered on first payment. Strictly confidential. No publicity whatever. No cutthroat lease. No chattel mortgage. Just a plain, open business. Call or address THE WALKER-EDMUND CO., Importers and Manufacturers, SUITE 410 ADAMS BLOCK, COR. MADISON, over Boston Store. OPEN EVENINGS.

PERSONAL—THE NEW CENTURY MUSIC Box, queen of music makers, will be joyfully received by the children this year, among the other things of Christmas. In many a home it will play the Christmas overture.

THE NEW CENTURY
is equally ready to entertain young and old with classical selections or the latest light opera. The whole family will delight in its ever-changing melodies—gradually and unconsciously forming a taste for good music.

THE NEW CENTURY
music box is fully guaranteed, and the only disc music box in the world that is made so that you can play your own music.

RUDOLPH WURLITZER CO., 268 WABASH-AV., CHICAGO.

PERSONAL—BARGAINS.
UNREDEEMED UNREDEEMED
DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE,
GUNS,
REVOLVERS,
SEALSKINS.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
WEBER BROTHERS
OLD RELIABLE LOAN OFFICE.
121 E. RANDOLPH-ST. 121

PERSONAL—DON'T CRAMP YOURSELF FOR Christmas money—use your credit. Buy a diamond ring, brooch, locket, earrings, or a watch for the loved one from us. Only a few dollars required for a first payment; goods delivered at once and the balance paid monthly as you can spare the money from your salary. We specialize new salesrooms we have an army of salespeople and can give you prompt attention. Open evenings. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 2d floor, Stewart Bldg., 92 State-st.

PERSONAL—YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD—
SO TO $1 PER WEEK.
Artistic tailoring and ready made clothing for men and women at lower prices and easier terms than any installment house in Chicago; any honest man or woman who holds a position can buy clothes on our credit; we employ a corps of tailors; 1,000 woolens for tailoring and a large assortment of ready made suits and overcoats; ladies' jackets, furs, etc. CAPITOL CO., 2d floor, 31 Van Buren-st., near State, 2d floor, Room 4. Open evenings.

PERSONAL—
Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their trading with us. "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women and children, or used in furnishing a home completely from "parlor to kitchen."
Established in 1886. B. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—CHRISTMAS PRESENTS—WRITE for illustrated booklet of imported French novelty jewelry (l'art nouveau). Largest and finest assortment in Chicago. MAISON NOUVELLE, 306-310 Wabash-av., Auditorium, Chicago.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! MME. PARTONE, GENTLEMEN!
Suite 602, 263-267 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—DRS. KENISON, CHIROPODISTS, are located in their new quarters at 67 Washington-st., opposite Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. OLD DR. KENISON, Chicago's first Chiropodist, is in Chicago for 37 years.

PERSONAL—WHERE ALL OTHER REMEDIES FAILED BELGIAN HAIR GROWER restored the hair; examination of the scalp and scalp free. BELGIAN DRUG CO., 24 ADAMS-st., Dexter Bldg.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM—IF INTERESTED call at or write for YOUR ADDRESS. DR. LAURENCE INSTITUTE OF HYPNOTISM AND OCCULT PHILOSOPHY, 265 WABASH-AV.

PERSONAL—CHAS. KENISON, CHIROPODIST. If yearly in McVicker's Theater Building, where he is always pleased to see old and new friends. Rooms 24 to 28.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS, EXTERminated from premises under guarantee of contract. Call, write, or phone Wabash 822. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—SURE CANCER CURE. BY THE use of our wonderful Indian remedy cancer fails out in 9 days without operation. All particulars. Address T 856, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—DEATH TO ALL INSECT LIFE. Send for free booklet of Antozone Exterminator. ANTOZONE CHEM. CO., 56 Plymouth-pl.

PERSONAL—HAIR, RED VEINS, MOLES, PIMples and facial deformities our specialty. Dr. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALMAN, 1310 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, SHAMPOOING, facial and scalp treatment; gentlemen and ladies. REED THURBER, Room 3, 34 Monroe-st.

PERSONAL—RIPANS TABULES. DOCTORS find a good prescription for mankind.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; send wheels and get our cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1249 Wabash-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—CREDIT MAN; 8 YEARS with one largest corporations in city, getting salary $4,000, desires connection with smaller concern as credit manager; character of business, office; want block of stock; apply profits and position as reward toward payment of stock. Address F 849, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, SINgle, 23 years old; wants position with a good house, cashier, office man, or accountant; 3½ years' experience; 3 years with last employer; can furnish best of references; willing to leave city. Address C 812, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN; capable general office worker; experienced in collections; correspondence and cashier; asst. bookkeeper; salary to start $12; good penman; A1 references; no agencies. F 861, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 21, AS assistant bookkeeper or general office work; experienced, good penman, quick and accurate at figures. Address F 54, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS OFFICE OR DEpartment manager or assistant; experienced correspondent and familiar with credits; highest references. Address F 111, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — THOROUGHLY EXperienced bookkeeper of years' experience; can fill an engagement by Jan. 15; best references; age 32. Address F 276, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY MAN 24 YRS. OF age as bookkeeper; bill, shipping or claim clerk; refs. Address F 326, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BKPR. AND STENOG.; $22; bond; willing to leave city; salary $15. Address F 511, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ACCOUNTANT, EXpert or temporary work; references; charges reasonable. Address F 802, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN HYEN; 2 years' work or accounting. Address F 804, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD, RELIABLE bookkeeper; salary $15. T 895, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY QUICK AND ACCURate entry clerk; work evenings; $ 804, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ENERGETIC young man with experience as traveling salesman and office work with a first class house or note; prefer to sell goods; can give A1 reference. Address F 494, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELING SALESman, to represent manufacturer to jobbing and general trade; best; salary and commission. Address F 810, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — TRAVELING SALESman; specialty; 10 years' experience, with record; open for engagement; after Jan. 1; best references. Address F 836, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELING SALESman of 12 years' acquaintance with drug trade in the central states; refs. F 75, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TRAVELING MAN for jobbing house; experienced; references. Address P 53, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FURNITURE salesman; 10 years' experience in both cash and installment; up to date. J P 482, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SIDE LINE, COVERING all states; no samples preferred. C 465, Tribune.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BOY, 18, GRAMMAR school education, in firm where chance of advancement is possible. P 150, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED — BUILDING AND ARchitect's superintendent, requires position; first class; capable of taking care of large plants as overseer; ready at estimating, measuring, and valuation of all kinds of buildings; first class references. Address P 388, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A WELL KNOWN CHIcago mechanical man desires a position as superintendent or master mechanic of a manufacturing establishment to commence Jan. 1st. I am a good organizer and my record is clean. Address C 583, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PANTS FOREMAN, 30 years old, with ten years' practical experience, have been with some of the best houses in New York. Address C 586, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS FOREMAN IN furniture factory; up to date in all branches in the woodwork department. Address S 159, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED — TWO SWEDISH youths, familiar with watchmaking and machinery, will work for low wages while learning English. Address S 840, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A FIRST CLASS tailor, cutter, and fitter; good references. Address P 340, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MECHANIC; UNDERstands piping, care and operating boilers, engines. Address T 476, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ENGINEER; EXPErienced, good references; strictly temperate. Address S 873, Tribune office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

A LADY WHO HAS LEASED ONE OF THE finest detached private residences in Kenwood, convenient to transportation, will receive as permanent guests six married couples willing to pay for the comforts and privileges of an elegant home; all second story rooms have fireplaces and private baths; third story rooms have fireplaces and single bath accommodations. For particulars apply to J. L. FLOYD, 104 Dearborn-st.

1814 MICHIGAN-AV. — MOST DESIRABLE rooms for couples or gentlemen; home cooking; phone.

2032 MICHIGAN—FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD; detached residence; steam. Phone 4091 Calumet.

207 MICHIGAN-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM—BEST rooms, table, and rate for refined people.

West Side.

625 WASHINGTON-BLVD. — NICELY FURnished single and double rooms with board.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST.—FAMILY HOTEL; SElect locality; 15 minutes to business; 4 transportation lines; furnishings rich, new; steam; billiard and smoking rooms; guests' comforts carefully considered; single, $6 up; double, $12 up; suites, $16 up. Special rates if permanent. Transients solicited; refs.

247 DEARBORN-AV., THE ARLINGTON — SUperior accommodations for families; also single rooms; excellent table; steam heat; elevator.

ASTOR-ST., 16, MAISON DU NORD, NEAR THE lake and Division-st.—Handsome, convenient, homelike; room with board, $6 to $10 per week.

876 E. CHICAGO-AV. — DESIRABLE ROOMS, with housekeeping privileges; $4.50 and $5 weekly.

245 DEARBORN-AV.—NICELY DECORATED rooms, with board; produce direct from country.

205 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

597 LA SALLE-AV.—ROOMS WITH OR WITHout board; steam; walking distance; references.

77 MAPLE-ST., NEAR STATE—FURNISHED rooms; steam heated; with board.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE FAMILY HOTEL, 2621 LAKEav.—Newly remodeled; all modern conveniences; exceptionally elegant furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; splendid view of lake or avenue; ballroom, parlors, drawing, reading, and billiard rooms; large lobby; unsurpassed; 111 Central ¼ block, cable 2 blocks; references. Telephone, Oakland 1297. Reasonable rates.

HOTEL MANHATTAN, 2900 LAKE-AV.—FIRST class residential hotel; steam; choice location; parlors, drawing and smoking rooms; courses dinners; unexcelled board and room, $5 weekly up. Phone, 22 weekly up.

HOME COOKING.

Lowest rates in South Side. Best service. Special rates to Feb. 1st. Beds. Just added (on rooms overlooking lake. 10461 Drexel.

HOTEL WARNER, 32D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest location; elegantly furnished throughout; fireproof; 250 outside rooms; 140 private baths; rooms, with private baths, $1 per day and up; new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL, OAK PARK—
Elegant rooms.
Finest table.
Moderate prices.
Most healthful suburb around Chicago.
C. P. CARGILL, Lake-st. Elev.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from L. S. & L. C. electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Oak. 206. American or European.

HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANAav. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern conveniences; rates. MRS. F. YORK-MOTT.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 3RD AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Oakland 192.

NORTH SHORE HOTEL, DEMING-PL. AND Lincoln park; steam heat, electric light, ball service, elevator; winter rates. Up.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN AVS.—ELEgant family hotel; excellent table; beautiful rooms; elevators.

EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—American and European plan; suites of 2 and 3; also single; private bath; fireproof. Tel. 1033 South.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—IN THE "KASKASKIA," 4001 Oakwood-blvd.—Elegant, beautifully furnished front and back parlors (new bldg., never been occupied), with every modern improvement, phone, steam, newly and artistically furnished; transportation unsurpassed. Alley L, Lake Shore, and Cottage Grove cable; cross lines, 39th, Oakwood-blvd.; no other rooms.

TO RENT—PLEASANT, WARM, FURNISHED rooms; also single room; hot water. 3118 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—CHOICE FURNISHED ROOMS; private family; all comforts; walking distance. 1548 Michigan-boulevard.

TO RENT—3757 INDIANA-AV., FLAT 3, FRONT room, private, steam, good transportation; lady preferred.

TO RENT—1762 MICHIGAN-AV., FURNISHED rooms, steam radiator every room, bath every floor.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM, OVERLOOKING lake; small rooms; walking dis. Tel. 370 Michigan.

TO RENT—4165 LAKE-AV., ELEGANT, NEWLY furnished rooms, double and single, steam heat, first flat.

TO RENT—3068 CALUMET-AV., FLAT 10, VERY desirable front furnished or unfurnished; alcove; steam heat, bath; rent reasonable.

TO RENT—A FEW ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms (steam, elevator); $4 up; also suites; good location; 567 W. Madison-st.; 3800 Lake-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS—THE LAFAYETTE, 10-12-14 East Harrison-st., steam, running water; one block south of Auditorium; walking distance.

TO RENT—COMFORTABLE FURNISHED room, steam heat, private residence. 4647 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; good transportation; phone service. 3157 South Park-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED STEAM HEATED, sunny room, small private family; reasonable. 3040 Forest-av.

TO RENT — ROOMS, ELEGANTLY FURNISHed; all conveniences. 3219 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—4018 INDIANA-AV., 2D FLAT, handsome front parlor; modern and homelike.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, ¼ BLOCK I. C. station. 3907 Lake-av.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, board if desired; hot water. 3440 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—1 OR 2 FURNISHED ROOMS; HOT water, steam heat; reasonable. 4213 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—4416 WABASH-AV., TWO LIGHT, steam heated furnished rooms; $1.50; $2.

TO RENT—39 SHERMAN-ST., STEAM HEAT, free baths, daily $2, weekly $1.50 up.

West Side.

TO RENT—525 OAKLEY-BLVD., NICE LARGE alcove room; also other rooms; use of parlor and phone.

TO RENT—973 JACKSON-BLVD., FURNISHED front alcove room; very reasonable.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM; HOT WATER, GAS, bath; phone; $2.50. 91 Washington-blvd.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, TWO front rooms, housekeeping. 972 W. Harrison-st.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen; steam heat. 93 Laflin-st., 2d flat.

TO RENT—4 NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS with bath; furnace heat; $16 per month. Adults.

TO RENT—516A VAN BUREN, FURN. PARLOR and alcove; also side room; steam; reasonable.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; GAS, BATH, furnace heat. 276 Warren-av., near Robey.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; STEAM HEAT, near L. 841 Wadsworth-av.

North Side.

TO RENT — FAMILY OF TWO, LARGE HOUSE, will rent two large furnished rooms, one with alcove, for 2 or 3 gentlemen; heat, gas, bath. 501 Bissell-st. Webster sta. N. W. L.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED cozy steam heated; modern. 580 E. Division-st., Flat 1.

TO RENT—2 FRONT ROOMS, WELL FURnished, light housekeeping; steam, gas, and bath. 71 Bissell-st., 2d flat.

TO RENT—PLEASANTLY FURNISHED DOUble and single room, with piano. 208 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT — LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS; large closets; running water; steam heat; porcelain baths; telephone. 122 Rush-st.

TO RENT—LOVELY DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms; heated; gentlemen or ladies. 184 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—LARGE LIGHT ROOMS, HOT WATer; parlor, piano; walking distance. 306 Erie-st.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, ONE or two; reasonable; private fam. 67 Florimond.

TO RENT—378 LA SALLE-AV., FLAT 3, NICELY furnished rooms; walking distance; steam.

TO RENT — FURNISHED, DOUBLE, SINGLE, and housekeeping rooms; steam. 462 N. Clark.

TO RENT — ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, SOUTHern exposure; gentlemen. 435 Elm-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT, also back rooms. 263 E. North-av.

TO RENT—501 FULLERTON—NICELY FURnished rooms, suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen.

TO RENT—221 DEARBORN-AV., BACK PARlor; gas, bath, and heat.

TO RENT—421 LA SALLE-AV., NICE FURN. rooms; steam, bath, phone; modern; reasonable.

TO RENT—80 LINCOLN-AV., 4 FURNISHED rooms; light housekeeping or sleeping if desired.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, BEAUTIFUL south room; running water. 278 Belden-av.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, steam heated room with respectable family, in good locality; north side; willing to pay fair price if suitable. Address J 100, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—3290 RHODES-AV., 10 ROOMS, CORner; barn; with large grounds; choice location. JOHN C. McCORD, 146 Dearborn-st.

West Side.

845 MONROE-ST., 2D FLAT—FRONT PARLOR and adjoining bedroom, heated, suitable for two gentlemen, with or without board.

North Side.

TO RENT—MODERN 10 ROOM BRICK HOUSE, ¼ BK. from N. W. R. 227 Bissell-st.; $25. See janitor or E. W. ZANDER & CO., 158 La Salle-st.

Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—FLORIDA—NEW AND COMPLETELY furnished cottage for the season; opposite the Poinciana Hotel. Write CHAS. B. HAMEL, Ft. Palm Beach, Fla.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—AT VICTORIA, N. C., SUBURB OF Asheville, adjoining the famous Biltmore estate, large 8 room beautiful furnished house with stable, extensive grounds, and superb views. For terms apply to Biltmore Estate, Biltmore, N. C.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE, ABOUT 10 rooms, on Michigan, Prairie, or Calumet-avs. inside of 22d-st.; must be modern and in thorough repair. Address Room 1104, 92 State-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—
NEW APARTMENTS.
4024-26 Indiana-av., modern 7 and 8 rooms, high class; open for inspection.
Janitor—Madison-av., 8 rooms, very high class; low rentals.
944 55th-st.-blvd., near 55th-st. L road station, 8 to 7 rooms; $25 to $35. Best for the money in Chicago.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th and Calumet-av.
50th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—THE WAUBUN—
3560 to 3570 Ellis-av., C. R. Ry. and cable; elegant corner suites of 2 to 4 rooms, with buffet kitchen; artistic decoration and finish; every convenience; handsome parlor, dining room in buildings; nothing as cozy in the city for a family of two; $26 to $50.

THE BRIGHTON, 41st-st. and Indiana-av., 7 rooms, finely finished, all conveniences; "L" station, one block; $35 to $50.

THE DELAVAN, 4502 Vincennes-av., 7 rooms, modern, all conveniences. JOHN W. PAYNE, 511, 217 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
THE KASKASKIA.
4001 Grand-blvd.
Elegant new apartments, modern in every detail, 7 and 8 rooms; decorated to suit tenants; convenient to the following lines of transportation: Elevated, Lake Shore, 43d-st. electric, 39th-st. electric, Indiana-st. electric. Apply on premises to SAMUEL KELLUM, Agent.

TO RENT—4100 CALUMET-AV.—JUST COMpleted, 2 elegant flats, 7 rooms and bath; $35. See janitor, 4056-8 Prairie-av., 7 and 8 rooms, very fine; open. 874 46th-st., near Grand-blvd., 8 rooms, 2 baths. $18. Best location for the price. See janitor. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts. 4106 Indiana-av. Open evenings.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOM FLATS, NEW, MODern, all fine finish; ready for the Varsity, corner Ellis-av. and 51st-st. See janitor.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—EXTRA CHOICE FURnished suite, 4 rooms, heated, light housekeeping; near I. C. trains; $28. 4523 Lake-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—UNTIL MAY 1, LOWEST PRICE ON every flat I have left; 5 to 7 rooms; $25 up. H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 51st-st.

TO RENT—54 E. 20TH-ST.—6 ROOM DUPLEX flat; fine; $50.

TO RENT—MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—8 WELL, NEWLY FURNISHED 4 room flat; cafe in bldg.; Kenwood, nr. I. C. Phone 4064 Blue.

TO RENT — OREGON APTS., 1520 MICH.-BLVD. 2 to 6 rooms; finest in city.

North Side.

TO RENT—NICE 3 ROOM FURNISHED FLAT. modern conveniences; $22. 374 Ohio-st.

TO RENT—SMALL FLAT, ELEGANTLY FURnished; hot water. 278 Belden-av.

TO RENT—FLAT, 6 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, 221 Illinois-st. Apply 71 N. State-st.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES; SELL OR exchange; fire policies written; money to loan. Phone Droexel 782, SMITH & CO., 4083 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—143-145 WABASH-AV., FINE STORE, 40x160, or part of same, with or without floors, from May 1st, 1903.
OLIVER & SCOTT, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NEW STEAM HEATED STORES, 18X70 FT., $40-42 Cottage Grove-av.; $40 per month each. ELMER E. BALDWIN & CO., 344 56th-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—
Offices in the Adams Express Building, 18 to 24 Dearborn-st.
Choice location; rapid elevator service; light offices and reasonable rent.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT—SUITE MODERN OFFICES; REASonable rent; large vaults; best light; electric elevators. Apply 23, 25-27 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICE, SINGLE OR EN SUITE; all modern conveniences. Mallers Bldg., 324-326 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICE NO. 20, ON SECOND FLOOR, 97 Washington-st., with large vault. Rent low.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—203-4 MARKET-ST., 3 FLOORS, EXtra, 50; light 3 sides; pass. and frt. elevators; mill bldg.; finest lighted fls. in whs. dry goods district; poss. Jan. 1st; will divide slightly or together; will put in fine new entrance, tile floors, wainscoting, etc. H. O. STONE & CO., 10 'phones, ALL Main 3525. 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—183-5-7-9 CLINTON-ST., FLOORS with power, heat, and elevators. THORPE & McCAULEY, 208 La Salle-st. Tel. Har. 154.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND LOFTS WITH POWER for light manfg.; steam heat, good light, rent reasonable, Central Underground, n. w. cor. Madison and Market-sts. Apply Room 200.

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TO RENT —BUILDINGS— STORES FACTORIES AND FLOORS INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF LOOP, OR WILL BUILD TO SUIT TENANTS.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 106 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT— —BUILDINGS, STORES, OFFICES, AND FLOORS.
is in all parts of city. Send for list.
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TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
WILLIAM EITELBERGEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—AN L FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

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FOR SALE—5 ROOM FURNISHED FLAT. 113 Paulina-st., near Madison.

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FOR SALE—ONE 66X16 JOHN MOHR BOILER with fronts and hawley down draft furnaces, also 1 Blake duplex steam pump, 10,000 FEET OF BRASS TUBE. APPLY TO 58 OTIS BROOKES-ST., CITY.

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FOR SALE—14X24 HORIZ. ENGINE, 54X14 tubular boiler, engines and pumps, all sizes. The E. H. Wachs Co., 128 Indiana-st.

AMERICAN MULTIPOLAR MOTORS, 2 H. P. TO 50 h. p.; dynamos, 25 light to 300 light. National Stamping Works, 118 Michigan-st.

WANTED—30 H. P. ELECTRIC MOTOR, SPEED 500 to 600, complete with starting bar and switch. FRED BIRKER, 2349 South Park-av.

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DAMAGED by SMOKE and WATER, $200,000 worth of WATCHES, JEWELRY, and SILVERware, in the disastrous LINCOLN HOTEL FIRE, To be sold for account of the INSURANCE COMPANIES. The GREATEST SALE ever held IN THIS HISTORY OF CHICAGO. Wait for it.
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LOUIS LAPINER, Adjuster.
JOS. BROWN & CO., 176 E. Madison-st.

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E. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

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FOR SALE— BARGAINS. FOR SALE.
WE ADVERTISE NOTHING BUT BARGAINS.
GRAND-BLVD., modern stone front house; perfect order; cost $16,000; our price $9,950.
VERNON-AV. near 32d, stone front house, 8 rooms; cost $7,500; our price $3,900.
TO BUY BLUE HOUSES AND FLATS
you can save money by calling on
ELMER E. BALDWIN & CO.,
3560 to 3570 Ellis-av., C. R. Ry. and cable.

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E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 344 55th-st.

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KINNET & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OAKWOOD-BLVD. VACANT, NR. Grand-blvd., 145x134 ft., at $150. Greatest bargain ever offered in this neighborhood.
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CALLAN & VARTY,
Selling Agents,
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OUT THEY GO!
OUT THEY GO!
OUT THEY GO!
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BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
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NO COMMISSION—LOANS ON CHICAGO AND suburban real estate, improved and vacant. Main 339. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. EDMUNDS & SCHORF, Bankers, 72 Dearborn.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate; renewable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,100, $1,200, $1,500. Send for list.
SAM BROWN, JR. & SON, 181 La Salle-st.

$300, $400, $500, $600, $800, $1,000, AND $2,000 TO loan on real estate; building loan assn. mortgages paid off. A. C. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st.

$1,000 AND UPWARDS ON IMPROVED REAL estate; will loan on good suburban or north shore.
HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

5% LOANS FROM $300 TO $2,000 ON VAC. AND imp. city or sub. property; money on hand.
ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; lowest rates.
F. E. BALLARD & CO., 34 Clark-st., Room 215.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON Chicago real estate. GOODRIDGE, FRENCH, & CO., 26 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 TRUST DEED AND NOTE, due 4½ years, 6 per cent. C 218, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates. Liberal prepayment privileges.
THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
(Formerly Home Title & Trust Co.),
N. W. Corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY,
160 Washington-st.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay. Chicago Gold Mortgages For Sale.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1806 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD? PLANS, ESTImates, and building loans cheerfully furnished without cost; easy payments. Call or address RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., General Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privileges to pay all or part, before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
H. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our estimates.
MADLUNG, REDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
LOWEST RATES FOR DESIRABLE BUSINESS. Building loans. Special prepayment privileges.
WM. HEINEMANN & CO., 111 W. Monroe-st.
MORTGAGE BANKERS.

LOANS, 4% AND 5 PER CENT. CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges.
W. A. MERRIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 1627 Main. 159-60 La Salle-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $1,000, ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COUNTY OF COOK:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, CHATTEL MORTGAGES, OR ANY SATISFACTORY SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY IS TO REMAIN DISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE SAME DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION, AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOANS CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE, AND THE PAYMENTS SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS OF ANY KIND. WE GIVE YOU ALL YOU BORROW. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE. YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 302.
ENTRANCE ON HALSTED-ST.

DON'T WORRY—
YOU CAN BORROW MONEY FROM ME ON your FURNITURE OR PIANO at the following low cost:
$25 for $1.00 a month.
$50 for $1.25 a month.
$75 for $1.40 a month.
$100 for $1.65 a month.
$150 for $1.70 a month.
$175 for $2.25 a month.
$200 for $2.50 a month.
$250 for $3.00 a month.
$300 for $3.50 a month.
If you have ever borrowed money on this claim of security you will appreciate these exceedingly low rates; compare with what others charge and see the great saving; all applications given prompt attention; no delay or publicity; the property remains undisturbed in your possession.
97 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 30.

NOT IN THE TRUST.

WE LOAN ON — WE OFFER —
FURNITURE, UNEQUALED RATES.
PIANOS, BEST TERMS.
HORSES, QUICKEST SERVICE.
WAGONS, ETC. ABSOLUTELY PRIVATE.

ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS.
Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.
It will require only an interview to establish the truth of our statements. We solicit that interview.
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., SUITE 505.
AND
201 W. 83D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.
South Side office open evenings.

L. F. HOSKINS & CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 LINCOLN-AV. (UPSTAIRS).
BLUE ISLAND, 1600 Western-av.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC. CHEAPER THAN ANY WHO ADVERTISE 5%. CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER RATES PUBLISHED.
PERSONS KNOW

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

DOMINION LINE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Resumption of trips by the Mammoth Popular Twin Screw Steamers
"COMMONWEALTH" and "NEW ENGLAND,"
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN.
From Boston, direct to
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, GENOA, NAPLES, AND ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT.
*New England ‡†.....Jan. 17, Feb. 28
*Commonwealth ‡†.....Jan. 2, Feb. 14, Mar. 28
TO AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA.
Vancouver .....Jan. 10, Feb. 21
Dominion .....Jan. 31, March 14
‡Proceed through to Alexandria on the January and February voyages.
*Last sailings—Boston to Liverpool. Portland, Me., to Liverpool. For rates, booklet, etc., apply to company's office, 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
TWIN SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
S. S. DEUTSCHLAND
From N. Y. Jan. 22, Feb. 19, and Mar. 19.
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
Bluecher.....Dec. 27 Pennsylvania.....Jan. 24
Waldersee.....Jan. 10 Patricia.....Jan. 31
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Patricia.....Jan. 12 Palatia.....Mar. 2
Phoenicia.....Jan. 29 Phoenicia.....Mar. 19
S. S. PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE.
From New York, March 12, 1903.
FOR MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Corner Randolph and La Salle-sts.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN.
Columbia Dec. 13, 2 pm Kaiser...Feb. 24, 10 am
Kaiser...Jan. 6, 10 am Kronprinz Mar. 10, 2 pm
Kronprinz Feb. 10, 2 pm Kaiser...Mar. 24, 10 am
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Neckar...Jan. 7, 11 am Neckar...Feb. 21, noon
Main...Jan. 21, 10 am Lahn...Mar. 14, 9 am
Weimar...Mar. 21, 11 am
‡Calls at Algiers. ‡Sails to Gibraltar, Naples, etc. †Sails to Naples, Genoa, only.
RICHIS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
Gen. Western Agents, 36 Dearborn-st.

WEST INDIES $125 AND UP BY SPECIALLY chartered North German Lloyd Express S. S. Kaiserin," 9,500 tons, Jan. 14th, 21 days; shore trips, luncheons, guides, drives included. These extras will cost $50 with other cruises. Passengers leaving cruise at Nassau receive free ticket to Miami.
Mediterranean cruise Feb. 7th, $400 up.
Norway-Russia cruise, July 2d, $275 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, 111 Broadway, New York.
R. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., 96 Dearborn-st., or
WM. FLETCHER, Room 297, 115 Adams-st.

AMERICAN LINE—
Fast Twin Screw Express Service.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—(LONDON).
New York...Dec. 24, 10 am St. Paul...Jan. 7, 10 am
Philadelphia...Dec. 31, 10 am Philadelphia...Jan. 21, 10 am
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.
Germanic...Dec. 27, 8 am Britannic...Jan. 10, 8:30 am
Majestic...Jan. 3, noon Noordland...Jan. 17, noon
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Finland...Jan. 3, 10 am Finland...Jan. 17, 10 am
Kroonland...Jan. 10, 10 am Vaderland...Jan. 24, 10 am
Capt. Ittl. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

COMPAGNIE GEN'ALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French Line. New York to Havre—Six days.
Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Savoie.....Dec. 25 Jan. 22 Mch. 5 Apr. 2
La Champagne...Jan. 1 Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. 26
La Lorraine...Jan. 8 Feb. 5 Apr. 23 May 21
La Bretagne...Jan. 15 Feb. 12 Mar. 12 Apr. 9
La Touraine.....Jan. 22 Feb. 19 Mar. 19 Apr. 16
New, modern, gigantic Twin Screw and Express Steamers; naval officers' man-of-war discipline. Superb & vestibuled trains. Havre-Paris, 4 hours.
W. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Etruria.....Dec. 27 Feb. 14
Saxonia, new twin scr.].....Jan. 3 Jan. 31
Umbria .....Jan. 10
Etruria [new twin scr.].....Jan. 17
Campania.....Jan. 24
Lucania.....Feb. 7
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.
Phone Central 2051.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB'S SPECIAL PRIVATE train tours to MEXICO Jan. 31 and Feb. 21. TO CALIFORNIA Jan. 7 and frequently thereafter; also to CUBA, PORTO RICO, AND JAMAICA.
CRUISE of the WEST INDIES Jan. 15.
A delightful tour to EGYPT, the HOLY LAND, THE RIVIERA, and GREECE, Jan. 28.
STEAMSHIP and RAILWAY tickets every where. Programs and information at 232 S. Clark-st. Tel. Harrison 1294.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., Rochelle, R'd'r S. S. Co. Sailings from Shanghai: Peking, Dec. 27; Coptic, Jan. 3, 1903; America Maru, Jan. 10, '03. For passage and freight rates between Twenty-third-st., Evanston, Illinois, and Shanghai, apply to W. G. NEIMEYER, Agt., 163 Clark-st.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
Twin screw steamers of 18,000 tons register. Twin screw str. ROTTERDAM...Jan. 28, 10 a. m.
Twin screw str. POTSDAM...Jan. 10 a. m.
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
78 and 80 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Cymric.....Dec. 24 Cymric.....Jan. 21
Oceanic.....Dec. 31 Cedric.....Jan. 28
Teutonic.....Jan. 7 Teutonic.....Feb. 4
Majestic.....Jan. 14 Oceanic.....Feb. 11
WHITE STAR LINE.
Main Office, 143-9 Dearborn-st.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL.
Furnessia.....Jan. 3 Furnessia.....Jan. 17
NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
Furnessia.....Dec. 27 Ethiopia.....Jan. 10
For rates of berths by early application.
HENDERSON BROS., 17 BROADWAY, N. Y.
ROBERT C. HARRISON 3335.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Navigazione Generale Italiana to
NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA.
All steamers Weekly Service. Apply to
FRED. FELTMAN & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y.
J. & LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Gen. West. Agt.
SHUMWAY, Secretary.

TOURS, HIGH CLASS. ALSO WINTER CRUISE to the Orient, West Indies, etc. HARD TIMES. Agts., 230 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS TO MILWAUKEE
Daylight trip daily, 8 p. m.; fare 75 cts. For Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Algoma, Sturgeon Bay, Sawyer, and Green Bay, 4 trips a week. Dock east end Michigan-st. Telephone Central 1740.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—
To Milwaukee and Racine, 5 p. m. daily.
Ticket office and docks, foot Michigan-av.
Phone Central 70.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday. ‖Saturday only.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—
Ticket office, 212 Clark-st., corner Jackson, and Auditorium Annex, during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City Tkt. office, cor. Adams & Dearborn.
Phone Harrison 4900. Cal. Arr. Leave. Arrive.
Los Vegas & El Paso Short Line.* 8:32 am *10:10 pm
Colorado & Pacific coast.† 8:32 am †10:10 pm
Denver Express.....* 8:32 am * 7:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail..† 9:15 am † 7:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail..† 9:15 am † 7:50 pm
Peoria, St. Louis, Davenport.† 1:00 pm † 2:00 pm
Omaha, Kansas City, Des Moines.† 1:30 pm † 5:30 pm
Omaha Express.....*11:45 am * 5:44 pm
Omaha Accommodation.....* 5:15 pm * 9:47 am
Colorado Express.....* 5:15 pm *10:00 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls..* 4:30 pm *10:00 am
Local Exp.—Peru Accom....† 5:10 pm † 8:47 am
Local Exp. Lim. to Omaha.
Colo. Springs, and Denver..* 5:45 pm * 5:30 pm
St. Joe, Leavenw'th, Atch., Ft. W., Tex. Exp.* 6:05 pm * 9:40 am
Peoria.....* 6:05 pm * 5:30 pm
Colorado, Utah and California, via Omaha.*10:00 pm * 8:20 am
Cedar Rapids, St. Paul & Minn..*10:00 pm † 7:25 am
Davenport .....*11:30 pm † 7:25 am
Des Moines, Marshall'n.†11:00 pm † 1:40 pm
Omaha .....*11:30 pm † 7:25 am
Kansas City, St. Joe, Des Moines.
Omaha.....*11:30 pm † 7:25 am
United States Limited to Los Angeles, Santa Barbara and San Francisco.....* 7:45 pm *10:30 am

CHICAGO AND ALTON — UNION PASSENGER station, Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office, 212 Clark-st. Phone Cent. 1767.
TRAINS DEPART. "THE ONLY WAY." Arrive.
8:00 am Bloomington, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis. 4:30 pm
8:00 am Joliet, Dwight accom'n [Sunday only]. 10:30 am
8:00 am Joliet accommodation. 7:30 pm
8:00 am Alton lim'd for Springfield & St. Louis. 4:30 pm
8:00 am Jacksonville and Roodhouse. 4:30 pm
8:00 am Bloomington & Springfield. 4:30 pm
8:00 am Lemont, Lockport & Joliet. 7:30 pm
9:00 am Joliet accommodation. 5:30 pm
10:00 am Kansas City & Peoria limited. 6:30 am
10:00 am Bloomington, Springfield and St. Louis. 4:30 pm
11:00 am Midnight special, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Kansas City. 6:30 am
3:00 pm Joliet, Dwight, Streator & Peoria. 10:30 am
Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *5:55 am, *1:15 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *7:15 am, *5:10 pm, *5:04 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, pm, *8:05; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *5:10 pm; Dwight, Joliet, *10:30 am, pm; Joliet locals, †8:45 am, †4:30 pm, †7:45

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, Dearborn station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Harrison 665. Leave. Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville..† 8:20 am † 9:15 pm
Southern Illinois & Thebes..† 8:20 am † 9:15 pm
Chicago & Evansville.*10:30 am † 5:45 pm
New Orleans Special.....D* 1:30 pm D* 4:10 pm
Indiana Spgs. & V'burg..† 1:45 pm † 5:45 pm
Terre Haute Express.....* 6:30 pm *10:05 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim..* 7:00 pm D* 9:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville..*11:34 pm * 6:53 am
Indiana & Texas.....*11:30 pm * 6:52 am
D Dining car on these trains.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 109 Adams. Phone Cent. 2087.
Stop at Halsted-st. sta. Leave. Arrive.
Kansas City, St. Louis.† 7:30 am † 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth..† 1:00 pm † 1:00 pm
Joliet, Lockport, Lemont.....† 3:25 am
Joliet, Lockport, Joliet.....† 4:00 pm † 8:00 am
Kansas City, Colo., Utah & Texas* 6:00 pm * 9:45 am
Los Angeles, Cal. and Mex.*10:00 pm * 7:50 am
Kansas City, Texas & Nor. Cal..* 8:47 pm
The California Limited—Los Angeles, San Francisco.....* 8:00 pm * 2:15 pm

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2351. Depot 12th-st. and Park-row.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Sh'n'} Leave. Arrive.
Fast, Eau Claire, Ashland,} *2:45 am *9:38 am
Wash. & Pacific coast.† *8:15 pm *10:50 pm
Wausau and Superior.....* 8:15 pm *9:38 am
Minneapolis, Fond du Lac,† 8:30 am † 1:05 pm
Oshkosh, and Neenah, Jct.† 4:00 pm † 6:15 pm
Geneva Lake & Elkhorn.....† 8:35 am † 6:15 pm
Geneva Local .....*4:00 pm *10:15 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. — MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central station, 5th-av. and 21st-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 3563 Cent.
Leave. Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth} *8:45 am *9:30 pm
Kas City, St. Jos., Des Moines, Marshall'n.} *8:30 pm *1:40 pm
Des Moines and Byron.....* 3:10 pm *10:25 am
Kansas City, Sycamore and Dekalb.....* 1:00 pm *9:55 am
Des Moines.....*11:45 pm *10:30 am

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2280 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts. Trains. Leave. Arrive.
Janesville, Madison.....† 7:45 am † 1:00 pm
Mineral Point Division.....† 7:45 am † 1:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville..† 8:30 am * 4:00 pm
St. Paul—Mpls. Day Exp. only.* 9:00 am * 5:25 pm
Delavan, Wausau, Merrill.....† 9:00 am † 5:25 pm
Madison & Prairie du Chien..† 9:00 am † 4:00 pm
Delavan-Beloit .....*11:30 am † 4:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville..† 2:00 pm † 1:45 pm
Ced. Rap., Ic. City, Dubuque† 2:00 pm † 1:45 pm
Delavan-Beloit .....† 2:00 pm † 9:20 am
Green Bay, Portage.....† 2:00 pm † 1:00 pm
F. du Lac, Oshkosh-Ripon...† 4:00 pm † 1:05 pm
Janesville, Madison.....† 4:00 pm *10:15 am
Mineral Point Division.....† 4:00 pm † 8:00 pm
Rockford .....† 4:00 pm *10:25 am
Madison, Prairie du Chien..† 4:00 pm † 8:30 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota..† 4:00 pm † 7:05 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford,} * 8:00 pm * 7:05 am
S. City, D. Moines, S. Falls.}
Janesville, Madison.....* 8:00 pm * 1:05 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited.....} * 8:30 pm * 9:30 am
C. Rapids, K. City, S'x City.*10:25 pm *10:55 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota..*10:25 pm *10:55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver..*10:25 pm *10:55 pm
Green Bay, Iron Mountain
Kingston, Calumet, Marq.} *10:30 pm * 7:00 am
The Copper Country Lim.}
St. Paul, Minneapolis.....*10:30 pm * 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, Star Lake.*10:30 pm * 7:00 am
For Milwaukee—Depart, *7:00, *8:00, *11:30 a. m.; *2:00, *5:00, *6:30, *10:20 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for the south (except fast mail) can be taken from 23d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city office, 99 Adams-st., and at the Auditorium Hotel.
Leave. Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special. Coaches only for Memphis.} *10:00 am * 9:45 pm
N. Orleans, Hot Springs, Nashville and Florida. Limited, Pullmans only, for Memphis, N. Orleans.} * 5:25 pm *12:05 pm
Hot Springs, Ark., Nashville, and Florida.....} * 7:00 pm *10:35 am
Monticello, Ill., and Decatur.* 5:25 pm * 1:20 pm
St. Louis and Springfield. Diamond Special.....*10:15 pm * 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield. Daylight Special, Decatur.*11:32 am * 7:35 pm
Cairo Local .....† 9:45 am † 6:00 pm
Decatur, Sprfd. & St. L. Local*10:00 am † 1:20 pm
Fast Mail—New Orleans.....* 2:50 am * 1:20 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth.† 5:25 pm † 1:20 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth.† 5:25 pm *12:05 pm
Champaign & Gilman Local.....† 1:20 pm
Evansville Express .....*10:00 am † 6:00 pm
Evansville, Cairo, and South.* 4:40 pm *10:00 am
Kankakee and Gilman.....* 4:30 pm *10:00 am
Minneapolis and St. Paul.....* 5:10 pm * 9:30 am
Omaha, San Francisco.....* 6:10 pm * 9:30 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls.* 6:10 pm * 9:30 am
Omaha Day Express.....* 6:10 pm * 9:30 pm
Omaha, S. City Fast Mail.....* 9:05 am * 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger.....* 3:10 pm *10:05 am
Rockford and Dubuque.....*11:45 pm *12:55 pm

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3127 CENTral—Barths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.
Trains. Leave. Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle.† 8:00 am † 2:10 pm
Rochelle, R'ck'd & Freeport.† 8:00 am † 2:10 pm
Mendota, Galesburg, Torreston.† 8:30 am † 2:15 pm
Galesburg, Burl'g'n, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denvers, Deadw'd, Hot Springs, S. D.* 9:15 am * 7:55 pm
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland..* 9:15 am * 7:55 pm
Illinois and Iowa Locals.....* 9:15 am * 3:05 pm
Texas points and Mexico...*11:30 am * 2:20 pm
Galesburg, Quincy via Hannibal.*11:30 am * 2:20 pm
St'k Falls, Sterling, Rock'd..† 4:30 pm *10:35 pm
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator..† 4:30 pm *10:35 pm
Denver, Utah, California....* 4:30 pm * 2:20 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk...* 5:00 pm * 2:20 pm
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln...* 6:00 pm * 9:00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison & Leavenworth..* 6:10 pm * 9:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis.....* 6:10 pm * 7:55 am
Dubuque, LaCrosse, Winona..* 6:40 pm * 7:55 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph....*10:30 pm * 7:55 am
Quincy and Hannibal ex....*10:30 pm * 7:55 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis.....*10:30 pm * 7:55 pm
Dubuque, LaCrosse, Winona..*10:30 pm * 7:55 pm
Denver, Utah, California....*11:00 pm * 7:55 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln...*11:00 pm * 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.*11:00 pm * 7:55 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison..*11:00 pm * 2:20 pm
*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday], Cent. 2040. Depot, 2565.
Leave. Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited.*11:00 am * 5:29 pm
Peoria & Springfield Express.† 2:30 pm † 7:50 am
St. Louis Limited Express...* 9:17 pm * 7:50 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express...*11:30 pm * 8:02 am
Peoria & Texas Limited.....* 4:35 pm * 9:47 am
Forrest Accommodation.....* 4:35 pm * 9:47 am
Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston...*11:00 am * 3:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls & N. Y.....*11:00 pm * 7:35 am
Montpelier Accommodation..*10:00 am *10:50 am
Detroit, N. Falls & Boston Ex.*11:00 pm * 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex....* 3:00 pm *9:00 pm

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams-st., Auditorium and Great Northern Hotels, Palmer House, Leland Hotel, 3d-av. and Park Row, 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, 63d-st. Nov. 23, 1902. Leave. Arrive.
Detroit Mail and Express.....† 7:30 am † 1:00 pm
New York and Boston Special.....*10:30 am * 3:00 pm
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston * 4:10 pm * 6:10 am
Kalamazoo Accommodation.....† 5:30 pm †11:10 am
New York Special.....* 5:30 pm * 6:05 am
Detroit Night Express.....*10:00 pm * 7:40 am
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston * 11:00 pm * 7:35 am
Saginaw and Bay City Sleeper..*10:00 pm * 7:40 am
New York and Eastern points ..... * 7:35 am
Boston and New England points. ..... †9:00 pm
Via Pere Marquette R. R.
Grand Rapids and Petoskey.....† 7:15 am †11:10 pm
Grand Rapids and Traverse City..† 12:00 n'n † 5:00 pm
Grand Rapids Express.....† 4:50 pm † 1:30 pm
Grand Rapids Express.....† 5:00 pm † 8:30 am
Muskegon and Petoskey.....*11:30 pm † 7:05 am
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw † 8:45 am † 2:35 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw † 5:00 pm † 5:25 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw *11:30 pm † 7:40 am

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION passenger station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium hotel. Trains run as follows:
From Chicago to. Leave. Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance.....† 9:00 am † 6:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville.....*10:00 am * 3:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati.....*10:00 am * 3:30 pm
Columbus, Balto. & Wash.....*10:00 pm * 7:00 am
Philadelphia and New York..*10:05 am * 3:00 pm
The Pennsylvania Special...*12:00 n'n * 6:55 am
Pittsburg, Phila. & New York*12:00 n'n * 6:55 am
Philadelphia and New York..*12:05 pm * 3:50 pm
Baltimore and Washington...*12:06 pm * 3:50 pm
Pittsburg, Balt. & Washington* 3:00 pm * 8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York..* 3:00 pm * 8:45 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited....* 5:30 pm * 8:45 am
Pittsburg, Balt. & Washington* 5:30 pm * 8:45 am
Philadelphia and New York..* 5:30 pm * 8:45 am
Fort Wayne and Alliance.....† 5:30 pm † 1:30 pm
Pittsburg, Phila. & New York*11:30 pm * 7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati..*11:30 pm *10:40 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STATION, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d, 39th, 43d, 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 234 Clark and Auditorium.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. Leave. Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.....*9:40 am *5:30 pm
Louisville .....*10:00 am *5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington.....*10:00 pm *6:45 am
Lafayette and Louisville.....*8:30 pm *7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati..*9:30 pm *7:10 am

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHern Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys.—Grand Central station, Harrison-st. and 5th-av., and 31st-st. station. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.
No. Leave. Arrive. No.
2 † 7:00 am Day Express .....† 7:00 pm † 2
6 † 8:30 am Buff., Alb. & N. Y. ‡† 7:50 am † 5
10 † 10:30 am N. Y. and Bost. Spec.
20 *12:30 pm 20th Century Limited* 9:45 am 21
16 * 2:00 pm New England Ex....*11:50 am 15
14 * 3:00 pm Buffalo and the east * 9:00 pm 45
22 * 5:30 pm Lake Shore Limited. * 4:30 pm 19
Elkhart Accom.....† 9:35 am 173
20 * 8:30 pm Cleveland .....† 7:10 am 37
28 *10:35 pm Tol., Clev., Pitts., N.Y. * 9:00 pm 23
32 * 3:00 am Buffalo and Boston.....

MONON ROUTE — DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels. Phone Har. 1245.
Leave. Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.* 7:45 am *12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville..* 3:30 am * 3:05 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.* 3:30 am * 3:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.*12:00 n'n * 8:40 pm
Lafayette and Bloomington.*12:00 n'n * 8:40 pm
Lafayette Accommodation...* 3:30 pm *10:25 am
Lafayette and Louisville...* 9:00 pm * 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.* 9:00 pm * 7:23 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs* 9:00 pm * 7:23 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs* 9:00 pm * 7:23 am

ERIE LINES—TICKET OFFICES, 242 CLARK-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station, Phone Harrison 3274.
Leave. Arrive.
Rochester and Huntington...† 7:30 am † 3:05 pm
N. York, Boston & Columbus.*10:30 am * 6:20 pm
New York [Wells-Fargo Ex.].....* 9:45 pm
Rochester and Huntington.....* 9:45 pm *10:00 am
New York and Boston.....* 9:20 pm * 7:35 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va..* 9:20 pm * 7:35 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R.—Grand Central passenger station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. All trains daily.
Leave. Arrive.
New York and Boston Express..*10:35 am * 9:15 pm
New York Express.....* 2:00 pm * 9:15 pm
New York and Boston Express..* 5:15 pm * 7:40 am
City ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. Phone Central 2087.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT GRAND CENtral passenger station. Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.
Leave. Arrive.
Local Express.....* 9:15 am *10:00 pm
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited.*10:10 am * 7:30 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Phila. Express* 7:30 pm * 7:35 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Ex.....* 7:45 pm *8:30 am
Columbus & Wheeling Ex.....* 7:00 pm * 8:50 am

Plenty of diamonds on easy monthly payments. Plenty of salesmen to show them. Come today. Loftis Bros. & Co., 92 State street.

PREFERS POVERTY TO BASE

PHELPS STOKES TELLS WHY HE LIVES WITH THE POOR.

Son of New York Millionaire, Who Has Abandoned Luxurious Home for a Plainly Furnished Room in the Tenement District, Proposes to Devote His Life to Work for the Alleviation of the Misery and Suffering of the World.

New York, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—J. Graham Phelps Stokes, son and grandson of New York millionaires and descendant of a European ancestry dating back to the Montespedons, a titled French family of Normandy, and who has left a luxurious home at 229 Madison avenue to live in a small, simply furnished room in the heart of the overcrowded tenement district of the east side, has chosen this life in order, with his money and knowledge, to aid and uplift the poor whose poverty and environments have made existence a constant struggle against misfortunes.

Mr. Stokes is 30 years of age, 6 feet 4 inches in height, and is built like an athlete. Idleness is no part of his program, for he works from ten to eighteen hours a day and seems to thrive on it. His note book today showed engagements for every working hour of tomorrow.

"It is not fair," he protested, "to call these streets slums. The people who live here are self-respecting, self-supporting, and as intelligent and moral as any one in New York.

"Some of my friends tell me that I have left behind all fun, all pleasure. Even if that were true, I would reply that fun is not the main purpose of life. But it is not true.

"This is the most interesting life I have ever led. It is deep, whole souled enjoyment from beginning to end."

Stokes Gives Three Reasons.

When asked what had first turned his thoughts in the direction of college settlement work Stokes replied:

"There were three distinct things. First, when I was 18 years old, I read a book of Bulwer's—'The Disowned.' It was the story of a young man of wealthy parents who gave his life to social work of this kind. Second, I served for a time as an ambulance surgeon at Roosevelt hospital, and so became acquainted with tenement house life. It brought me face to face with the misery and the suffering of the world, and I saw how much of it might have been prevented by a little self-help and coöperation. Third, and perhaps most influential of all, was a vivid arraignment of fashionable society in one sentence from the pen of Oscar Wilde. It was this: 'Modern fashionable society is a dead thing smeared with gold.'

"I have the utmost repugnance for Oscar Wilde's career as it is generally known. It is unnecessary to emphasize that. But my abhorrence of Oscar Wilde's life cannot blind me to the awful suggestiveness of his epigram.

Led by an Ideal.

"Ideals are the impelling force which leads me on. I look forward to the time when the spirit of brotherhood shall become so strong that we shall have a union of all the people, not only in a political sense, but in a truly social sense as well. Wealth, social prominence, genealogical trees, and such things only create barriers between man and man.

"It is only right to say that my religious feelings have had a great deal to do with my social work. If we had in this country a national organization of Christian socialists, similar to that which was formed in England by Kingsley and Maurice, I would certainly become a member of it."

While Mr. Stokes' plans of future course were still undetermined, when on a trip to Chicago he visted the Hull house and was so greatly impressed with the good work done there that his resolutions for his present life took immediate shape.

With Mr. Stokes in the University settlement are thirteen young men coworkers. In the settlement are fifty or more clubs, besides classes for dancing, singing, literature, gymnastics, cooking, a penny provident bank, a loan office, 5 cent baths, many industries, and other features.

YALE MUSIC CLUBS HERE FOR CONCERT TONIGHT.

Arrive in Two Private Cars—Some Go to Homes of Friends and Others Stay in Their Quarters.

Men wearing blue Yale sweaters, others clad in brilliantly colored dressing gowns, and still others immaculately dressed in the latest fashions poured out of two private cars that rolled into the Michigan Central depot yesterday afternoon bearing the forty members of the Yale University Glee, Banjo, and Mandolin clubs.

Many of the young men rushed off at once to the homes of classmates. John Farson Jr., who is a member of the glee club, took a dozen of the party in automobiles to his home in Oak Park. Others remained in the cars all the afternoon, and a number of Chicago alumni and undergraduates spent the afternoon with them, listening to the new college songs brought from the east.

President James W. Reynolds of the Glee Club association said that all the concerts given since the clubs left New Haven on Wednesday last had been unusually successful in every way. Particularly successful was the concert at Detroit on Saturday night.

The program for the concert in the Grand Opera house this evening is as follows:

"Hail to the Bride".....Banjo club
"Brave Mother Yale".....Glee club
"Your Lips Have Said You Love Me".....
.....Mr. Baxter and Glee club
"The Grange".....Glee and Banjo club
"Tutti-Frutti".....Glee and Banjo clubs
"The White Crow".....Banjo club
"Time Enough".....Mr. Bryant and Glee club
"George Washington".....Glee club
Medley, "Silver Slipper".....Mandolin club
"Love," "Switzer Boy".....
.....Messrs. Read and Ellsworth and Glee club
"Negro Melodies".....
Messrs. Reynolds, Wiggin, Holmes, Weston
"Roses from the South".....Mandolin club
"Ho! Fill Me a Flagon".....
.....Mr. Brown and Glee club
College songs.....Glee club
"Father Goose".....Mr. Wiggin and Glee club
"Bright College Years".....Glee club

This afternoon the Yale men will be the guests at a tea to be given at the Winter club, and this evening Mrs. F. S. Winston gives a dance for them. Tomorrow morning they leave for Milwaukee, where they will remain for two days.

TONA DUNLAP WILL TELL HER STORY OF POISONING TODAY.

Aledo, Ill., Girl Charged with Murder of Allie Dool May Put New Phase on the Case.

Aledo, Ill., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Miss Tona Dunlap will, in all probability, go on the witness stand before court adjourns tomorrow evening and give the jury her own version of the circumstances which led to her arrest and trial on the charge of poisoning Allie Dool. Her story has been anticipated in a degree by the testimony of Miss Margaret Miller yesterday, but not to an extent which will lessen public interest.

Miss Dunlap is surprising her attorneys and friends by the remarkable manner in which she bears up under the strain placed upon her every day.

It has been hinted that Miss Dunlap would give some testimony revealing an entirely new phase of the mystery surrounding the death of Miss Allie Dool last August. Her attorneys refuse either to affirm or deny this report, but leave the inference open that the defense has just as many cards up its sleeve as the prosecution.

In support of the theory of accidental poisoning the defense expects to introduce the testimony of Dr. Gudemann of Chicago, chemist for the National Confectioners' association, and perhaps one or two more experts. Dr. Gudemann will give the jury, if the court permits, some information as to the frequency of fatal poisoning through eating candy and as a result of using poisonous coloring matter in the manufacture of confectionery.

CANCIANI'S DANTE MONUMENT, SENSATION OF EUROPEAN ART WORLD.

The Dante monument, just finished by Alfons Canciani, an Austrian sculptor, has by prominent European art critics been pronounced the greatest work of plastic art produced for many years. The monument has already brought the sculptor the Rome prise, awarded by the Vienna Academy of Creative Arts. Emperor Francis Joseph has added 2,000 florins ($1,000) from his private exchequer to the Rome prise, in recognition of the genius of the sculptor. Following is a German description of the remarkable work:

"The figure of Dante stands upon a high rock rising abruptly from among the smaller rocks forming the base. The poet, who is dressed in the characteristic costume of his time, wears an expression of meditative absorption upon his serious features. It seems as if some vivid picture had arisen before his mental vision, suggesting new poetic thoughts, which he is eager to weave together, to give them poetical form and expression.

"His thoughts seem gradually to assume life. From a deep cleft in the rocks arise the shadows of the Inferno forever banished from the pure light of day. A grim and silent combat is raging among them. With demoniacal fury they fight one another, using their arms, legs, clawlike fingers, and even their teeth in their desperate efforts to reach the light.

"But there is no hope for the victors in that fierce struggle. Two gigantic snakes, crawling from a crevice of the rocks, attack those who have fought their way to the light. The monsters coil themselves around their victims, crushing and strangling them with their pitiless embrace.

"Indescribable terror is expressed upon the features of the figures. Only one of them seems to have enough strength left to rebel against his cruel fate. He raises his fist toward heaven in a threatening attitude, in powerless protest against the inevitable."

TWO FUNDS FOR A CHURCH

LOCAL METHODISTS HAVE DOUBLE CAUSE TO REJOICE.

**Success of the $20,000,000 Movement Is Accompanied by Report That the Effort to Pay Off the Combined Debt of the Denomination in Chicago Will Also Triumph—Expect to C

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

APOLLO LODGE NO. 942, A. F. & A. M.—Regular communication Tuesday, Dec. 23, at 7:15 p. m. for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Duncan Ferguson. Visiting brethren cordially invited. LOUIS LADEWICH, W. M. STANDISH ACRES, Secretary.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1902.

Exemption of Church Property.

The decision of the Supreme court in a Joliet case that church property to be exempt from taxation must be used exclusively for public worship will add nothing to Chicago real estate assessments, although some valuable property owned by religious bodies, and not used for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, has not been taxed. That property is exempt because acquired at a time when the exemption laws were broader than they are now. The constitution of 1848 empowered the general assembly to exempt from taxation such property as "it might deem necessary for school, religious, and charitable purposes." The present constitution says the general assembly may exempt property "used exclusively for school, religious, and charitable purposes." Prior to 1870 much church property was exempted from taxation which could not be exempted now, but the exemption once granted cannot be taken away. Hence it is that a certain amount of Chicago real estate owned by religious organizations and not used by them for exclusively religious, educational, or charitable purposes will continue to escape taxation.

PUT BACK THE TELEPHONES.

The idea of taking the telephones out of the police stations is monstrous. Their removal cannot be permitted. The police department cannot dream of allowing it to be done. The telephone company cannot understand the situation or it would not remove the instruments. When householders understand the situation—when they learn that it is seriously proposed that they shall be without the means of notifying promptly the nearest station of a murder or a burglary—they will make it warm for the police officials and the telephone company.

It may be admitted that the company has not received all it is entitled to for the use of the telephones in the police stations. A remedy for that should be and can be found without resorting to the ruinous remedy of taking out the telephones. The company should have all it is entitled to, but citizens must not be deprived of protection. An excess of obstinacy or of dignity on the part of police officials or of employés of the telephone company should not be permitted to add to the dangers to which Chicagoans are exposed at the present moment because of the activity of the criminal classes. The dangers are grave enough as it is and should not be aggravated. The police officials cannot desire to be deprived of early news of crimes. The telephone company cannot desire to deprive them of that news.

The instruments have been taken out of some of the police stations by oversealous employés of the telephone company. They should be replaced today. The company complains that lead slugs have been dropped in the slot instead of nickels and that it does not get the money it ought to get. It is strange indeed if cheating of this kind can be carried on in a police station without the knowledge of the officers on duty. The cheating will cease if the chief of police will give notice that officers on duty in a station where it occurs will be fined enough to make good the company's loss. Then it will find all nickel and no lead in its telephones.

A STATISTICAL PUZZLE.

Playing with fire and playing with statistics have come to be analogous expressions. The statistician, however, is seldom so wise as that incarnation of inductive argument, the "burned child." The burned child is credited with dreading the cause of its being burned. The statistician is always ready for another experiment.

There will be rejoicing, therefore, among statisticians over the report just issued by Mr. Alfred Bayliss, Illinois superintendent of public instruction. The number of children between 6 and 21 in Illinois, says Mr. Bayliss, is 1,601,175. Mr. Bayliss' last report, that of 1900, put the number of such children at 1,588,895. The number of children in state schools is now 971,841. In 1900 the number of such children was 958,911. The number of children in private schools is not given. It may be assumed, however, that the number of such children is not much larger than it was in 1900. Previous statistics have shown that private school children are not becoming more numerous at any appreciably great rate. The number of private school children in Illinois is probably therefore about 150,000. Add the private school children to the public school children. The total is about 1,120,841. Out of 1,601,175 persons between 6 and 21 years of age, 1,120,841 are attending school. The percentage of school attendance to school population is therefore just about 70.

Now compare this result with the situation in Chicago. Compare Illinois as a whole with Chicago alone. The 1901 report of the Chicago board of education showed that in 1900 the percentage of the number of children attending school to the number of children between 6 and 21 was 53. The number of children between 6 and 21 was 626,516. The number of children attending public schools was 247,804. The number of children attending private schools was 84,737. The percentage of the school population really attending school was therefore 53. Illinois as a whole, 70! Chicago alone, 53! Further, Chicago's percentage is not only small, but it seems to be getting smaller. In 1892 it was 60. In 1894 it was 64. In 1896 it was 65. In 1898 it was 59. In 1900 it was 53. Where is the trouble? With Chicago? Or with the statistics prepared by the Chicago board of education and by the state superintendent of public instruction?

THE PRESIDENT AS ARBITRATOR.

President Roosevelt never has shirked a duty because it was disagreeable. He has never been afraid to assume a responsibility when it seemed right that he should do so. Therefore, it seems probable that he will consent, though with reluctance, to arbitrate the differences between Germany, Great Britain, and Italy and Venezuela if the three European powers will accept no other arbiter. There is a bit of malice in their insistence that he shall act. The determination of the justice of the claims of British and German subjects can be attended to quite as well by The Hague tribunal, to which the President is anxious the controversy should be referred as by him. In the event of his acceptance he will not examine into the claims personally, but by proxy. He will select subordinates as competent as the members of The Hague tribunal, who will hear and weigh the evidence. The president presumably will do little more than make their conclusions his own.

The position of arbitrator in an international dispute is an unenviable one. Usually the award, no matter how just it may be in reality, provokes complaint in some quarter. King Oscar of Sweden is the latest exemplification of the arbitrator who does not escape criticism. It will be surprising if any verdict President Roosevelt may render will be acceptable to both the foreign claimants and Venezuela. It is better for many reasons that future arbitraments should be left not to kings or presidents, but to the kind of men who only the other day heard and settled the controversy between the United States and Mexico.

It never has been considered the duty of an arbitrator to enforce an award. If it had been nobody would have been willing to act. Awards have been repudiated by governments for good or bad reasons. Yet unquestionably the insistence of the European powers that none but the president of the United States shall be the arbitrator is due to their belief that his acceptance may be construed as imposing on the American government a moral obligation to enforce any award he may make if Venezuela does not comply with the terms. If he should consent to act, should decide that damages were due to some foreign claimants, and Venezuela should neither pay them nor make arrangements to pay them, the powers would suggest that as the United States had pressed arbitration upon them, and that it could use force in dealing with Venezuela to an extent that it would not concede to foreign governments, it ought to compel Venezuela to comply with the award. The European powers would not be unwilling to see the United States entangled in a war with Venezuela. Such a war would not add to the popularity of this country in South America.

There would be no prospect of complications of this kind if there were an assurance that Venezuela would respect an award where the damages were large. Unhappily there is no certainty of a stable government in that country. At this moment, when foreign war vessels are blockading the ports and all should be united against the enemy, the revolutionists are in arms, seeking to overthrow President Castro. He is ready to accept President Roosevelt as arbitrator. No one can tell but what he will be out of power when an award is made and a new dictator installed who will refuse to be bound by the acts of his predecessor.

There are disagreeable possibilities which may have to be faced in the event of the acceptance by the president of the proposition made to him. It is better to face them and thus to put an end to the present menacing state of affairs. It is desirable that the blockade should cease and the European war vessels leave the Caribbean sea. Arbitration by the president will remove perils more serious than any it may create. The powers should be willing to leave to The Hague tribunal the determination of the questions at issue. If they positively refuse to do that and stand by the offer they have made the president should close with it. "Let us have peace."

THE DUTY OF BUSINESS MEN.

In the report made by him at the beginning of this month, the secretary of the treasury urged upon congress the expediency of making express provision for the exchangeability of gold and silver. There are now 550,000,000 silver dollars, worth as bullion less than 39 cents apiece. The law requires the secretary of the treasury to keep them at a parity with gold. That has been done. There is, however, no provision as there is in the case of the greenbacks and the treasury notes for the redemption of the silver dollars in gold on demand.

This important subject was gone into at some length by Secretary Shaw in his address to the Bankers' club Saturday night. He spoke to a sympathetic audience. The bankers and the other business men who heard him needed no arguments to be brought over to the secretary's way of thinking. They have long been of the opinion that there is an element of danger in the failure to provide for the redemption of the fiat silver in gold.

It may be that the secretary's address will induce the business men who listened to it to take a more active interest in the subject than they have done. Congress ought to act on the matter at this session. It has less than two months to act in, but that is sufficient time. Congress will do nothing unless some pressure is brought to bear on it. A popular sentiment which demanded legislation would be likely to secure legislation. So long as business men seem unconcerned about the matter congress will be slow about acting on the recommendations of the secretary of the treasury, though he has stated so forcibly the reasons why they should receive consideration. Cannot the business men of Chicago and other cities come to the secretary's assistance?

AN UNNECESSARY HOLIDAY.

There does not seem to be a good reason why the bill introduced in the house by Representative Martin of South Dakota, making the 21st of October, the anniversary of the discovery of America, a national legal holiday, should pass. On the other hand, there are many good reasons why it should not pass. In the first place, some historians have grave doubts whether the 21st of October was the real day, and others have equally grave doubts whether Columbus is entitled to the honor of the discovery at all. Thus, under any circumstances, Columbus day would be involved in an atmosphere of uncertainty.

But assuming that the date is right and that Columbus was the discoverer, have we not holidays enough already, many of which long ago ceased to be holidays in the sense in which it was originally intended they should be? In any event, congress has no authority to declare a legal national holiday except in the District of Columbia and the territories. In the various states there are already thirty-one legal holidays, the most prominent of which, in addition to the fourth of July, Thanksgiving day, and Labor day, are New Year's day, Lincoln's birthday, Washington's birthday, election days, Decoration day, Christmas day, and Arbor day. Besides these there are special local holidays, Sundays, and fast days, as well as the Saturday half holiday, which is now legal in ten states.

When these days and fractions of days are deducted from the year's total of days, and when it is further considered that the daily hours of labor have been reduced, and that it is one of the principal objects of organized labor to reduce them still more, it may become a serious question whether there will be time enough in which to do the necessary work of the country. It is not clearly apparent what classes of the community would be benefited by the passage of this bill except government employés, whose wages would not be docked, and school children in such states as might provide by law for the observance of the day. But these are not strong inducements for the passage of the bill. Government employés are not so overworked that it is necessary to give them any more paidup holidays, and as for school children, they would make every day in the year a holiday if they had their way. As for the remainder of the community, while it has great respect for the memory of Christopher Columbus, it would greatly prefer to receive its mails and transact its business on the 21st of October just as it does on the 20th.

A POEM by Col. John A. Joyce, entitled "The Monroe Doctrine," appears in a recent number of the Baltimore American. The first stanza is as follows:

Uncle Sam must keep his eye skinned,
For around him lurks the foe
That would gladly knock to splinters
The doctrine of old Monroe;
And the monarchies of Europe
All await to strike the blow
That will end the boasted doctrine
Of brave President Monroe!

This bears so unmistakably the stamp of Col. Joyce's genius that we do not believe any envious poet will have the hardihood to claim a prior right to its authorship. It is the colonel's own.

THERE is every reason for thinking that the water is a great deal better when it gets to St. Louis.

IF there is to be any war St. Louis is exceedingly anxious to have it all over before 1904.

IF it is all the same to Chicago Miss Evanston prefers to remain segregated for the present.

THE Chicago and Western Indiana is preparing to execute its annual swearing off from elevating its tracks.

WILL some philanthropic citizen give the tug Andrew H. Green a Christmas present of a fine large box of smokeless coal?

AS TO "what ails Chicago," do not the river tunnels constitute a case of appendicitis?

DOES Mr. Cox think a winter vacation without skating would be a square deal for the school children?

THE Humberts may have "desired to return to France to defend themselves against the charges," but they did not act in such a way as to convey that impression when they were arrested.

IT is clear that Col. Watterson, anyhow, has outgrown the Monroe doctrine.

ILLINOIS farmers are accused of "boasting over a 320,000,000-bushel corn crop." They are not boasting. They are merely buying more pianos, gold watches, and the like, and importing more blooded stock. Your Illinois farmer doesn't boast over such an incident as a big corn crop.

IT will be recalled that Caracas was much worse shaken up in 1812 than it is now.

AS TO the water, it is best to strain out the coarser particles and then boil out the odor.

A FLOATING item is to the effect that Patti still has the pair of shoes she wore when she made her début, forty years ago. Are we expected to believe that Patti has been before the public only forty years.

PERSONAL.

Winston Churchill, novelist, is ill in St. Louis.

Gov. Beckham of Kentucky is in the field again for another nomination.

Dr. Lorenz was given a gold watch and chain by an unknown admirer.

John F. Carroll has resigned his leadership of the anti-Croker forces in Tammany.

Don Jaime, son of Don Carlos, is now the pretender to the throne of Spain, the father having resigned his claims.

Gen. Sir Charles Parsons, commanding the Canadian forces, will not permit actors to wear the king's uniform on the stage during a play.

The Rev. Dr. Roberts of Philadelphia, stated clerk of the Presbyterian general assembly, says the confession of faith will be revised.

Wallace Bruce of Brooklyn, former United States consul at Edinburg, has been appointed commissioner of the St. Louis exposition to reproduce the Robert Burns cottage on the grounds.

Emperor William has notified the Princess Salm Hostmar and other noble ladies that they do not know enough about the social evil to fight it, seeing it is a thing even the police are often puzzled with in certain cases.

Mrs. Roosevelt's Tact.

[Washington Correspondence Detroit Today.]

Mrs. Roosevelt has demonstrated in a genuine fashion that there is not a bit of snobbishness in "the first lady of the land." At a recent White house reception, after a number of distinguished guests had been received by Mrs. Roosevelt, a woman beautifully gowned and conducting herself with an air of distinction, was presented.

After customary formalities the guest passed on to join a group of women whose husbands were in the official set. A frigid nod from one and a haughty reply from another made it all too plain that she was unwelcome, for some one had recognized her as a former saleswoman in a large New York department store.

With consummate grace she withdrew from the circle and was about to leave the parlor when Mrs. Roosevelt, with her characteristic tact and discernment, stepped to her side and extending her hand, said:

"I think we hardly need to be introduced as we are such old friends. I am glad to meet you here."

And placing an arm around the waist of the young woman who had so often supplied her wants at the New York store, Mrs. Roosevelt led her to a sofa and chatted with her for fifteen or twenty minutes in the charming manner which is inherent in the wife of the president of the United States and which has endeared her to every American woman.

Made the House Laugh.

[Washington Correspondence New York World.]

Gen. Charles Grosvenor is an expert in what is technically known as "the ready come back." He was dilating in a speech a day or two ago on the great McKinley victory in 1900, and he mentioned the sections of the United States that supported honest money. He had nothing to say about New York.

"The gentleman forgets there was a section in New York," interjected Representative Fitzgerald of Brooklyn.

"What section was that?" asked Grosvenor.

"The section from which comes the intelligence of the state, Greater New York," Representative Fitzgerald replied, rather bombastically.

"I suppose the gentleman does not come from that section of the state," flashed Grosvenor, and the house yelled with laughter.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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TOURISTS who visit Egypt this winter will experience a good deal of difficulty in securing invitations to the khedivial balls and entertainments. For Abbas Pasha, the ruler of the land of the Nile, who was educated wholly at Vienna, is becoming more and more exclusive, and, possessing a much more extensive acquaintance than either of his two predecessors concerning the social status and antecedents of foreign visitors, makes use thereof to close his doors to those who he believes would not be admitted either to court or to the best society in their own native land.

This of course is giving rise to a great deal of grumbling and disappointment on the part of those who are the subjects of unfriendly discrimination of the khedive, and I hear that this has been particularly marked in connection with the fêtes given in honor of the recent visit of the duke and duchess of Connaught to the Egyptian capital.

In former times the khedivial court was the meeting ground of some of the most unsavory people in all Europe. The Christians who formed part of the khedivial entourage were men of the shadiest antecedents, while their womenkind were even worse. In fact, the late Lady Cromer, one of the most charming and lovable of women, often found herself up to the time of her death brought into contact with European women enjoying an official position at Cairo, but whom she would not have dreamt of permitting to cross her threshold in England. All this is changed, and of late the khedivial court has become so exclusive that it has ceased to be the happy hunting ground of all that was questionable in the official as well as in the social circles of Europe.

The Italian court, which was also formerly accessible, has likewise become a good deal more exclusive, especially with regard to foreigners, than in the days of King Humbert and his father, and invitations are a good deal more difficult to obtain and more sparingly distributed, the foreign envoys being required to personally vouch for the social standing of those of their countrymen who are admitted. Indeed, the only courts of the old world where foreigners are still welcomed without being subjected to too severe a scrutiny are those of Athens, where, by reason of the fierce political jealousies of his subjects, King George is obliged to depend entirely upon the society of foreigners when he dispenses hospitality, and the courts of Belgrade and of Sofia, especially Belgrade, where, indeed, King Alexander and his consort, Queen Draga, are grateful for any token of respect and consideration shown to them by foreign visitors.

Princess Hohenberg, the consort of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir apparent to the Austro-Hungarian throne, whose marriage is regarded as morganatic in Austria and as full fledged in Hungary, is gradually emerging from that background and retirement in which she kept herself during the earlier period of her marriage. For, although she has not yet appeared at court at Vienna since her union to the archduke, yet she has commenced to accompany him when he makes stays with royal and imperial personages abroad. Thus the archduke and the princess have just been spending a week with the German kaiserin's only brother and his wife, the duke and duchess of Schleswig-Holstein at Prinkenau, and not in any way incognito. For the archduke and his wife were attended by a large suite, including his new chief of the household, Baron Rumerskirch. This is only one of a series of visits in which the archduke has been accompanied by his wife, the princess, and while it does not mean that she is recognized abroad as an archduchess or as a full fledged princess of the imperial house, yet it indicates that she no longer proposes to maintain that reserve and seclusion which characterized her attitude during the first and second year of her marriage.

The princess is a wonderfully clever woman, whose influence over her husband is unbounded, and being extremely ambitious and possessed with a pronounced taste for politics, she is expected by the leading statesmen, not only in Austria, but also abroad, to play an important rôle in the future destinies of the Austro-Hungarian empire. It is perhaps because this is recognized that foreign royalties are beginning to concede to her an amount of attention and deference not usually accorded to morganatic wives.

The princess, who is by birth a Countess Chotek, has a son by the archduke, and there are many, especially in Hungary, who are of the opinion that this boy may some day become a rival of her nephew, young Archduke Charles Francis (eldest son of Archduke Otto), for the throne, if not of Austria, at any rate of Hungary. Indeed Archduke Charles Francis, now a boy of 15, who has been educated at the public grammar schools of Vienna, sitting beside the sons of petty shopkeepers and of working people in the most democratic fashion, is regarded by the inhabitants of the Austrian metropolis with a more than ordinary amount of interest, just because it is generally believed that his succession to the throne may be contested, at any rate in the Magyar portion of the empire.

Baron von Riedel has just celebrated at Munich the twenty-fifth anniversary of his appointment to the post of minister of finance of Bavaria, which he has held for a quarter of a century without any interruption whatsoever. This prolonged and undisturbed tenure of a cabinet office through so long a period is unique in the annals of the constitutional history of Europe, the only other instance being that of the late Prince Bismarck, who was premier of Prussia for twenty-eight years, and of baron von Welsersheimb, the Austrian minister of national defense, who has held office for about twenty-six years. But in these two instances—namely: that of Prince Bismarck and of the Austrian statesman just mentioned, they were kept in office by their respective sovereigns irrespective of the wishes of parliament, and as agents of the throne rather than of the legislature, whereas baron von Riedel, who has reorganized the entire financial system of Bavaria, has remained in office throughout with the sanction and good will and the confidence of the Bavarian chambers.

The kaiser has been paying a visit to the duke of Ujest at Slawentzitz. The duke is the elder brother of that Prince Hugo Hohenlohe who has been for some time past in this country, and who has now run over to Europe to spend the Christmas holidays with him. Prince Hugo's position here has never thoroughly been understood. His means are simply sufficiently large to enable him to dispense with the necessity of working for a living, and if for the last few months he has been working with one of the principal German-American banking establishments of New York it has been without pay and for no other purpose than obtaining a thorough insight into American business methods, which, according to ideas in high quarters in Berlin, are the true source of American greatness.

Pursuit and Riches.

[From the Washington Star.]

A boy once chased a butterfly; it led him far away,
He ran till he was out of breath, until the twilight gray;
His hands were torn with briars, and his weary legs were sore—
And when he caught the fluttering thing he valued it no more.

A man once chased a dollar, and he ran with might and main,
Unmoved by other pleasures and indifferent to pain,
And when a glittering fortune in his grasp quite safely lay,
He said, "I'll turn philanthropist and give it all away!"

Cut a Lot of Ice.

[Washington Correspondence New York World.]

Representative Beidler came out of the house and met Representative Nevin going in.

"What are they doing in there, Jake?" asked Nevin.

"Amos Allen of Maine has got up a bill that cuts a lot of ice."

Nevin was interested.

"Is that so?" he inquired. "What is it about?"

"It provides for an icebreaker in the Penobscot river."

Can't Keep Up.

It seems that there are more Carnegie gifts than Mr. Carnegie knows about. Lavish as he is, he cannot quite make the enterprising reporter's imagination good.—New York Mail and Express.

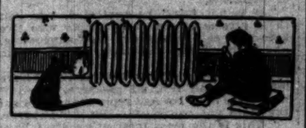
THE TOP O' THE MORNIN'.

LITTLE JOHNNIE'S FEARS.

Where we use' to live, we had
A fireplace, big an' wide,
An' all that Santy had to do
Was hold his breath an' slide,
An' squeeze hisself until he fit
The hole, an' then jest drop—
An' he knowed where the stockin's was,
'Cause that was where he'd stop.

Where we use' to live, it was
No trick for him to climb
Up to the chimbly on the roof
An' find us, Christmas time.
But now I'm worryin', for fear
He won't know where he's at,
Or mebbe can't get in at all!
We're livin' in a flat.

We're livin' in a flat, an', say,
You mus' be mos' polite,
Or else the janitor, he'll go
An' lock you out at night!
There ain't no chimbly to our house,
Where Santy Claus can slide—
There ain't no fireplace—just a pipe
About two inches wide.



They heat our flat with steam—that's why
I'm 'fraid he can't get in
With all his toys an' drums an' things,
Unless he's awful thin.
An' how's he go' to wriggle out
When he gets in? Gee whiz!
There's such an awful little hole
There where the sizzle is!

NOTES OF THE TIME.

One of the big flywheels in the machinery hall of the St. Louis exposition is to attain a speed of 2,000 revolutions per minute. South American visitors will be provided with reserved seats.

India is to make an elaborate display at the exposition, too. India is chiefly noted for her famines. This display should be next to the demonstration of the Manchester "no breakfast" idea.

TIME'S BACKWARD FLIGHT.

Squire (to rural lad)—"Now, my boy, tell me how do you know an old partridge from a young one?"

Boy—"By the teeth, sir."

Squire—"Nonsense, boy! You ought to know better. A partridge hasn't got any teeth."

Boy—"No, sir; but I have."—London Punch.

O, happy days, when as a child
At this same funny thing I smiled,
And laughed in glee!
My grandsire told me how he heard
It from his grandsire, word for word,
As told to me.

O, golden days of long ago,
When first this frivolous bon mot
And bunch of wit
Came soothly to my list'ning ear!
In those bright days, so fair, so clear,
I laughed at it.

And now it comes to me once more,
Just as it was in days of yore—
The same as then.
Ah, joyous thought! It well may be
The kindly fates have made of me
A boy again!

ANOTHER TOP-O'-THE-MORNIN' MAN.

As we drove about the estate I saw that Mr. Edmonds knew every man, woman, and child. They all knew him. Now it is "Good morning, Patrick Gibelin, have you got your fruit trees yet?"

"The Top o' the Mornin' to yer honor. I'm goin' in today for the trees, sir."—Foreign Correspondence in Esteemed Contemporary.

JUST AMONG FRIENDS.

S. G.—Will speak to the cook.

AMOS.—It is not being neglected. See SUNDAY TRIBUNE, Jan. 11.

CONSTANT READER.—Yes, Titherington Blotts was drawn from real life.

JANE.—The milliner has deceived you.

J. B. S. AND OTHERS.—Thanks. We blush.

A SONNET.

I wish I had a theme to write a sonnet on—
To give myself some fame and immortality—
Replete with innocence or immorality.
Or be the subject "When I Put Me Bonnet On";
Be it on point d'esprit; be it on honiton;
Be it asceticism or carnality;
Or anything in any old locality.
(His Julia's hair hath Bobby Herrick done it on).

I'll sing of pine, of spruce, of elm, of hickory—
If I know one thing well, I surely know a tree!
A poetess? I don't think that I am at all.
Ye muses, help! Melpomene! Terpsichore!
Please play, Calliope, and help my poetry!
I'll never write another line! O—drat it all!

KATHRYNNE.

HAND MADE PHILOSOPHY.

The faculty of looking happy when you are not is one of the greatest blessings a human being can possess. The woman who can coax up a smile when she receives a red bonnet trimmed in green ribbon, with yellow roses triumphantly crowning the whole thing, and which her husband has bestowed upon her at Christmas time, so that she may not have to worry over a new one in the spring—well, she is an angel.

The man who can puff a presentation cigar and wear a look of simple, trusting faith in womankind, and of perfect peace and good will, and blow rings with the smoke until it forms a halo over his bald spot, deserves the halo.

However, all gift cigars are not so bad as they are joked about. Women have been known to buy really good cigars for their husbands. But a woman is so constructed intellectually, as any one of them will tell you, that she never makes the same mistake twice.

Then, too, there are preachers who do not find the supply of Christmas slippers quite what the funny papers had led them to expect.

But if there ever was a man who chortled with joy over a penwiper, go mark him well. He is fit for treason, stratagems, and spoils, to say nothing of being the proper terminal station for glove boxes trimmed in baby ribbon and for purple cravats with riotous dots of saffron, and for trading stamp ash trays. He is also a good man to whom to give a handkerchief box lined with sachet bags.

Maybe, if grown ups would hang up their stockings, and be foolish enough to believe in Santa Claus, and not search for forgotten price marks on what they receive, and not wonder if things will wash, and not realize that the donor might have given them something more expensive, and not break the cigars open to see the filler, and not take the diamonds to the jeweler to find out what would be the cost of matching them—maybe mankind would be happier.

Maybe not, though. There's a whole lot of pleasure, sometimes, in feeling how much better we could have chosen things had it been our privilege. W. D. N.

"Merry, merry Christmas!"

"YOUR temperature is 101," said the doctor, "and your pulse is far too rapid. You oughtn't to go outside the house."

"But, doctor," she answered desperately, "this is the Saturday before Christmas and I haven't begun to get my shopping done. I've got to go."

"Take a cab, then, and your own chances," said the doctor.

It was drizzling rain. The sidewalks and street pavements were covered with an inch

SWEPT UP OVER HER SHOE TOPS.

of black, filthy slime. No microscope was needed to see the germs and animalcule merrily jumping from chunk to chunk of the soot laden, soggy atmosphere.

She called a cab and made out a long list.

"To the Universal," she ordered. Half a block from the house the horse slipped in the ooze and sat down on his haunches in the street. There was a sound of ripping harness straps. The driver climbed down.

"Don't be alarmed, madam," he said. "Just tore the breeching a bit."

At the next street crossing a big two horse express wagon came charging across from the side street and almost decapitated the cab horse. Both the cab and the wagon stopped and through the open window she could faintly hear the respective drivers exchanging erudite allusions to the infernal regions.

Cabs and broughams were packed almost solidly about the big store. Her driver drew up at the curb and almost before she had alighted was ordered away by the doorman to make way for a later comer. Through the six big doors swept a torrent of people that almost carried her away. They were wet and sloppy looking, laden with bundles, carrying sharp pointed umbrellas and apparently insanely anxious to get somewhere else. Half a dozen workmen, armed with rubber "squegees" were busy pushing the accumulated slime off the surface of the stone walk into the gutter. They worked blindly, madly, and one of them swept up over her shoetops a tidal wave of the filthy ooze. She shuddered as she felt it penetrate through her shoes.

With a desperate effort she forced her way

"BRING BACK MY UMBRELLA."

through the outside set of swinging doors. Within was a maelstrom of men, women, and children trying to get in and out, but mostly swept round and round in a helpless mass. Presently she got close to the second tier of doors. Just then a rush line of women, with a man at the center, burst through the door swinging it outward and striking her in the chest with the sharp edge.

Then she remembered the Thanksgiving football game she had witnessed and tried a trick play. A giant man in a long rain coat came rushing in from the outside, and behind his interference she managed to creep inside the door.

Here the current was running four ways at once. Down the long aisle leading from the doors came one serried phalanx. Through the cross aisle came another flood. They met before the door in a fierce scrimmage. Out of it she finally emerged and got started, fighting her way step by step towards the handkerchief counter.

Here the customers were lined up three deep. On the other side of the counter the clerks were almost as thick. But for the fact that the clerks wore no hats and were more polite it would have been hard to tell which side was which.

Over all sounded the endless clank of thousands of moving feet and the shrill chorus of people all talking at once.

"Sixteen," "Thirty-seven," "Eighteen," came shrill shouts from behind the counter, like the voice of the football captain giving the signals to his players in a desperate crisis. "Mr. Arnold!" "Mr. Arnold!" called a clerk, and the tall man came charging down the aisle, now gaining his five yards; then falling back for a down as he met a swifter rush of people.

High up above the counter three tired girls in black wrapped bundles swiftly as if their lives depended on haste, stuck yellow and blue slips of paper on spindles, and counted and glanced at other slips that came shooting out of the roaring mouth of a compressed air tube, like the endless bullets from a gatling gun.

"One dozen men's linen handkerchiefs," she said in a whisper, which was the only way to make one's self heard. The clerk charged up the narrow space behind the counter towards the desired boxes. He wormed his way in and out before and behind his fellows and finally came safely back with the goods. As he laid the box down on the counter another woman reached for it.

"Just what I wanted," she said. "Wrap it up for me."

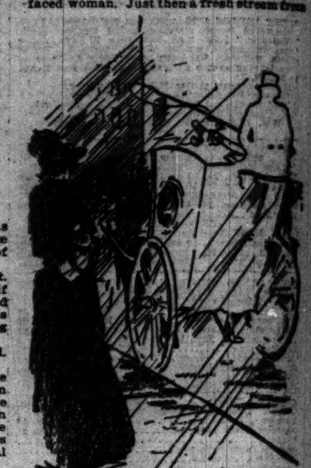
The clerk, thus despoiled, made another try at goal and got a second box. It was wrapped up and delivered after sundry shoutings and a long wait.

Then she picked up her umbrella, which had been leaning against the counter, and started for the elevator. Just as she was caught by the irresistible current she heard a shrill voice calling behind her in the press.

"Gimme my umbrella! Bring back my umbrella!"

The voice came from the mouth of a red faced, panting woman, caught in the swarm ten feet behind and unable to move any faster.

She looked at the umbrella in her hand. It was not hers. She reached back and handed the umbrella over the heads of the people to a man who, in turn, gave it to the red faced woman. Just then a fresh stream from



HER CAB WAS NOT IN SIGHT.

across aisle cut the current in two and separated her entirely from the woman who presumably had her umbrella. On she swept.

At the foot of the elevators was a pack of people, like a log jam in a Wisconsin lumbering stream. Car after car rose from the depths and went on up, never seeming to lessen the number which still waited before its mouth. Presently, entirely without her own volition, she felt herself shoved forward and pushed against the rear wall of the car, like a sardine in the bottom layer of a box.

On the third floor she fought her way out, bedraggled, breathless. Still the crowd was pitiless and pushing. She wanted an oblong gilt picture frame. They were all gone. She got a square one she didn't at all like, and, then, exhausted, she started for her cab, determined to leave the rest of her list until Monday.

Back down the jammed elevator, through the scrimmage at the doors and into the street—now without an umbrella. It had grown strangely and suddenly dusk. Also the drizzel had changed to a steadier downpour of rain. The street was still packed with carriages. Mist rose from the steaming horses. It was not possible to see more than half way across the street.

Her cab was not in sight. She walked down the whole long block and peered inquisitively at each of the dripping coachman. Not one of them was the man she sought. Then across the street, through the deeper slime. On the crossing she met a rushing swarm of people driven half desperate by the increasing rain. Half way over somebody or something—she will never know what—planted a large and weighty hoof on her pet

"PULSE RUNNING AWAY."

corn. She didn't even cry out. It really didn't seem worth while.

Her cab was not to be found on the other side of the street. She gave it up. Down the packed street she struggled for three or four blocks to a street car. It was jammed full of people. She got a few inches in the aisle and clung desperately to a strap. Then she noticed that the handkerchief box was missing. It didn't affect her in the least.

"Temperature 104, said the doctor that evening. "Pulse running away. Go to bed. I wish you all the joys of the merry, merry Christmas season!" H. M. H.

Grover Was Humble.

[Washington Correspondence New York World.]

"Between presidential terms," said Senator Depew, "President Cleveland went hunting in the Adirondack forests one time. He took along Chick Bruce for a guide. Chick is one of the best guides in the mountains. They were waiting for a shot at a deer. Mr. Cleveland sat on a log, with the muzzle of his gun resting against his heart.

"Chick saw where the gun was and fairly yelled: 'Here, you blamed old fool, is that gun loaded?'

"'I guess it is,' Mr. Cleveland replied humbly.

"Chick grabbed the gun, and found it at full cock. Then he turned indignantly to Mr. Cleveland, and said: 'Suppose that gun had gone off and you had killed yourself. What do you think would have happened to me? Durn you, don't you know I'm a republican?'"

Comforting.

Tenant—"I say, the cellar of my house is half full of water."

Landlord—"Is that so? Well, it's all right. Your water tax won't be raised."—Boston Transcript.

National Ownership.

The old movement is revived at Washington to go into the national theater business. Why not also the national restaurant business?—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mr. Bryan Calls Attention.

The republican papers are just now engaged in the business of selecting a democratic candidate for the presidency. It is not certain, however, that the democratic convention will be bound by the decision which they reach—in fact, it will do well to avoid picking the man most acceptable to them.—The Commoner.

'Twas French.

"I want you to take back this clock," said the customer; "it's the craziest, most variable thing I ever saw. You never know what it's going to do next."

"But, my dear sir, you asked for a French clock."—Philadelphia Press.

Fame.

Fame is easily acquired. All you have to do is to be in the right place at the right time and do the right thing in the right way—and then advertise it properly.—Puck.

Human Nature.

About three days after a man returns from a trip his friends begin to think up something to change the subject when they see him coming.—Atchison Globe.

He's No Writer.

When all the Boer officials have written their books the public would like to hear something from the burgher behind the gun.—Denver Republican.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

MR. WHITE ON BANKING.

A New Edition of His Standard Work on Finance Is Out.

The new edition of Mr. Horace White's "Money and Banking" (Ginn & Co.) fills a real want, inasmuch as it is a thorough revision of his standard work, and includes details of the recent financial history of the United States which have made considerable changes in our monetary system. The additional information, though familiar to most people, is but hazily realized, and Mr. White's thorough work will be of great value for purposes of reference.

Most students of money and banking know that, although Mr. White's book, when originally prepared, was the only comprehensive history of the subject in the United States, yet its main purpose was to gain converts for "sound money." The fact that today there is little need for such arguments, and that the silver question is regarded as disposed of, is shown by the omitting of a large part of the controversial matter along these lines which was found in the original edition. Instead the author finds that the currency problems before the United States are of an entirely different character. For instance, the flood of gold is considered at length, as economists are wondering what will be the result of the enormous output during recent years. The world's gold production in the second half of the nineteenth century has been nine times as great as during the first half. To this Mr. White ascribes the advance in prices, which seems likely to be progressive for some years to come. As gold is the purchasing power, new supplies of it constitute new demands for goods. Prices rise in consequence, first in the mining districts and then gradually throughout the whole civilized world. The new demand calls for more labor and leads to an increase of wages. The wage earners are enabled to buy more goods, and this causes a further advance in prices. A redistribution of earnings takes place, to the advantage of the producing classes, and to the disadvantage of those having fixed incomes. Prices of commodities follow the law of supply and demand in this case as in others.

Mr. White's views in favor of the retirement of greenbacks are well known and this is the reform to which he attaches chief importance. He declares the legal tender notes "a menace to the monetary equilibrium, to the validity of contracts, and the stability of business." He suggests that the retirement be by funding them in interest bearing bonds or by supplying a certain portion of the surplus revenue of the government to the extinction of them or by gradually supplanting them with national bank notes, as contemplated in the Fowler bill.

The national bank system is arraigned for its lack of elasticity, the circulation increasing or decreasing in volume, according to the price of United States bonds instead of in accordance with the demands of business. The Suffolk bank system, for which Mr. White has always had an admiration, is suggested as an almost ideal condition, if there were to be provided a common guaranty fund sufficient to protect the note holders. He regards a credit currency as perfectly feasible and indorses the plan proposed by the Indianapolis monetary conference.

"The money question," writes Mr. White, "is the problem of organizing that currency system which will most effectively aid in the economic development of the country. The basis for any sound system must be that commodity standard—at present gold—which combines with other essential qualities the greatest attainable stability. To secure the highest economy, convenience, and stability, however, credit must also be employed; and to minimize the abuse of credit the banks should be made responsible for an adequate note system. The monetary functions of the government should be restricted to maintaining the integrity of the coinage and after the earliest possible withdrawal of the government notes enforcing upon the banks the common rules which insure safety. With the government thus freed from the need of considering questions of monetary policy and the responsibility of managing the credit currency lodged with the credit dealing institutions, subject to government supervision, our monetary system would approach closely the ideal of efficiency."

A feature which adds to the value of the new edition is a chapter giving a brief account of the banking systems of England, Scotland, France, Canada, and Germany.

ENGLISH PLEASURE GARDENS.

An Important Book by Rose Standish Nichols.

"English Pleasure Gardens," by Rose Standish Nichols, is no ordinary book of gardening. It is a historical as well as an esthetic interest, following as it does the influence of other countries and periods upon English taste. Mrs. Standish says: "Ornamental gardening for centuries in Japan has been reduced to an almost exact science; in a different form it was practiced as a fine art in classic Greece and Rome, was revived throughout Europe at the time of the renaissance, and still continues to be studied in France along the same lines under the head of architecture. But in England today it is not understood as more than a craft. . . . Each Englishman who attempts to explain how a garden should be planned and planted seems to have agreed to differ from every other expert who has previously expounded his theory on the subject. . . . The result of this divergence of opinion is that scattered over England are a great variety of gardens almost impossible to classify. Some are planted as if upon untrodden Alpine peaks remote from every trace of civilization, although in reality a sumptuous mansion is not ten feet away. Others are the perfection of topiculture, a term invented by a Frenchman to denote the most complicated plant patchwork, forming the last word of floricultural artificiality. Between these two extremes are many delightful gardens, neither imitations of a wilderness nor rigidly conventional, where plants can grow freely and people are not out of place. Often they have been designed with less rhyme than reason, but are only more charming because they are useful as well as ornamental, to be 'lived in' as well as 'looked on.' Unlike the great French gardens, they are not brilliantly intellectual achievements laboriously constructed to form a vista from the windows of a palatial château and to afford a gay crowd of courtiers a parade ground; nor have they the melancholy beauty of those early Italian gardens whose romantic effect has become intensified by neglect and decay; at present in their perfection the English gardens are in appearance flourishing, of moderate dimensions, and unassuming style. Their homelike atmosphere gives them individuality and a charm more endearing than that of other more pretentious performances."

There are almost 300 pages in the book, which is profusely illustrated with original photographs and drawings by the author, as well as eleven plates drawn by Allen H. Cox. (The Macmillan company, New York.)

MUTUAL AID AND EVOLUTION.

A New Contribution to Sociology by Prince Kropotkin.

An interesting series of papers which appeared in the Nineteenth Century from the pen of Prince Kropotkin has by him been collected in book form with some additional notes and now appears as "Mutual Aid, a Factor of Evolution" (McClure, Phillips & Co.). The subject has been a favorite one for biologists, zoölogists, and sociologists for nearly a century, and there was plenty of suggestion for Kropotkin in university lectures and the works of Darwin, his predecessors and successors. It remained, however, for the Russian to formulate the subject and apply it to man in all ages.

The book first traces the instinct of association among animals and birds, giving a great many instances of the most interesting sort culled from the books of zoölogists and ornithologists and much which has come from the personal observation of the author himself. He denies the assertions of Huxley, Spencer, and others that even among animals the struggle for existence is merely the survival of the fittest, but says that there is quite as much coöperation and association for mutual aid as there is brutal and wanton destruction of life.

After making his researches in animal life it was natural that he should go on and try to prove the influence of the same factor in the life of man. He therefore takes up his study with coöperation among savages and barbarians, continues it through early civilization and the middle ages, and brings it down to contemporaneous times. He shows the growth of city and state rights in the feudal days, the formation of guilds and trading associations, the recognition of labor, the influence of the professions, the habits of community life, the rise of trades unions, the evolution of mutual insurance and fraternal orders, of associations for common protection or profit, for amusement, education, or business interest, for philanthropy, the upholding of laws, the profection of game and the extension of humane instincts, down to to the latest development of the twentieth century. He proves that all these multifarious associations of man are the outcome of an elemental instinct implanted by nature even among the lowest animals and minutest insects. It is, he believes, in the domain of ethics that the dominating importance of the mutual aid principle appears in full, and that our ethical conceptions are all founded upon it. This principle has been reaffirmed every time a new religion appeared in the history of the world, for these religions found their chief supporters among the lowly, downtrodden layers of society, where the mutual aid principle is the necessary foundation of every day life.

The book is a most interesting contribution to the literature of sociology.

STUDY OF PROSE FICTION.

Mr. Bliss Perry Writes an Illuminating Book on the Subject.

Mr. Bliss Perry, editor of the Atlantic, has written "A Study of Prose Fiction," which he says is for the student, but so wide is its scope, so excellent its quality, so individual its treatment that many who would be reluctant to consider themselves students of fiction or anything except entertained readers of it will read his book to its last page with a thorough enjoyment. Mr. Perry has had his experiences, and he has profited by them. He has not only read all of the best fiction but it is safe to infer that as editor of a great magazine he has perused thousands of manuscripts which could not be reckoned among the best. He is thoroughly acquainted with the processes of the novel writer's mind, and he has been at the pains to formulate his ideas and his criticisms, till he has been able to present a really illuminating book upon the subject.

"The habitual writer of fiction, who has proceeded by instinct rather than by knowledge, as it is, indeed, the fashion of the natural story teller to do, will not be a little instructed to find how his methods are denominated, to discover his faults, to be surprised at his virtues; and he who, by the exercise of self-control or because of hauteur of spirit, has refused to write a book may, nevertheless, be much enlightened as to the quality of books, their differences, their aims, their attainments, and failures by the perusal of this volume.

Mr. Perry states, frankly, that prose fiction is the great modern art. "Its scope is so vast," he says, "it is so varied in its different provinces, its potency to attract and to impress is so indubitable, that the reader who makes no response to it, whose powers may not be developed by means of it, must be insufferably dull. By means of it we are brought into contact with modern ideas, with the tumultuous, insistent life of the present. And this, for good or evil, is our life; the life that we must somehow live, and about which we are conscious of an unappeasable curiosity."

His definitions of romanticism and of realism are as good as any ever given, his standards of workmanship are high, and his standards the motive underlying the production of a book yet higher. He recognizes the story telling talent as a thing distinct from education or experience, as it undoubtedly is. "It is not the number of men and cities which the novelist has seen," he says, "that counts so much as do the eyes out of which he has looked and the brain which has reflected upon these observations."

For the American novelist he has excellent expectations. He says: "We need have no fear that the future American novelist will fall in power of expression. The technical finish of his work is assured by the standard that has been already reached. Decade by decade one can mark the steady development of the American novelist in all that pertains to mere craftsmanship. But the quality of his work will not turn primarily upon its technical excellence on the side of form. Cleverness of hand he will certainly possess, but, as I have more than once said already, cleverness of hand is not enough. If his work is to have any significant place in the literature of the world, he must learn to see, and feel, and think, and what he sees, and feels, and thinks will depend solely upon what he is himself."

And so it will.

"A book is an exposition of temperament," Mr. Henry B. Fuller is forever saying. The author cannot after all get beyond that, no matter how "detached" his method may be.

Mr. Perry has written a book of singular sense and excellent sentiment from the ripeness of his experience and his reading. A valuable appendix gives suggestions for study. (Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston.)

RECOLLECTIONS OF A DIPLOMATIST.

Sir Horace Rumbold Tells What He Remembers of Foreign Service.

Sir Horace Rumbold, who was in the British diplomatic service from 1849 till 1873, has published a two volume work, "Recollections of a Diplomat" (Longmans, Green & Co.). He occupied minor posts at Turin, Florence, Paris, Frankfort, Stuttgart, Vienna, Athens, Berne, St. Petersburg, and Constantinople, and accompanied a British mission to China. Born in India in 1829, and educated in Paris, he was more cosmopolite than English, and his light and agreeable temperament kept him from performing distinguished duties in his profession.

An accomplished linguist, fine dancer, possessed of a good voice and other musical abilities, he seemed content to go from post to post, entering good society, playing the good fellow with the men and philandering with the women, like many other diplomat autobiographers, he devotes himself largely to the small talk of the courts he visited, and to recounting the little scandals of European society during his time. It is seldom that he discusses seriously the large events of the great men of that momentous epoch of European history.

It is rather his lodgings, the restaurants, the life at the embassy, the gossip of the court, whom he danced with, what people ate, and wore, and talked about, that fill these handsome pages. Near the end of the first volume he confesses that he has examined what he had written so far, and finds "but an empty record of the vanities of society," but he does not take on any improvement as he proceeds, for the second volume is like the first.

There are many anecdotes scattered through the volume, but only a few of them are worth the telling.

"AN UNCROWNED QUEEN."

A Biography of Frances E. Willard, by Mrs. Bernie Babcock.

"An Uncrowned Queen," by Bernie Babcock, is a memoir of Frances E. Willard written for the young. There are few subjects so fitting for the juvenile memoir, for, in addition to being one of the most distinguished and disinterested women of her time, Miss Willard was one of the most normal, friendly, humorous, cheerful, and simple women imaginable. She loved home observances, gay little home jokes, and was in many ways, particularly in her youth, not unlike Miss Alcott's "Jo" in "Little Women." These lighter and lovable qualities have been too little pointed out, though those who enjoyed acquaintance with her were well aware of them, and, in thinking of her personality, recall them with delight.

Mrs. Babcock has drawn the girlhood and young womanhood of Miss Willard with homely familiar brush, and made her personality distinct to the reader. How naturally she came to her great work, with what dignity she attained her martyrdom—for she died from overwork for the cause of temperance, with which she was identified—is clearly and interestingly told. A certain commonplaceness which attaches to the treatment renders the book all the more understandable, probably, to the ordinary young person, though one cannot help feeling there were heights and depths in this remarkable woman which the author has not explored. Her piety she comprehends easily, but not all of that passion of pity which permitted a refined and delicate woman to encounter hardships and endure opprobrium for the sake of those who had been overtaken by sin. (Fleming H. Revell company, Chicago.)

To Florida in Through Cars.

Through sleeper for Thomasville, Ga., Jacksonville, St. Petersburg, and intermediate Florida resorts, leaves Dearborn station, Chicago, daily, 7 p. m., via Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad. Reduced rate tickets on sale to all southern and southeastern resorts. City ticket office, 181 Adams street. 'Phone Central 555.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Mascagni's Farewell.

Mascagni and his company gave their farewell concert at the Auditorium last evening, an audience of some 2,500 persons being present. The Italian colony of the city was generously represented, and the enthusiasm with which the composer and his associates was received was of the strongly demonstrative variety peculiar to the Latin. It was 8:35 before the maestro appeared and the audience, especially the portion of it that filled the galleries, expressed its impatience in hand clapping and calls, but the moment the goodnatured face of Mascagni was seen all annoyance was forgotten, and from that time until the end of the concert only patriotic pride and delight were in evidence.

The program contained but comparatively little that had not been heard at the matinée on Saturday. The principal numbers of the "Cavalleria" were given again, but in concert form, and the two excerpts from the "Eternal City" music and the Hymn to the Sun from "Iris," were repeated. New were the overture to Rossini's "William Tell," two Hungarian dances by Brahms, and as vocal selections the "King of Thule" and "Jewel Song" and the "Dio Possente" from "Faust," the former being sung by Signorina Fillippe and the latter by Sig. Frascona.

Of Mascagni as a conductor of compositions by writers other than himself considerable might be written, but it suffices to say that the Brahms dances were given a performance which, while it was undeniably impassioned and temperamental, could scarcely be considered as in harmony with what is generally accepted as the interpretation desired and approved by the composer. The "Tell" overture was read with a vigor and abundance of sharp contrast that recalled Sousa at his most extravagant pitch. It was certainly exciting, and the audience was unbounded in voicing its delight. Mascagni was gracious, as usual, and repeated nearly every number on the program.

At McVicker's.

"In Old Kentucky" returned to McVicker's last evening for a three weeks' stay and was welcomed by an audience that made necessary the placing of the "house full" sign in front of the door. It is two years since the play was last seen here, but during that time it has been steadily repeating the popular success that has been its pleasant portion ever since it was first placed before the footlights some ten seasons ago.

It is late to attempt to say anything new as to the quality of this drama of southern life and conditions—those who care for dramatic entertainment of the better melodramatic sort will have seen it and will be familiar with its merits and its shortcomings, and those who do not care for such will have little or no interest in description of it. It is among the most pleasing of its kind, and as the management has given it a new production this season, so far as scenery and costumes are concerned, and has engaged players well suited to the work required of them, the performances merit the liberal favor they receive at the public's hands.

The rôle of Madge Brierly, which is the prominent one of the play, is assumed by Bessie Barriscale, who last evening proved an attractive little actress, neat and trim of figure, pleasing of face, sprightly and graceful, and gifted with agreeable histrionic powers. She makes Madge a sweet, lovable bit of girlish womanhood, one whose broad southern accent is enjoyable to listen to, and whose sincerity and frankness of manner are winning. She had her audience with her from the first and the approval accorded her was as abundant and hearty as it was well deserved.

Estelle Dale is a Barbara fair to look upon, and Florence Stover a satisfactory Alethea.

William T. Clark is the Col. Sandusky of the cast, and he makes a jolly and likable one. His scene with Alethea at the knothole in the fence about the racetrack was made particularly amusing by the recklessness with which he behaved himself while "up a tree."

George Heath is an amiabale Frank Layson, George W. Deyo as natural as ever in his familiar rôle of Joe Lorey, and Otis Turner makes a capital Neb. The pickaninny band is still much in evidence, and the horses and the race scene are as productive of enthusiasm as they have been ever since the play first made its appearance here.

A new drop curtain was used for the first time last night. It is a landscape showing a long stretch of meadow, bounded on either side by lines of trees, the center foreground being occupied by a flock of sheep. It is in the soft, warm colors of sunset, and is attractive.

Daring and Diamonds.

Entering a lion's den in order to get a glove that had been thrown there is the deed of daring that the author of "The Man Who Dared" considered sufficiently notable to entitle his hero to fame and honor. The auditor who watched the melodrama at the Bijou yesterday felt that the daring deed had taken place long before the action of the play opened. Any man who had dared marry such a woman as the heroine of this piece is represented as being had performed an act compared to which the facing of a whole jungle full of famished lions is as harmless as a game of pingpong.

This incarnation of feminine fierceness and fascination is a French countess whose love for a man depends solely on the number of diamonds he can give her. In a moment evidently of insane recklessness Mr. Dare Man dared to wed her, and his supply of sparklers not being sufficient to satisfy her demands he felt it incumbent on him to scamper off to the land where sparklers grow—Africa—and there replenish his stock.

While he was gone Mr. False Friend hunted up a few stray stones and Wifey's heart was immediately and lastingly his—that is, lastingly so long as he continued to present.

Mr. Dare Man returned after a time only to find Wifey faithless and false, and his twin brother happening to be killed just as he arrived he let the report be spread that it was he who had passed beyond this vale of diamonds, deceit, and daring. He then came forward as his brother and set himself the task of taking "Rrrrevenge" on Wifey and Mr. False Friend.

Allowing six months to elapse before he presented himself and his condolences to Wifey, he finally sent her a girdle of flashers such as was never seen outside a melodrama or the crown jewel department of a museum.

This settled the matter. Wifey received him with open arms, and when he kissed her hand he told her every time he indulged in that pastime he would put a diamond on the hand he had kissed. He knew Wifey, he did, and she kept him busy doing the osculatory act. His dress suit seemed to have some sort of a solitaire ring tray attachment, for with every kiss Wifey got her sparkler. Once he did fool her, it is true, and then she called him names.

Mr. False Friend fumed and fawned by turn, one moment slapping the diamond dispensary in the face, and the next being nice to him. Occasionally as a mere matter of diversion, Mr. False Friend would indulge in some playful act, such as drawing a dagger and trying to put Mr. Dare Man out of existence, but the latter invariably showed that high and lofty disregard and that calm complacency that come from the knowledge that one is a real gent and that the diamond supply is not yet running low, and Mr. False Friend was invariably put to discomfiture.

At Monte Carlo, whither Wifey had followed Mr. False Friend, whose prospect seemed for a time to be looking up a bit, Mr. Dare Man came, and after breaking the bank and incidentally putting Mr. False Friend out of all chance of becoming his competitor in the diamond giving contest, he ventured into the lion's den, caused the two mild beasts to walk round a bit, picked up the glove that belonged to Wifey, and, amid the applause of the assembled multitude, came out and presented it to her. And later he asked her to be his wife. He was in truth a daring masculine!

And as he happened to kiss her hands twice during that brief talk, of course, the ring stock had to be lowered two times.

Wifey stretches herself at full length on the couch, and in the firelight holds up her incrusted digits and wiggles them. In sneaks Mr. False Friend, and with a straight down dagger thrust that brought a yell not only from Wifey but from a woman in the audience as well, sent the sparkler collector to kingdom come.

Mr. Dare Man entered then and being a real gent didn't kill Mr. False Friend or have him arrested, but just made a date with him for the morrow and wiped him out of existence in a duel.

And being thus revenged, he married a young maid whom Mamma had wanted him to marry in the first place, and as she liked pearls he went into the pearl distributing business and lived happy ever after.

The Storks Home Again.

Audiences of good size welcomed "The Storks" back to the Dearborn yesterday. The musical fantasy returns to its home theater but slightly changed since last seen here, the few alterations made being happily in the line of improvement. A new scenic setting has been provided for the last act and is vastly superior to the one previously shown.

The costumes are as bright and attractive as of yore, and the piece itself remains practically unchanged. The opening chorus of the second scene of the last act is the only number that is not the same as heretofore. The jokes and fun making have been elaborated here and there, and the performance in general made brighter and brisker.

The cast contains the same principals, only the rôle of Helen being in new hands, Miss May De Sousa, a pert, roguish little actress, who sings well and plays attractively, appearing in the part. She won her hearers' warm approval yesterday and merited it.

The Paraders.

"The Paraders," a two act musical comedy, was produced last evening at the La Salle theater in Madison street, formerly known as the Orpheon. The play, which is a good, clean skit, was enthusiastically received by a house crowded to the doors. The quality of the piece and its enjoyment by the audience furnished abundant proof that there is a place in Chicago for the more modest musical production provided it be thoroughly wholesome.

The comedy, which contains some particularly timely burlesques on American relations with Germany anent the Monroe doctrine, is the work of two Chicagoans. Raymond W. Peck wrote the book and lyrics, while Joseph E. Howard composed the music. After the conclusion of the first act the players were called before the curtain half a dozen times and the authors finally made speeches, taking the audience into their confidence with confessions of their pleasure over the reception of a first attempt.

The cast included players familiar to Chicagoans, and nearly all of whom were seen in the extravaganza, "Chow Chow," the preceding production of the company. Charles L. Warren depicted in Maj. Ben Bluster the type of bad, bad cowboy of departed days in Texas, and Al Shean was the German admiral, Baron von Blitzen, who receives hourly dispatches from Berlin and charges his wine to the kaiser. Dave Lewis introduced a variation in burlesque German dialect as Wiener Schnitzel, a Buffalo brewer. Miss Ida Emerson, the prima donna, created the part of Melba Million, an American millionairess.

Cinderella.

The holiday season is being appropriately celebrated at the Columbus, by the presenting of a Christmas spectacle. Cinderella and her visit to the ball given by Prince Charming form the subject material, and, judging by the interest and approval with which the performance was followed yesterday afternoon, the familiar old fairy tale has lost none of its powers to please and amuse both old and young. The theater was crowded to the last available place, a large number of little folk being present, and the work of the players, the singing and dancing, and the attractive stage pictures were each and all recipients of abundant applause and commendation.

The Columbus management has not been sparing in the scenic and costume investiture it has supplied, and the eye of the patron is kept constantly flattered. Seldom is so elaborate a production met with at one of the cheaper priced houses.

The company appears to good advantage in this unusual line of work, Miss Sutherland making a handsome and graceful Prince Charming, Clara Knott being a sweet and winsome Cinderella, Frederick Julian an amusing Baron Pumpernickle, James Hester and Edith Julian satisfactory as the two wicked sisters of Cinderella, and Lydia Knott a comely Queen of the Fairies.

A ballet of some twenty young girls, led by Helen Barry and Helen Brandon, furnish several pleasing divertissements, and Baby Lund and Primrose Seamon are heard in specialties.

At the Academy "Tracy the Outlaw" is the bill for the week, the drama having to do with the life and death of the desperado from the time of his escape till his suicide. The scenery is said to be made from pictures taken by Tracy himself. The spectacle of a fugitive from justice stopping to press the button every time he killed a man or held up a farmhouse is a bit incongruous perhaps, but the press agent is voucher for the correctness of the statement, and "these be honorable men."

At the Alhambra "On the Suwannee River" is the bill for the week. "The Dangers of Paris is at the People's, and "All the Comforts of Home" at the New American.

W. L. HUBBARD.

DINE ON FOOD PRESERVATIVES.

Agricultural Department Employes Begin Tests, Eating Viands Filled with Borax and Boracic Acid.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—The food tests that Dr. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the agricultural department is making on a number of government employes for the purpose of ascertaining what, if any, effects are produced by a diet to which is added borax and other food preservatives is under way. This afternoon at dinner borax and boracic acid figured to quite an extent in the food given the government boarders. The diners did not notice any preservative in the food, and felt no ill effects.

Hanna Entertains Generals.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 21.—Senator Hanna gave a dinner at his home in this city today in honor of Maj. Gens. Corbin, Young, and Chaffee, and John G. Milburn of Buffalo. There were also a number of prominent Cleveland people present. Adj. Gen. Corbin and Gen. Chaffee left for Washington tonight; Gen. Young and Mr. Milburn will leave in the morning.

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Clearance clocks, bronzes, vases, rich cut glass.

REMARKABLE pre-holiday price reductions—eleventh hour prices at the lowest possible notch, an opportunity for the belated thousands who throng the stores these last days before Christmas. Immense assortments of beautiful wares will be closed out during this great clearing event.

$2.95 Rich American cut glass sugar and cream set—regular price $4.00.

$1.00 for French china plates, cups and saucers—bon bon and fancy dishes—large assortment—all richly decorated, flowers, tints and gold—all reduced from $1.50 and $2.00.

$1.95 for smokers' sets—"chin noir" Japanese papier mache—complete on tray—reduced from $3.00 to close at $1.95.

$1.35 for genuine colonial cut glass candlesticks, 8 inches high, with fancy candle, a splendid quality—reduced from $2.00.

75c for genuine cloisonne enamel vases, koros, etc.; new designs, reduced from $1.

$1.75 for Wedgwood large 14-inch wall plaques—engraved, old blue, Watteau, landscapes, etc.—special value for today.

75c for imported beer mugs—½-liter size, painted Defragger panels, chased metal covers—regular price $1.25—to close, 75c.

$6.00 for large enameled iron mantel clocks—Ansonia make—guaranteed hour & half-hour gong strike—regular price $7.50.

75c for Austrian china vases—art nouveau shapes—hand decorated—regular $1.25 size—priced specially low at 75c.

$1.00 for Vienna gilt smokers' sets—very complete—reduced from $2.00.

$1.00 for Bohemian glass vases, rich enameled and gold decorations—very handsome and ornamental—reduced from $2.00.

$2.00 for large variety engraved and enamel gold Rhine wine glasses—$3.50 to $6.00 values reduced for today.

$3.50 for cut glass and silver plated candlestick, with holly shade and bobeche—fancy candle, etc.—specially good value.

$7.50 rich American cut glass bowls—8 and 9 inch sizes—extra rich designs—large assortment—reduced from $10.00 to $7.50.

WRIT SERVED ON MASCAGNI: CLAIM AGAINST OTHERS.

Attachment for $134 Said to Be Due from Conductor's Ex-Managers if from Anybody.

Sig. Mascagni was about to escort Mme. Duse to dinner at the Auditorium annex last evening, when Joseph E. G. Ryan, press agent for several local theaters, accompanied by a constable, appeared and attempted to serve a writ of attachment for $134 on the bewildered composer. He did not understand exactly what the constable said, and appealed to Mr. F. Wight Neumann and Count Rozwadowski, the Italian consul, who were with him.

Mr. Neumann interposed and the constable accepted a bond signed by him, Count Rozwadowski, and Ald. Julius Goldzier, the attorney for the Italian consulate. Thus the matter was temporarily settled. Mr. Neumann was indignant over the affair.

"It is nothing but an effort to cause trouble," he said. "Sig. Mascagni has absolutely nothing to do with the matter. When the Mittenthal brothers were Mascagni's managers they engaged Mr. Ryan to do the press work for them in Chicago. If Mr. Ryan, who, by the way, never was called upon to do any of the press work, has any claim at all, it is against the Mittenthal brothers and not against Mascagni or his present manager. Mr. Ryan must have known that."

That was not the only trouble which threatened the Mascagni Opera company. When the members of the orchestra and the singers were informed after the performance last night that the entire company would leave by special train on the Wabash railroad shortly after midnight, there was great excitement behind the scenes. It had been originally arranged that the company should leave Monday morning and most of the musicians had engaged lodgings for the night. They did not like the idea of exchanging the beds for seats in moving railroad coaches, but finally they accepted the situation.

PLAN TO KEEP OUT INVALIDS.

California Committee Decides to Discourage Coming of Consumptives to the State.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 21.—The committee appointed from the state senate to investigate the conditions connected with the coming of the consumptives to California from eastern states, and the proposed plan to establish a state institution for the care of such patients, has decided to recommend legislation looking to the restriction of the coming to the coast of consumptive persons be enacted. It was decided not to support the plan of establishing a home for patients of that class.

Holiday Gifts

French	Modern Artistic Bronzes Treated in New Color Effects.
Italian	Faience, Venetian Glass, Plaques, Bronzes.
German	Royal Meissen and K. P. M. Porcelain, Steins, Kayser Zinn.
Austrian	Rich Gilded Hocks, Roemers and Fancy Glasses, Superb Styles.
Danish	Royal Copenhagen Porcelain Rare, Original, Delicate Tints.
American	Rookwood Novelties, Matt and Translucent Glaze, Unique.
Belgian	Needle Etched; Cut and Rock Crystal Glasses, in great variety.
Holland	Delft, Under-Glaze Blue, Rozenburg, Polychrome Faience

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CHANGING TO BULL SIDE.

MARKET SENTIMENT GROWS DECIDEDLY MORE CHEERFUL.

But the Facts Are Not Yet All One Way—Wholesale Trade Situation Is Healthful—Little Change in Wheat Prices, but the Statistical Position of the Grain Is Generally Recognized as a Strong One—Coarse Grain and Provisions Steady.

It is becoming apparent that a marked change toward the bull side of the securities market is taking place. Wall street sentiment is now more cheerful than it has been at any time since the first break last September.

This hopefulness is born of the facts that so much liquidation has occurred; that lines of stocks have been reduced in commission houses; that important concerns have borrowed large quantities of time money; that the end of the year is so near; and that the New York banks themselves have throughout the last seven days looked with more favor on an advancing market than previously. The banks have shown no disposition to advance rates in order to check speculation. This of itself, if continued, should be sufficient to encourage the stock market, for the latter has been absolutely controlled by the banks since September.

So far as can be gathered, the sentiment in Wall street is not for a big rise at the present time, but for a moderate upward movement, with some elements bullish and others inclined to be bearish, but the average sentiment is, as indicated, drifting toward the bull side.

Two Different Views.

Two communications bearing on the situation have been received by the financial department of THE TRIBUNE from important New York interests. One reads:

"I am a bull on the country in general and think money will flow into New York after the first of the year."

The other reads as follows:

"There has been creation of additional finance bills, I think, within the last week or two, and gold exports have been put off. I should be inclined to look forward to a considerable gold movement, however, when money begins to turn back in this direction and when money rates have some tendency to give way. The statement of exports and imports for November you will note makes a bad showing.

"The decline in the stocks undoubtedly has put the situation in better shape on the exchange, but the decline is great only as measured by the high point reached during the summer. If you compare quotations of say the middle of January with those ruling today the average decline is less than three points.

"Money is not coming back from the country yet, and it seems likely that the movement will be slower this year than usual."

Disregard Bank Figures.

Some further evidence of growing bull sentiment was afforded by the manner in which Saturday's bank statement was disregarded. The figures were distinctly poor, there being no favorable feature. The market, however, assumed that the tide must soon turn and continued to discount the improved situation, which is generally expected to follow early in the new year. Conditions in general have now reached a state, however, where it is a matter of considerable conjecture which way sentiment will be positively turned in the course of the next thirty days. There are good and bad features to be considered.

The changes in detail in the bank statement, together with totals, were as follows:

Reserve, decreased	$ 203,300
Loans, decreased	5,510,200
Specie, decreased	1,307,700
Legals, increased	113,500
Deposits, decreased	6,575,200
Circulation, increased	55,000
Total	$875,861,300
Deposits	807,856,000
Circulation	46,516,700
Specie	194,975,600
Legals	68,079,000
Reserve held	276,057,600
Reserve required	210,964,400
Surplus reserve	5,093,200

United Fruit Business.

M. C. Keith, vice president of the United Fruit company, has just returned from London. He is quoted as saying:

"I don't believe the stockholders of the United Fruit company fully realize the importance to our company of opening up the European markets to the bananas. We now have eight steamers in this service, carrying bananas to England at the rate of about 1,500,000 stems a year. By spring we will have thirteen steamers in this service, and within a year we expect to have twenty.

"When it is considered that practically all the bananas now being shipped to Europe are consumed in England, and there are Germany, Austria, and Belgium, having a combined population greater than the United States, to say nothing of France and other European countries, presenting a market which has never been reached, some ideas of the possibilities of this European business can be gathered."

Chicago Stocks.

Chicago's business situation developed nothing of special interest in the week. It continues sound in every particular. There is an absolute lack of apprehension in any direction, and this smugness affords a degree of equanimity that does not obtain in either New York or Boston.

The local stock market was moderately active, with considerable weakness in Chicago Title and Trust. The stock of that corporation is suffering from talk of opposition and adverse legislation. Earnings continue as good as they were when the company was organized, but a liberal amount is being charged off under the direction of President Keith. Those who hold the shares for an investment may be reminded that Mr. Keith pulled the Metropolitan National through a panic, and when the bank was sold the public became aware of a large reserve fund not generally known to be in existence. It is presumed the Title and Trust company is being managed with equal regard for the interests of shareholders.

Bank Stock Quotations.

Howard, Small, Sibley & Co. furnish the following quotations on Chicago bank stocks:

	Bid.	Asked.
Farmers' National	170	176
Chicago National	400	410
Commercial National	300	310
Continental National	250	260
First Exchange Nat'l	420	430
First National	400	405
First Nat'l	395	402
National of Englewood	150	
Fort Dearborn National	150	160
National Bank of the Republic	160	170
National Bank of North America	118	121
National Live Stock Bank	250	
Oakland National	150	160
Home Trust and Savings Bank	175	182
Central Trust Company	128	132
Chicago City Bank	160	170
Chicago Trust and Savings	178	
Federal Trust and Savings	140	145
Hibernian Banking Association	275	290
Illinois Trust and Savings	206	208
Merchants' Loan and Trust	390	405
Metropolitan Trust and Savings	110	115
Milwaukee Avenue State Bank	120	130
Northern Trust Company	500	510
Peoples State Bank	140	150
Pullman Loan and Trust Company	160	
Royal Trust Company	140	145
Security Bank of Chicago	200	210
Union Trust Company	165	175
Western State Bank	118	122

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed easy on Saturday at the following figures:

SELLING.

Cables, Paris	5 16¾-3-16
Cables, Sweden	26 7-16
Checks, London	4 88½
Checks, Berlin	95¾-1-32

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers	483
60 days, London, commercially	4 4804
3 days, Hamburg	95 1-16
3 days, Antwerp	5 16¾
60 days, Swedish	26
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
60 days, Holland	39 15-16

SELLING.

Checks, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway	26.85
Checks, Bankers', Austria	21.16
Checks, Helsingborg, Wiborg	26.35
Checks, Vienna	20.40
Checks, France	5 16.00
Checks, Italy, lires	19.50
Checks, Belgium	5 16.87
Checks, Spain, pesetas	24.75
Checks, Mexico City, Mexican dollars	39.25
Checks, Hongkong, local currency	50.50
Checks, Shanghai, local currency	50.50
Checks, Yokohama, local currency	50.75

Decrease in Wholesale Trade.

There was a not unlooked for falling off in the volume of wholesale business during the last week, but trade was by no means dull. While the bulk of holiday orders had been previously placed, many of the principal stocks had an attraction for a large number of local and near by merchants. This was especially true in dry goods, in which line the noticeable feature of the purchases for the Christmas season was the universal demand for the best goods in stock. This was so general new records in the volume of sales of goods of this class were made and stocks, as a general rule, much depleted. A break in prices of a number of prominent tickets of bleached cottons was followed by a largely increased movement, many dealers having held off for some time in anticipation of such a decrease.

Trade in paints and oils was redeemed from the usual holiday dullness by the demands of manufacturers of machinery, implements, etc. The jobbing trade was almost at a standstill, owing to both wholesalers and retailers being engaged in taking stock, and the majority doing nothing at this season in the way of active operations. The drug trade was affected by the same influences adverse to business in other wholesale lines, as is usual at this season, but dealers had no complaints as to the volume falling below the normal.

Cold weather and snows having checked outdoor operations involving lumber consumption, and the near approach of the holiday season, naturally tended to quietness in the business during the last week. Dealers, however, expressed no dissatisfaction with prevailing conditions, for they were at least normal, and in some lines heavier than during the same period last year. The city trade continued heavy, building and industrial work being carried on with unabated energy and in a volume unusual for the season.

While the snows throughout the northern lumber districts started woods work under full headway, mill men are complaining of the increased cost of all mill supplies and the advance in wages to laborers. The recent floods in the Mississippi and its tributaries gave mills dependent on the rivers sufficient logs to continue operations or to resume them earlier than anticipated.

Prices in the leading woods showed no particular change except in the way of some advances in special items. In white pine and also in hemlock there is much talk among the trade as to advances being made, and although unusual at this season of the year the scarcity of stocks and conditions at producing centers is deemed to warrant such a course at almost any time. All hardwoods continue firm and the scarcity of this article, especially among furniture manufacturers, is so marked as to cause an unusual number of orders for future delivery to be placed with the millmen.

Great Excitement in Coal Trade.

The Black Diamond, the organ of the western coal trade, says: "Excitement in the western anthracite situation has been more intense during the last week than at any previous time in the history of this market. Premiums have been freely paid by all of the factors in the trade to secure supplies and retail prices have ranged up as high as $15.00 and $16.00 from speculative holders in some few cases. One retailer is advertising in the daily newspapers that he will sell anthracite coal in a restricted area on the south side at $15.00 a ton. In some instances consumers who have wanted more than a ton or two, it is claimed, have offered a still higher figure than this for coal, without being able to obtain it. In a wholesale way, much coal has changed hands at $10.00 where is was bought from those who had not previously sold the dealer. Most of the companies, however, which are taking care of their regular trade are only asking the normal price.

"The Chicago market was never more bare of bituminous coals than it was on Monday and Tuesday of the present week. Large dealers with orders to fill diverted whole days to attempting to secure a single carload which they could supply to customers, many times without any success. Deals were closed with the snap of a finger when any coal was offered and the market was the most excited it has been in the history of the oldest coal man still in business. Prices pegged up 50c and $1.00 at a time in some instances and were out of sight before any one knew it. The scarcity existed in extra premiums paid on the railroads to move coal, with the result that some little relief has been experienced as to the supply since that time. Prices, however, are not any lower than they were, but are holding steady at the recent advances, and there is still considerable complaint over the shortage. Some West Virginia coals are coming in, but the aggregate tonnage is not large. Pocahontas is said to be almost out of the market and this is sending the demand which ordinarily goes to this grade of coal to Newriver and Kanawha, which are commanding fancy prices and are strong. The transportation situation from the West Virginia fields has shown little improvement."

In iron and steel there was an enforced activity in the trade, for consumers could not keep out of the market, being in need of material as to be compelled to buy, regardless of individual views as to the future of prices. Buying, however, went no further than unavoidable purchases for immediate use. The event of the week was the absorption of a growing rival by the largest steel producing plant. This did much to give values a stability they have long lacked, and this fact has also influenced consumers to look more favorably upon the present range of prices.

Bars, which have been sold during recent weeks below the cost of production, showed an improved tone, and producers who have kept out of the competition for orders are receiving commendation. While the trade in structural irons is quiet it is not neglected by any means. Several orders for large amounts for local construction operations were placed and much early buying is predicted. In pipe there was a cessation of premium paying for spot. Prices for December, January, and February delivery are about a dollar above those for more forward shipment.

Foreigners Buying Wheat.

Wheat early in the week maintained the high level reached the week before, and established a slightly better figure for May, which sold at 78¼c. There was a good deal of profit taking, and with the market comparatively dull from a speculative standpoint, the "outside" not buying actively and important insiders apparently willing to force a reaction, one of modest proportions set in. The price was carried down to 76¾-⅛c, and somewhat greater weakness developed in December, which went to a discount of 3⅜c under May, the widest difference reached.

But the declining tendency was arrested by the appearance of a sharp export demand from the united kingdom. The exhaustion of spring wheat stocks at Liverpool, lighter world's shipments, small clearances from this country for the week, and the decrease in supplies afloat evidently made foreigners glad to replenish their stocks on even a moderate break.

This buying led to an improved demand for the spring wheat in store in Chicago, bids being much nearer a working basis on Saturday and some business done. The May price worked back to 77¼c, and the close was at 77¾-⅝c, a loss for the week of only ¼-⅛c. December lost ⅜c, July closing unchanged.

Of many bullish features in the wheat situation the export demand and the small stocks at the eastern seaboard are likely to be effective price factors here by developing a demand for shipment from Chicago. The visible supply last week was over 11,000,000 bu less than that of a year ago, with a disproportionate share of the decrease in the east. Stocks at the four ports of New York, Baltimore, Boston, and Philadelphia, and at Buffalo were only 12,500,000 bu, compared with 19,800,000 bu a year ago, a falling off of 35 per cent. The figures suggest an earlier demand than ordinary for all rail shipments from here.

Reports on the Argentine harvest were in general of more or less delay and damage by storms and the possibility of serious impairment of the quality of that crop, after a series of wet harvests in this country and abroad, affected the local speculative temper and doubtless stimulated the foreign cash demand.

Corn Market Heavy.

The one feature in the corn market was the collapse today of the December price, that delivery dropping from 57c to 54½c last Monday and gradually sinking during the remaining days of the week to 46c, at which price it closed on Saturday, 12c lower than the high quotation of the previous week. This was largely the result of heavy sales for the account of interests conducting a blind pool, which had been forced to liquidate by the liberal production of contract corn by private drying houses. Receipts have been freer here than in other markets, furnishing more cash corn for the cleaning houses to work upon. Receipts for the week were 1,685,800 bu, and shipments only 604,700 bu. A restricted pit business also worked against the May price, which ranged from 44c on Monday to 43c on Thursday and Friday. It closed 43¾-½c, a loss of ¼@⅝c, as compared with the previous week. The prevailing influences are not of a pronounced character. On the bear side there the depressing influence of a small trade, and, on the bull side the weather, which all through the belt is bad alike for the grading and the movement.

The oats market is not showing much life, though prices hold up well. The May closed on Saturday only ⅛-¼c lower than it was a week ago, after selling up from 32½c Wednesday to 33⅝c Saturday. The closing was 33½-⅝c. The general speculative interest is not a large one, so far as "outsiders" are concerned, though two or three of the larger locals are carrying substantial long lines and assert their intention of standing by the property until it shows a satisfactory profit.

After a price range of 50c in the January pork delivery the market closed exactly where it stood a week ago. The course was downward. The same delivery of lard gained 12½c, while ribs advanced 10c. Nothing in the list showed any special feature. The principal bullish influence continues to be the restricted stocks of cured meats and the generally good cash demand.

Active futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Closed Dec. 13.	Range for the week. High.	Low.	Closed Saturday.	Closed Dec. 21. 1901.
Dec	75¾	78	75	74½	71⅝
May	77⅝-¾	78¾	76¾	77⅛	81
July	74¼-½	74⅝	73½	74⅛	80¾

CORN.

Dec	55¾	57	45⅝	45⅞	64
May	43¾-½	44	43	43⅝-½	67

OATS.

Dec	31⅝-⅞	32	30¾	31⅜	44⅜
May	33¼	33⅝	32½	33½-⅝	45¾

MESS PORK.

Jan	16.60	16.80	16.30	16.60	16.37½
May	15.52½	15.80	15.55	15.97½	16.82½

LARD.

Dec	10.22½	10.37½	10.17½	10.25	9.70
Jan	9.70	9.82½	9.65	9.82½	9.12½
May	9.15	9.35	9.10	9.25	8.77½

SHORT RIBS.

Jan	8.35	8.47½	8.37½	8.45	8.37½
May	8.30	8.50	8.25	8.50	8.60

The movement of wheat, corn, and oats for the week, with comparisons, is shown as follows:

	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.
Primary receipts	5,077,507	4,086,547	3,089,151
Previous week	6,005,060	2,762,955	2,880,902
Same week 1901	4,120,685	2,308,856	2,014,563
Primary shipments	2,784,549	1,709,442	1,768,490
Previous week	3,035,560	1,876,200	1,851,184
Same week 1901	762,595	1,550,742	1,911,003
Eastern clearances	1,650,125	1,650,125	1,173,202
Previous week	1,659,145	828,694	199,296
Same week 1901	1,238,202	813,871	458,450

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—[Special.]—The home demand for cotton goods showed no material change in character. Ordinary business was doing here at previous prices. Print cloths in better request for wide goods and prices steady. Good business during the last two days in heavy brown cottons for export to China. Cotton yarns steady, with moderate demand. Worsted yarns firm. Woolen yarns steady. Linen and jute yarns firm.

Range of Coffee Prices.

Opening quiet at unchanged prices the coffee market moved within a narrow range under a quiet business, which amounted to about 12,500 bags for the session, but turned slightly easier toward the close and finished with prices not unchanged to 5 points lower, as compared with the final quotations of the previous day. The market closed quiet. The spot market was quiet, with quotations on the basis of 5¼c for Rio No. 7.

Poultry—Alive and Dressed.

Alive—Chickens, medium grades, per lb, 10c; fowls, medium grade, 10c; roosters, prime, old, 7c; turkeys, 15c; ducks, western, average, per pair, 80c@$1.00; geese, western, average, $1.50@1.62. Dressed—Dry packed—Turkeys, fancy, 20@21c; do fair to good, 18@19c; state and Pennsylvania, fancy, 20c; do Ohio and Michigan, fancy, 19½@20c; do fair to good, 18@19c; other western, fancy, 19c; do fair to prime, 17@18c; do old, 16@16¾c; do common to fair, 14@16c; chickens, scalded, fancy, 13¼@14c; western, fancy, 13@13½c; do fair to good, 12@12¾c; capons, 16@18c; fancy, large, 18@19c; Ohio, mixed, 16@17c; fowls, Ohio, and Michigan, scalded, fancy, 12½@13c; other western, scalded, fancy, 12½c; do western, dry picked, fancy, 12½c; do western, fair to good, 11@12c.

Butter of All Grades.

Creamery, extras, per lb, 30c; do, firsts, 27½@29c; do, seconds, 25@27c; do, held, extras, 26@28½; do, firsts, 24@26c; do, seconds, 22@23c; state dairy, tubs, fancy, 27@28c; do, firsts, 25@26c; do, seconds, 23@24c; state dairy, tins, etc., 20@26½c; western imitation creamery, finest, 21¼@22c; do, fair to prime, 18¼@20c; do, lower grades, 17@18c; renovated, extras, 22@22½c; do, common to prime, 16¼@21c; western factory, held, finest, 18@18½c; do, lower grades, 16½@17¼c; do, current make, finest, 18@18½c; do, seconds, 17@17¼c; packing stock, 16½@18c.

In the Metal Markets.

Business was quiet in all branches of the metal trade today. Prices were generally unchanged. Tin was quiet at 25.50@25.65c for spot. Copper locally dull and nominal at 10.75c for standard, 11.65c for lake, and 11.45c for electrolytic and casting. Lead quiet at 4½c for spot. Spelter quiet at 4.87½c for spot. Iron quiet and nominal at last prices.

IN THE LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep at Different Trade Centers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 36. No sales reported. Dressed beef, steady; city dressed, native sides, 7½@11c per lb; Texas beef, 6½@7½c. Cables quoted American steers at 12¼@13¼c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 10c per lb for average. Calves—Receipts, 102. Offerings mainly western calves. City dressed veals, 11@14c per lb. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6,876. Dull both sheep and lambs; whole market generally lower tone. Sheep, $3.00@4.00 per 100 lbs; culls, $1.50; lambs, $5.00@6.00; dressed mutton, 6@8c per lb; dressed lambs, 7½@10c. Hogs—Receipts, 1,056. No sales reported.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 600. Unchanged; choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.10@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00; western fed steers, $3.00@5.25; Texas and Indian steers, $2.65@4.50; calves, $2.85@6.00. Receipts for week, 40,800. Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; good hogs, 5@10c higher; top, $6.30; bulk of sales, $6.05@6.17½. Receipts for week, 39,500. Sheep—Receipts, 200; steady; native lambs, $4.00@5.40; western lambs, $3.85@4.55; stockers and feeders, $2.00@3.35. Receipts for week, 35,300.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000, including 1,500 Texans; steady; native shipping and export steers, $4.50@6.00, with strictly fancy worth up to $6.75; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.00@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.00; calves, $4.00@7.00; Texas and Indian steers, $2.15@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 3,500; steady; pigs and lights, $5.85@6.05; packers, $6.00@6.25; butchers, $6.10@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 900; steady; native muttons, $3.40@4.00; lambs, $4.35@5.50; culls and bucks, $2.00@4.00; stockers, $1.50@3.00; Texans, $2.70@3.80.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; slow. Hogs—Receipts, 8,500; stronger, 5c higher; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.05. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; steady; fed muttons, $3.75@4.50; westerns, $3.50@4.00; wethers, $3.60@4.30; ewes, $2.75@4.25; common and stockers, $1.25@3.25; lambs, $4.50@5.25.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 18,000. Lambs 10c and sheep 25c lower; top lambs, $5.60@5.65; culls to good, $4.00@5.00; yearlings, $4.25@4.50; ewes, $4.00@4.25; sheep, top mixed, $3.50@3.75; culls to good, $1.75@3.20.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Dec. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 578. Hogs—Receipts, 4,641. Medium and heavy, $6.10@6.32½; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.20. Sheep—Receipts, 180. Yearlings, $4.50; wethers, $4.25; ewes, $4.00.

BRINGS SLAYER FROM LONDON.

Sergt. McCarthy Leaves English Capital on Jan. 10 with George Stone, Who Is Charged with Murder.

George Stone, who shot and killed Robert Fergus, a colored cook at the Hotel Turner, Thirty-third street and Wabash avenue, in July, 1898, will leave London Jan. 10 in custody of Sergt. Arthur McCarthy of the Central detectives, and will be brought to Chicago for trial. Stone told the London police that he had killed Fergus in self-defense. He was traced for nine years by Detective Frank McDonald, who was detailed to go to London for his prisoner, but McDonald told Chief O'Neill that he could not stand the trip on the water and asked to be relieved from the detail.

WEEK IN WALL STREET.

HYSTERIA DISAPPEARS AND BETTER TONE PREVAILS.

Closing Days Show Buoyant Feeling and Strength Develops—Bank Statement Is Favorable and Money Market Improves, Relieving Fears of Nervous Brokers—Rates Decline, but Probably Will Remain High Until After Turn of Year.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Wall street finally closed a week in good spirits. Hysteria had so far disappeared on Saturday that closing quotations were buoyant. Not in spots merely, but throughout the whole market, strength showed, and for the first time in weeks commission house transactions were of record and substantial.

The clearing house bank statement had not a single discouraging item in it. A relatively slight decrease in surplus reserve was less than had been apprehended, and contraction in loan accounts gives relief to nervous conservatives who have been long urging speculative restrictions.

Recent tremendous liquidation produces a bank record which is altogether favorable, and, independent wholly of the question of what may have been the incidental stock market losses involved, the new fact, and the effective one, is that the scare elements of the financial situation are eliminated.

The money market is measurably improved, and is likely to show further improvement. This is the testimony of representative bankers. Current facts speak for themselves. Since the formation of the $50,000,000 relief pool call rates have steadily declined, while time money has been offered in freer supply and at reasonable rates.

Commission and premiums are no longer commanded or demanded, not even for short time loans. Three months money can now be had at 5% per cent, as compared with 7½ and 8 per cent a week or two ago, while shorter loans do not run above the legal figures.

The financial skies are clearer than they have been for some time, and there is every promise that they will be brighter still. The "corner" in corn in Chicago has been broken, grain exports are going out in volume, bond sales on a considerable scale are being made abroad, and the return flow of money from the interior has set in in earnest.

While it is not reasonable to expect forthwith cheap money—for the immense January disbursements must still be made—it is not too much to hope that, after the turn of the year, money will be in such plentiful supply that normal conditions will again prevail—that, indeed, we may be so well supplied that we can view with equanimity gold exports should it be desired for one reason or another to make them.

It has interested the academic element of Wall street to figure industriously lately as to international gold movement probabilities and possibilities. Not long ago they were prophets of a big gold export movement, but their calculations proved sheerest guesses, and lately the forecasts have been by no means unanimous.

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 12 M.

$7000 Atch gen 4s ..... 97¼@98
..... 101½@2¾
5000 do adjmt ..90¾@¾
1000 do stamped.. 91
5000 B-O gold 4s..101¾
1000 do P L E-W 4s 95
5000 Balto Un El 1st 102
1000 Can So 1st...106¼
2000 Cent of Ga con 5s..... 106
16000 do 2d inc 36
10000 C & A gen 4½s.106¼
6000 C-A 3½s..... 79
54000 C B-Q joint bonds ..... 95⅝@¾
1000 do ill div 3½s 97¼
85000 C R I & P 4s 88
1000 Chi Termi 4s. 86
1000 Chi I gen 5s.108
67000 C G W 1st 82
..... 93¼@94¾
12000 Con Tob 4s..94@94¾
15000 D M-M land grant ..... 86@88¾
8000 Erie 1st gen 4s 85
1000 Hocking Val 4½s 109
1000 I-G N 1st 5s.. 98
1000 Iowa Cent 1st 115
20000 L & N U 4s.. 88
5000 L C & L 4s 88¾
10000 Mex Cent con 4s ..... 74@74¼
1000 Mex Cent 1st inc 4s 23¼
10000 N-K-B 1st..110
$7000 M-K-T 1st..... 97¼@98
2000 M P trust 5s.104¼
2000 Nor-W con 4s.100
2000 Nor-W Pocah 4s 90¾
5000 Nor Pac 4s...105¾
8000 O S L 4s pur 73
86000 O S L 4s gen ..... 94¼@95
16000 Peo-E inc 1st ..... 76¼@¾
65000 R G W 4s..... 96¼@¾
4000 St L & W 1st 4s ..... 94@95
1000 do 2d inc 4s.. 81
2000 do cons 4s.... 85
6000 S A-A P 4s.. 80¾
1000 Seaboard gold 4s 63¼
20000 So Pac 4s..90¾
11000 So R R 1st 5s.110¼
2000 So R R M-O col 4s 95
20000 S R T inc.... 10
5000 Third Ave con 4s 99
2000 T St L & W 4s. 76
20000 U P 1st 4s..104¼@¾
86000 U P conv 4s ..... 104¼@¾
2000 Wab 1st 5s..116¼
2000 Wab deb A..104
130000 Wab deb B..
14000 Wis C gen 4s ..... 91¼@¾

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Staples at Leading Exchanges.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 17,710 brls; exports, 38,390 brls; quiet but firm; winter patents, $3.60@3.90; winter straights, $3.45@3.55; winter extras, $2.85@3.15; winter low grades, $2.65@2.95; Minnesota patents, $4.00@4.20; Minnesota bakers', $3.25@3.40.

Wheat—Receipts, 94,575 bu; exports, 40,221 bu; spot firm; No. 2 red, 80¼c elevator; No. 2 red, 79¼c f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 86c f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 86¾c f. o. b., afloat; options closed firm, helped by a good export trade at ¼@⅝c net advance; May, 80 13-16@81¼c, closed 81¼c; July closed 78¾c; December closed 83¾c.

Corn—Receipts, 26,250 bu; exports, 58,538 bu; spot firm; No. 2, 62¼c elevator and 59½c f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 yellow, 59½c; No. 2 white, 60c; options fairly active and firmer, closed firm and ⅛@¼c net higher; January closed 54¼c; May, 51¼@51¾c, closed 51¼c; July, 48 9-16@48¾c, closed 48¾c; December, 60@60c, closed 60c.

Oats—Receipts, 10,500 bu; exports, 20,464 bu; spot quiet; No. 2, 37c; standard white, 39½c; No. 3, 36½c; No. 2 white, 39½c; No. 3 white, 38½c; track mixed western, nominal; track white, 37½@43c; options dull but firm, with corn.

Cotton seed oil—Firm; prime yellow, 39@40c.

Eggs—Receipts, 5,846 pkgs; dull, weak; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 28c; western fancy graded, 26c; western poor to prime, 20@25c; refrigerated, 18½@21½c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 7-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 15-16c; molasses sugar, 3 3-16c; refined steady; crushed, 5.45c; powdered, 4.95c.

In the Cotton Markets.

Cotton futures closed steady. December, 8.58c; January, 8.55c; February, 8.32c; March, 8.35c; April, 8.34c; May, 8.36c; June, 8.36c; July, 8.37c; August, 8.19c; September, 7.96c; October, 7.87c.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8.70c; middling gulf, 8.95c; sales, 1,952 bales.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 20.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, nominal, track 72¼@74c; May, 76⅝@76¼c; July, 72c; No. 2 hard, 69@71c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 44¾c, track 44¾c; December, 45c; May, 39½c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 cash, 32¾c, track 32⅝@34c; December, 33c; May, 32¼c; No. 2 white, 35½c. Lead—Lower, $3.95. Spelter—Lower, $4.50 asked. Wool—Firm. Medium grades and combing, 17@20½c; light fine, 16@19c; heavy fine, 13@15c; tub washed, 18@29c. Flour—Quiet. Red winter patents, $3.35@3.50; extra fancy and straight, $3.05@3.30; clear, $2.90@3.00.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 20.—May wheat opened at 75@75½c and held close to 75c. The market closed firm; May, 75½c; July 75¾c; December, 75¼c. Cash No. 1 hard closed, 75¼c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 73c. Flour—First patents, $3.90@4.00; second patents, $3.75@3.85; first clears, $2.90@3.00; second clears, $2.30@2.40.

DULUTH, Minn., Dec. 20.—Close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 73½c; No. 1 northern, 72½c; No. 2 northern, 70½c. No. 3 spring, 67½c. To arrive: No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; December, 72½c; May, 76½c; macaroni, No. 1, 64½c; No. 2, 62½c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 20.—Wheat—Higher; close: No. 1 northern, 77¼@77½c; No. 2 northern, 75¼@76½c; May, 77¼c. Barley—Steady; standard, 63c; sample, 55@55c. Corn—May, 43¾@43½c.

TOLEDO, O., Dec. 20.—Wheat—Dull, higher; cash and December, 77¾c; May, 81¼c. Cloverseed—Fairly active, higher; December, $6.50; January, $6.52½; March, $6.67½.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 20.—Close: Wheat—December, 62¾c; May, 69¾@69¼c; cash No. 2 hard, 66@68c; No. 3, 64@64½c; No. 4, 53@60c; rejected, hard, 52@55c; No. 2 red, 66@67c; No. 3, 65@65½c. Corn—December, 39¾c; May, 37¾@37¼c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 37¾@38c; No. 2 white, 39½c; No. 3 white, 38½c; track mixed western, nominal; track white, 37½@43c; options dull but firm, with corn.

Cotton seed oil—Firm; prime yellow, 39@40c.

Eggs—Receipts, 5,846 pkgs; dull, weak; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 28c; western fancy graded, 26c; western poor to prime, 20@25c; refrigerated, 18½@21½c.

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RIFT IN CHRISTMAS PEACE

JENKIN LLOYD JONES SEES TWO UNTOWARD EVENTS.

One the Trouble in Venezuela and the Other the Recent Formation of a Church Federation with Catholics, Jews, Independents, and Other Religious Bodies Shut Out — Holiday Sermons Are Delivered from Many of the Pulpits.

"Two events impugn the sincerity of those who would chant the Christmas song this year," said Jenkin Lloyd Jones yesterday in his sermon in All Souls' church.

One of these events was the "revelation of brutal impatience on the part of the mighty in their hasty onslaught upon the poor little republic of South America. The other nearer home, when, over 300 of the Chicago ministers gathered last week to organize in the name of their Christ a propaganda in the interest of virtue and civic righteousness, but started out by deliberately excluding from organic coöperation the people to whom Jesus and Paul belonged.

"When these friends of the Chicago pulpit deliberately excluded from their organization Catholic, Jewish, Unitarian, Universalist, and independent ministers," said Dr. Jones, "they gave encouragement and sympathy primarily to the bigot, the saloonkeeper, and the gambler. The former is more solicitous for his dogma and his 'ism' than he is for the virtue, peace, and honesty in this world. The named classes know they have nothing to fear so long as they have to contend with a divided church and distracted workers for righteousness.

"I am not blaming these brethren for living up to the best light that is given them; still less am I anxious to go where I am not wanted. Now, as always, I prefer to stay outside with the rejected rather than go on the inside with the rejecting. I only grieve at the discordant note in the song of universal fellowship at this Christmas season.

"Two years ago a 'federation of religious workers' was effected in Chicago on inclusive lines, and, as was said at the meeting, it did not work simply because the presence of the present rejected elements, the Jewish and liberal ministers, paralyzed the majority of the ministers, who were more solicitous about their party wall than they were about the central fire."

Peace Better than Strife.

"Peace" was the subject of Dr. William E. Barton's sermon in the First Congregational church of Oak Park last evening. He said in part:

"We are in the midst of strife and we cannot evade it. We have learned in the last century the rapid accumulation of wealth; we have not yet learned the secret of its equitable distribution.

"It is better to have strife than passive submission to wrong. The latter we can never have as a finality. Strife will continue till the spirit of brotherhood in the name of Christ becomes the rule of human conduct. But how fearful is the cost and waste of strife! How terrible are the losses that have resulted from this year's war between the men who dig and those who distribute coal! And how awful is the cost of war to any nation!

"Some time we shall learn a cheaper way of settling our disputes, and it will be the Christian way."

Best Life Latent in Every One.

In the Church of the Messiah the Rev. W. Rinson Pulsford spoke on the subject, "How Jesus Saved Men."

"His secret seems to have been," said Dr. Pulsford, "that he was fully convinced that, in spite of all mistakes and degradation, the best life was latent in every one. He found it often where the outer signs of religion were lacking. He knew that in many who followed all the ordinances of religion it was not awakened.

"He lived as the friend of the real man in every one he met. The outer righteousness of the Pharisee and the outer unrighteousness of the 'publicans and sinners' did not mean much to him. They might both be saved. What he wanted was to get at the real nature underneath."

Glory of Christmas.

At the Ryder Memorial church the Rev. F. W. Miller spoke on "The Glory of Christmas." He said in part:

"Christmas tells of a cradle over which fell the shadow of a cross, a birthday crowded against the tomb. The history of the religion of the prince of peace has been as turbulent as the annals of royalty, and the hall of faith as the bloody battle of ambition. After centuries of conflict heathenism became powerless, and the orthodoxy that took its place has spent its force. Today we rejoice that he who has a thought can express it without fear of the dungeon."

Day Brings a Fourfold Message.

"A Fourfold Christmas Message" was the subject of the Rev. Jesse J. Kolmos at Windsor Park Congregational church yesterday.

"The message that Christmas brings to the world," he said, "is the worth and protection of childhood, the nobility and purity of womanhood, a loving helpfulness and sympathy for the weak, suffering, and ignorant, and an appeal to the strong to labor for justice, truth, and humanity.

"In the highest sense Jesus Christ may be called the discoverer of childhood. In an age when kingdoms were built upon force he announced the monarchy of cradles. He enthroned childhood with divine possibilities, and ever pointed jurists and scholars to the child for lessons."

Larger Meaning of Christmas.

At the Bush Temple of Music Dr. George F. Hall spoke on "The Larger Meaning of Christmas." He said in part:

"To many Christmas means little more than the fourth of July or any other legal holiday. Simply a time for making gifts and merrymaking. But to Christians it means the anniversary of the redeemer's birth—the gladdest, grandest day of all the year. It means that the lost world has a savior, and that an era of peace and good will has dawned. It means that selfishness has been rebuked and that henceforth love shall reign."

Motherhood and Education.

"Motherhood and Education in the Christian Life" was the subject of Dr. David Beaton's sermon in Lincoln Park Congregational church. He said, in part:

"Motherhood is the greatest factor in education. We have too long thought of education from the purely intellectual point of view. So the church has neglected it for the sporadic and haphazard method of revivalism, but it is the way into the kingdom of all sane spirits in these days of intelligence.

"The character of Jesus is to be explained largely from the noble intelligence and spirituality of his mother. It meant much to the race that Jesus was cradled in such a woman's arms and saw the world first in the eyes of one who pondered the high themes and were spoken to her.

"Intellectualism, just as much as capitalism, can be and is fast becoming barbaric in its educational policy. We are developing the brain and the hand, but we are stunting and deforming the heart. The mother element is being lost sight of."

Christmas Once a Pagan Holiday.

Christmas day was once a pagan festival, said Mr. M. M. Mangasarian in his lecture at the Grand opera house.

"Of course," he continued, "it is to our credit that we have adopted and adapted to modern uses so delightful an institution. Yet we must, in all fairness, give due credit to the pagans for having taught us how to decorate our dwellings with evergreens and twinkling candles as indicative of that irrepressible hope which springs eternal in the human breast.

"The pagan Druids had a belief that the spirit of life—of youth—driven by the blasts of winter, sought refuge in these green boughs. From this they drew the beautiful lesson that men, too, must keep their hearts warm enough for the gentle charities, the mutual good wishes, and brave deeds."

NEW CHURCH IS DEDICATED.

Service in North Shore Congregational Structure and Eight Thousand Dollars Is Pledged.

Nine hundred members of the North Shore Congregational church joined with the Rev. Stewart Ainslie in the dedication of their new church building at Wilson avenue and Sheridan road yesterday morning. The structure was erected at a cost of $40,000, and at the dedicatory service $8,000 was subscribed to pay the floating indebtedness.

Speaking from the text: "God so loved the world," the Rev. Mr. Ainslie said:

"About God's church are clustered all the institutions which work for the uplifting of mankind. The schools, the temperance societies, the social purity clubs, the many organizations, which man forms in his struggle toward the light, all are founded in the love of God and draw their strength from his churches."

DEFENDS IDEAS OF UNIONISM.

Dr. A. A. Berle Preaches in the First Congregational Church in Answer to Dr. Hillis.

"The Belated Individualism of Dr. Hillis—A Christmas Reflection" was the subject of Dr. A. A. Berle's sermon at the Union Park Congregational church yesterday morning.

After quoting the remarks of Dr. Hillis in criticism of labor unions—namely: that such organizations equalized mankind by reducing the strong to the level of the weak—Dr. Berle continued:

"There is no single great document upon which the American people place their approval as illustrating the expression of the hopes and ideals of American life which does not stand squarely across the pathway in which Dr. Hillis proposes to lead. On his theory the declaration of independence would never have been promulgated. The civil war would never have been fought.

"It is not my purpose to defend unionism. But I do hold that the whole movement of the gospel is to produce just that level of opportunity and personal worth which Dr. Hillis seems to deprecate. Unionism has its errors, grave, serious, and not to be overlooked. But the quest of human fellowship has had to fight human selfishness in many forms, and, while the world is dependent upon an imperfect church for the ministry of its sacraments of religion, upon an imperfect ministry for the interpretation of its religious experience, and an imperfect science for the discovery of the laws under which its development is to be carried on, it is folly pure and simple to dwell upon the fact of mere imperfectness of organization and method.

"While there may be and will be more or less injustice in the main it willstill be true that the health of the social whole will be better and the moral and spiritual standards of society will be higher for the fellowship and coöperative union of those similarly minded and similarly occupied."

AUTHOR IN GENTLE PROTEST.

Gertrude Atherton Says Her Part in Defeating Danish West Indies Sale Was a Modest One.

New York, Dec. 20.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—While I am not much disturbed by your suggestion that I should be tried for high treason, I am more than disturbed by being placed in the position of a braggart, by the interview in question. My part in the whole matter of the Danish West Indies, when reduced to a few words, was an extremely modest one. I wrote the article for the North American Review, giving the plain facts as they were not generally understood here, and a subsequent and still stronger article to the New York Times, both of which statements were translated and widely circulated in Denmark.

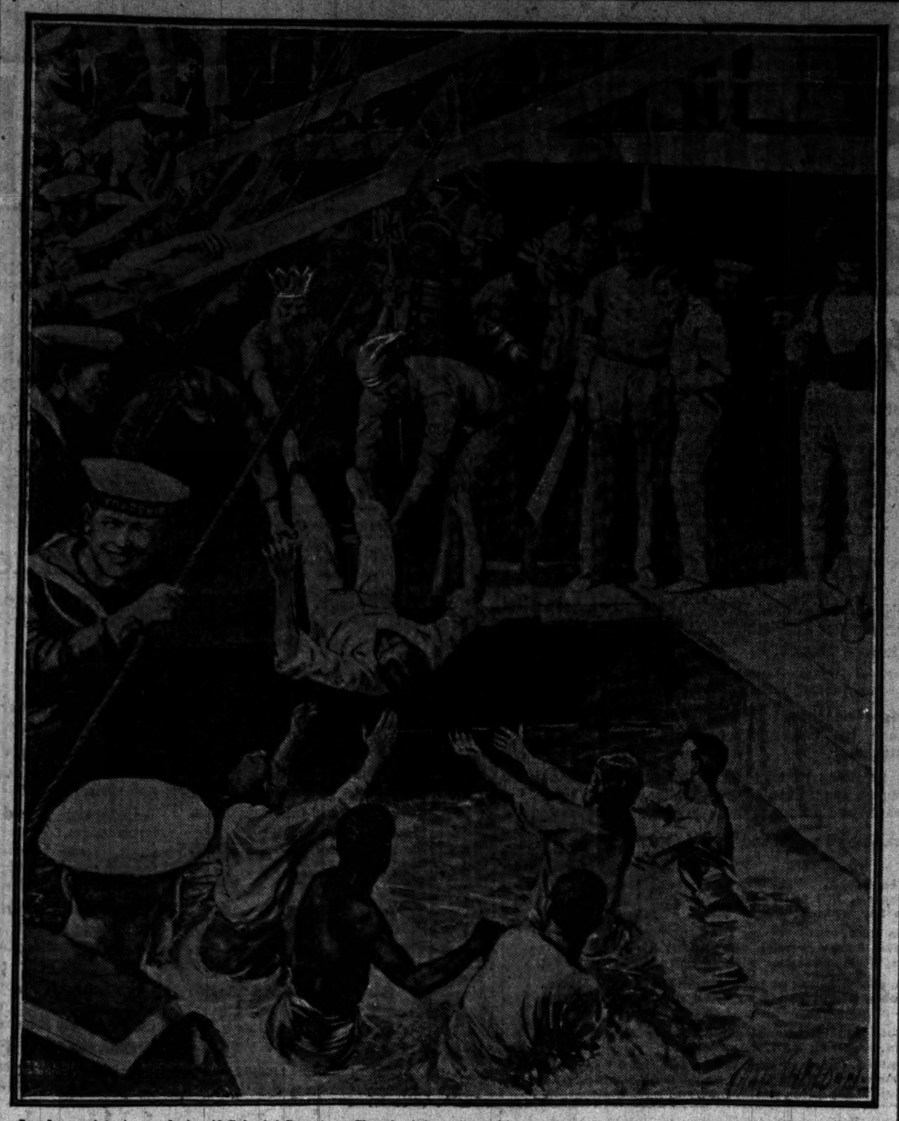
I had no communication whatever with the Danish government—as it is liberal and was passionately pro-sale it was not likely that I should—and I have heard from no one in Denmark on the question since my return, although I know indirectly that the anti-sale party is grateful for the interest I showed in the affair.

Whether I did any good or not I have no means of knowing. My interest in the matter was purely personal. I considered that the treaty, fathered as it was by Christmas, was a disgrace to us, and I was glad to enter my protest. I was also determined to go further, if necessary; but fortunately the action of the landsthing put an end to the matter.

The story, when given in all its details, is an extremely picturesque one, and I told it to the gentleman who inteviewed me for the Baltimore American. He was one of the most brilliant men I have ever met. Brilliant people are imaginative, more especially when it comes to making copy for the exacting taste of the modern newspaper reader. Moreover, I was a guest in his state, and doubtless his southern gallantry led him to give me far more credit than was my due. I have only seen the first column of this interview. I dared read no further!

GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

WILL JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN DODGE THIS TIME HONORED CEREMONY?



London society is wondering if Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, now on his way to south Africa, will submit—as the prince of Wales did a year ago—to the shaving and ducking which is given those who cross the equator for the first time. The London Chronicle draws a picture of the austere Mr. Chamberlain, minus his monocle, emerging from a tank of soapy water, into which he has been tossed by Father Neptune and his suite, and says the colonial secretary will plead the age limit. The picture shows the prince of Wales being ducked when he crossed the equator for the first time in his life on his tour of the world last year.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MRS. ERNEST EVERSZ TO RECEIVE ON NEW YEAR'S DAY.

Ten Young Women to Be with Her at Residence, 4749 Ellis Avenue—Mr. and Mrs. A. Ward, 7231 Stewart Avenue, Issue Invitations for Marriage of Their Daughter to Dr. Roy Verner Constable Wednesday Evening —Engagement of Miss Helen Eldred

Mrs. Ernest Eversz of 4749 Ellis avenue will receive on New Year's day with the following young women: Miss Laura Shedd, Miss Alice Fenton, Miss Harriet Condee, Miss Pearl Miller, Miss Elizabeth Walton, Miss Mae Press, Miss Dora Schmitt, Miss Marie Alexander, Miss Lucile Casey, and Miss Elizabeth Ecton. The hours are from 4 till 7 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ward of 7231 Stewart avenue have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Florence Rosamond Ward, to Dr. Roy Verner Constable on Wednesday evening, Dec. 31, at 8 o'clock.

An out of town wedding of interest to Chicagoans will be that of Miss Kittiemay Pierson, daughter of Mrs. Julia C. Pierson, to Col. John Rawlings Robertson of Springfield. The wedding will be celebrated on Wednesday evening at Auburndale, Mass. At home cards are inclosed for after March 1 at 1208 West State street, Jacksonville, Ill.

The engagement is announced of Miss Helen Eldred, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Eldred of 1941 Norwood Park avenue, Jefferson Park, to Mr. W. S. Bogle Jr.

The marriage of Miss Nettie DeLee, daughter of Mrs. Morris DeLee, to Mr. Leo S. Levy of New York will take place on Wednesday at 5:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's mother, 3632 Prairie avenue.

On Christmas eve Miss Grace Ellen Meyer and Mr. James Aldrich Raulerson will be married at St. Alban's Episcopal church, Forty-fourth street and Prairie avenue, the Rev. George E. Knapp performing the ceremony. A reception will follow the ceremony at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. G. Meyer. After their honeymoon trip Mr. and Mrs. Raulerson will live at 4712 Wabash avenue.

The Alpha chapter of the Beta Gamma Psi sorority will give a luncheon tomorrow at the residence of Miss Florence Gerhard, 7109 Eggleston avenue.

Mrs. P. J. Hennessy of 315 Superior street will give a young people's tea on Saturday for her daughter, Miss Hennessy.

Mrs. Leopold Becker and Mrs. Felix A. Norden will be at home tomorrow afternoon for Mrs. Harry V. Becker at 4555 Forrestville avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Westover gave a dinner Saturday evening for Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Peck at their residence in Oconomowoc.

Wednesday evening, Dec. 31, the Sheridan club will give its fourteenth annual New Year's ball.

Mr. William Dudley Putnam will give a dinner for his college friends Wednesday evening at the Virginia.

Among the Harvard college men who returned home yesterday were Richard Crane, Perry H. Keeney, Theodore Sheldon, S. E. Johnston, E. Stanton, R. Daniels, and Arlowe and Loris Miller.

Cadet Owen Glenn Collins of the United States Military Academy at West Point will be at the residence of his parents, 1917 Deming place, on Dec. 25 and 26 on leave of absence.

The Gamma Phi fraternity of the North Division High school will give a dance at the North Park Refectory, Lincoln park, on Dec. 30.

Mr. J. Allison Bowen, United States deputy consul general at Paris, on leave of absence, is visiting his mother, Mrs. James H. Bowen of 300 Chicago avenue. Mr. Bowen will return to Paris early in January.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Lamm of 5009 Grand boulevard have returned from a southern trip.

Miss Nanniene Thomasson of 430 North State street has returned from a visit to relatives in Kentucky.

Mrs. D. B. Nussbaum of 4122 Ellis avenue gave a luncheon on Saturday for Mrs. L. Holsheimer of Elmira, N. Y.

Mrs. M. Lange and Miss Elsa Lange have taken an apartment at the Tudor, 4800 Ellis avenue.

Mrs. A. Bauer and Miss Hertha Bauer have returned from Europe and are now living at the Chicago Beach hotel.

SANTA CLAUS WILL VISIT YOUNG WARDS OF COUNTY.

Children in the Hospital and at Dunning Will Be Made Happy by Gifts and Feasts on Christmas.

Children patients in the county institutions will have an opportunity to welcome Santa Claus. Preparations are being made for his reception in the County hospital and in Dunning. All the charitable institutions also will provide Christmas joys for the inmates. At the jail a special dinner will be served under the direction of Jailer Whitman, and at the bridewell the boys will be entertained with games and a feast.

"Who is Santa Claus?" asked 4 year old Ardale Reith, whose greatest ailment was hunger, when she was brought to the County hospital several days ago. "I don't want anything but to go home. Do you think I can go home?"

At the direction of Warden Charles Happel a canvass was made in the hospital yesterday of all the children to learn their desires for Christmas. A small boy with a broken leg wanted a football, and another boy whose leg was severed by a street car asked the doctor if he could not make a new limb.

Sick Boy Wants Food.

"All I want is lots of things to eat," said Fred Gange, 5 years old, who is just recovering from a siege of typhoid fever. "I was never so hungry in my life, and I don't get half enough."

President Foreman has instructed Mr. Happel to make the day as happy a one as possible for all the children. An entertainment will be given in the amphitheater Thursday afternoon. A number of persons have volunteered to sing or play for the patients. The dinner will be served at noon. There are about 100 children in the institution.

At Dunning Acting Supt. Neely has made purchases of toys and bonbons for the children there. In the afternoon the hospital bands will give a concert.

Salvation Army Distribution.

The Salvation army has made arrangements to provide 10,000 persons with dinner on Thursday. Two thousand baskets will be distributed in which have been packed chickens, celery, cranberries, bread, coffee, and other things. Each of the baskets is supposed to provide for a family of five persons. Distribution will be made through the twenty-seven branches of the army on Wednesday afternoon.

A concert for the children in the Chicago Home for the Friendless will be given Saturday afternoon by the junior class in charge of Prof. Mode Wineman. The Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., of Boston is patron of the entertainment.

At the School for the Deaf and Dumb, May and Twelfth streets, the Rev. E. A. Moeller will preach a Christmas sermon in the sign language.

Services in the Churches.

In all of the Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches special programs will be given Thursday morning, and in some of the Protestant churches there will be special services, in addition to those held yesterday.

In most of the Sunday schools of the city Wednesday evening has been chosen as the time for Santa Claus' visit. There will be entertainments by the children, illuminated Christmas trees, and a distribution of gifts by the officers of the schools.

HARRY WILSON CAN'T BE GOOD.

No More than Leaves the Penitentiary Till His Love for Literature Gets Him Into Trouble Again.

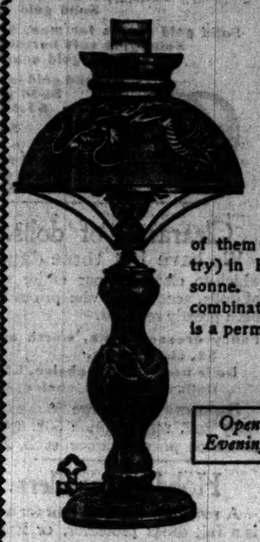
Harry Wilson, who ten days ago finished a two year sentence in the penitentiary, is locked up again on the charge of the same offense—burglary. With the help of a ladder he broke into a second story window of the Taylor school, in Ninety-ninth street, and filled a sack with the best volumes of a valuable collection of books. The janitor discovered him just as he was leaving, and received a whipping for his vigilance. Wilson then picked up his books and climbed out of the window, only to find Policeman O'Connor waiting for him at the foot of the ladder.

Reduced Rates to Pontiac, Normal, Bloomington, and Springfield.

Round trip via Illinois Central. $1.50 to Pontiac and $2 to Normal and Bloomington for 7:55 a. m. train Dec. 24 and 25 and 5:25 p. m. train Dec. 24. $3 to Springfield for 10 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. trains Dec. 24. Tickets good to return on Dec. 26.

Because
Old Underoof Rye
Is carefully made, thoroughly aged,
It is soft, rich and delicious.
Charles Dennehy & Company
Chicago.

Give Him a Welsbach Library Lamp



Just 173 different sorts (many of them never before seen in this country) in Bronze, Tan Zan ware and Cloisonne. Utility, beauty and economy in combination—and a Christmas gift that is a permanent reminder of the donor.

Open Evenings

A Good One for $7.50

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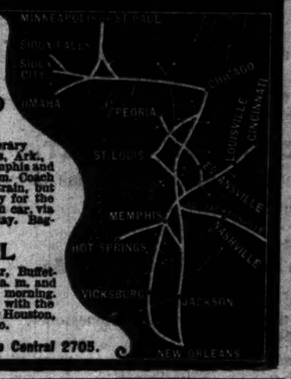

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IF you experience dull times—you have something to sell—you have a bargain to give—you have something you want to get rid of—you would be enterprising—Advertise in THE TRIBUNE.

MANDEL BROTHERS STORE NEWS

Prices have been greatly reduced

on all soiled and mussed holiday merchandise, making these few buying days remaining before Christmas a period of unprecedented bargains.

The advantages offered by our holiday bazaar are especially apparent during these extremely busy days. Shopping is greatly facilitated here, and shoppers do not have the trouble of traveling from one section to another through a crowded store. A REQUEST:—So far as possible during these three very busy days before Christmas we would ask shoppers to take small parcels with them.

***Great reduction sale of oil paintings and water colors**—Reductions equal to 25%, 33⅓%, and 50%. Represented in the sale are paintings by Perez, Jardinez, and Rob. Nisi and water colors by F. E. English, Hugo Fisher, Bazane, George Howard Gay, Mulholland and Weber.*

Diamond jewelry for gifts.

LARGE stock of rings, brooches, pendants and scarf pins, imported direct and consequently sold for less than the prices demanded by the exclusive stores.

Diamonds are an ideal remembrance—they last forever and continually remind one of the giver.

Our showing of watches, both for men and for women, is very complete—none but thoroughly accurate timepieces are admitted to our stocks.

Solid gold novelties of all sorts at lowest prices—fancy mirrors, lockets, purses, lorgnettes, cigarette cases, bonbon cases, fobs, etc.—great variety of unique styles, shown here exclusively.

Special—Double serpent brooch—all pearl and two full cut diamonds—extraordinary value, $20.

Solid gold watches for men, $22 to $200.
Solid gold watches for women, $18 to $450.
Solid gold chains for women, $9 to $135.
Solid gold chains for men, 5.25 to $38.
Solid gold cuff buttons, plain, fancy or with diamonds, $1 to $60.
Solid gold scarf pins, plain, fancy or with diamonds, $1 to $200.
Solid gold lockets, plain, fancy or with diamonds, $3 to $100.
Solid gold fobs, plain, fancy or with diamonds, 2.25 to $3.50.
Solid gold match boxes, plain, fancy or with diamonds, 13.50 to $75.
Solid gold rings, plain, fancy or with diamonds, 1.50 to $1,800.
Solid gold brooches, plain, fancy or with diamonds, 1.75 to $700.
Solid gold baby pins, plain, fancy or with diamonds, 75c to $50.

An unprecedented fur sale.

FINE furs, made up in best styles from selected skins, at absolutely the lowest prices.

Furs make acceptable Xmas gifts and this sale affords splendid saving advantages.

Genuine black marten muff, large size, $8.

Large sable or Isabella fox muffs, $10 to $18.

Sable fox double scarfs—two natural tails and claws—$12.

Extra fine sable fox long scarfs, made of two choice skins, $25 to $35.

Best quality electric seal coats, 24 inches long, good plain brown satin lining, 32.50.

Blended baum marten scarfs, of 4 skins, natural tails and claws, $50 to $75.

Basement: Dyed black marten cluster scarf—special value, 3.50.

Black marten cluster scarf, with natural tails, $10.

Finest quality near seal coats, loose front, all lengths and sizes, 47.50.

Leipzig dyed Persian lamb coats, blouse or box front, with blended baum marten or mink collar, revers, choice fancy linings, $110.

$175 and $200 squirrel sample coats, with combination of ermine or plain, $115.

Broadtail Persian lamb coat, blouse front with blended sable or chinchilla collar, revers & cuffs, $225.

Basement: French marten double scarf, 6 tails—very choice, $6.

New 1903 dress silks.

Initial showing of the handsome new silks, in all the most select designs and colorings, including the charming

multi-colored and Rumchunda effects in foulards, new warp printed grenadines, chameleon and glace novelty silks and chiffon grenadines.

Exclusive ideas in rare variety at very lowest prices.

***Special: $15 and $10** silk waist patterns at $4 to $6—600 distinct designs—sold to us by a Lyons maker at 50c on the dollar.*

Kid gloves and glove certificates.

IF you are in doubt—buy a glove certificate. Then the recipient may call and personally select the style, colors and size desired.

Here are special glove values for today, tomorrow and Wednesday.

Women's gloves.

Women's dress kid gloves, new Paris styles—2-clasp wrists, handsome embroidered backs, all sizes, $1.

Women's "Regina" French kid gloves, special Grenoble make, correct colors, 1.35.

Women's Trefousse dress and street kid gloves—"the world's best" gloves—at 1.65 and $2.

Basement: Women's dress kid gloves—$1 values, 75c.

Men's gloves.

Men's 1-clasp cape street gloves, the new London styles, with swell heavy seams, $1.

Men's "Fownes" English street gloves, correct new shades, P. K. and prix seam—special, 1.50.

Men's 1-clasp P. K. and prix seam cape gloves, new street styles, new backs, $2 and 2.50.

Basement: Men's and women's dress and street kid gloves, 98c.

Novelties in jewelry and leather.

Scores of clever conceits that will make Christmas more happy for those who receive them.

Many of these charming novelties cannot be secured elsewhere—prices are low enough to satisfy any one.

German silver mail mesh purse—95c.

Real coral long chains—2.25.

Pearl dog collars with rhinestones, 7 strands—2.90.

Single strand pearl necklace, very special value, at 95c.

German silver mail mesh chatelaine bag—a great special value—3.75.

Long novelty pocket books and card cases—95c to $40.

Long novelty wrist bags, special values—95c to $25.

Leather writing portfolios, 95c to $10.

Leather novelty sewing sets—75c to $5.

Leather jewel cases, velvet lined, lock and key—1.25 to $10.

Handkerchief and glove boxes—1.25 to $10.

Toilet articles and perfumes.

Special inducements made in order to reduce our holiday stocks of toilet articles and requisites.

Every item would make an appreciated Christmas gift.

Pinaud's golden lily perfume, in fancy one-ounce bottles, regular $2 and 2.25, special, 95c.

Le Grand's double Violette du Czar, in 2-oz. fancy cut glass top bottle, worth $4, special, 3.25.

$1 bottle, 1½ ounces, of the very best handkerchief extract, bottle with cut glass stopper in a handsome box, reduced to 59c.

Two-piece toilet set, imitation antique ivory, hair brush and comb, $2 value, special, 1.50.

Basement: Ebonoid toilet requisites, including hair and military brushes, hand and hat brushes, mirrors, whisk brooms, clothes and nail brushes, regular price 25c, each pair 19c.

Clearance of dolls.

We have but three days in which to close out our entire stock of dolls, accordingly the prices have been greatly reduced.

Fancy dressed dolls, worth up to $2, choice, 95c.
Dolls worth to $3, choice, 1.50.
Dolls worth to $4, choice, 2.50.

Basement: Large jointed kid body doll, regular price 50c, special clearance price—choice, each, 29c.

Holiday mufflers.

A most desirable present for a man is a full dress protector, or English square muffler.

In full dress protectors we show a most unusual variety, including the very swellest creations, and you'll find them priced 50c to 1.50 less than the same goods elsewhere—$1 to $5.

English square mufflers—imported and domestic silks, bought at a very low price and on sale now in an elegant assortment at about one-third less than the usual price. Prices, $1 to $6.

Embroidered hose, 50c

Two special bargains from our hosiery section. We don't think you can duplicate them.

An opportune Christmastide offering.

A superior selection of black and novelty effects in exclusive embroidered and woven designs and colorings, imported to sell at 75c, boxed to suit purchaser—pair, 50c.

Women's pure silk hosiery, plain black and black ground, daintily embroidered by hand in novel designs of contrasting colors, an important silk hosiery opportunity—one pair in neat box, $1.

Apron sale.

A grand showing of pretty aprons, embracing fancy tea aprons, sewing aprons, maids' and nurses' aprons, in short, square and round effects, plain hemmed, hemstitched, tucked, trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbon, some with narrow and some with deep ruffle, in Swiss and sheer lawns, with a price range of 25c to 1.25.

Clearance of books.

The last days of Christmas book buying are here, and a grand clearing up sale is in order.

To make a thorough clean-up prices have been radically reduced.

Picture books in paper, board or linen bindings, at 25c, 15c, 10c, 8c, 5c and 3c.

Books for older children at 1.25, 90c, 75c, 60c and 50c.

Chatterbox, 98c.
Chatterwell, 50c.

Umbrellas for Christmas gifts.

What can you give as a gift at Christmas that would be more acceptable than a handsome umbrella?

Our showing of holiday umbrellas was never more varied than it is this season and the prices were never so low.

Fine silk umbrellas for men, cape horn, buckhorn, ivory, heavy imported Scotch furze and box wood handles. For women—novelty gun metal handles with bonbon boxes, fine French gray silver caps, long smoked ivory and pearl handles, all heavily trimmed with gold or silver, positively $6, $7 and $8 values, for $5. $5 $5

Men's and women's silk umbrellas, black and colored, plain and fancy handles, a positive $3 article for 1.95.

Basement: Men's and women's $2 and 1.50 black taffeta silk umbrellas, with natural wood and fancy bone and horn handles—95c.

Sale Christmas handkerchiefs, 25c.

Women's all linen embroidered handkerchiefs, hemstitched, scalloped and lace edge handkerchiefs, all linen hand embroidered initial, women's pure linen convent embroidered, women's all pure Irish linen hemstitched—all width hems—Mexican drawn work handkerchiefs, fine French embroidered handkerchiefs, men's Japanese silk handkerchiefs, plain hemstitched, initialed and colored bordered linen handkerchiefs, men's all linen plain hemstitched, all width hems. 25c 25c

Men's and women's all pure Irish linen handkerchiefs with hand embroidered initial, six in fancy box, 85c and up. **Each, 15c** and up.

Women's fine sheer Irish embroidered hemstitched and lace edge handkerchiefs, in fancy box. 50c, 75c, $1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and $2.

High-grade embroidered, hemstitched, scalloped and lace edges, 25c values, at 15c. Six in box, 85c.

Children's fancy boxed handkerchiefs, three and six in box, all white and colored borders, at 12½c.

Basement: Men's all-linen handkerchiefs, 5c, 8c and 10c.

Remarkable clearance of women's and children's coats.

IMPERATIVE closing of winter coats and suits—an occasion that affords great savings.

There's no school this week, so bring the children in for new garments to wear Christmas day.

Ulsters in black and oxford cheviots and friezes and fancy Scotch mixtures, shaped and full box back, with or without capes, storm or coat collar, satin lined, regular $35 value, at $25.

New collarless Monte Carlo coats, made of kersey with cape and ornaments and fancy sleeves—worth $35, special at $20.

Blouse suits in fancy mixtures, plaited peau de soie vest, fancy buttons and fancy sleeves, plaited front and back skirt with silk drop lining—$35.

Girls' three-quarter reefers of fine zibeline, blue, red and green, box back, stitched velvet collar and cuffs—actual worth 13.50, 7.50.

Girls' three-quarter reefers, box back, velvet collar and cuffs, satin lined, blue, castor and red—$20 values, $10.

Basement: Kersey coats, 27 inches long, all colors, satin lined, 12.50 value, at $5.

Basement: Children's full back coats, full length, all colors, worth $5, at 3.95.

Silk knit shawls in cream, light blue, pink or red, $2 to $7.

Embroidered china silk shawls, great value, 3.50 to $20.

Silk and wool mixed shawls, very handsome, 3.75 to 4.50.

Christmas sale of lamps, china and artware.

Grand assortment of lamps at $10. Metal bases in old brass and gun metal finish, ruby and black, with handsome gold decorated ruby globes, pottery bases, artistic art glass shades and globes.

Fancy silk candle shades, reduced from 35c and 75c to 19c and 25c.

Highly polished nickel chafing dish, 3-pint size, improved regulating alcohol lamp and handles on footed hot water pan—$6.

Gold-plated boudoir clocks, warranted timekeepers—1.50.

Decorated French china fish or game sets, gold clouded edges—$10.

Silver-plated five-light candelabra, butler finish, complete with candles, holders and fancy shades—5.95.

Austrian china dinner sets, 101 pieces, gold trimmed, blue and pink decoration—15.95.

Italian marble busts, ideal subjects, complete with marble pedestal—$25.

White marble pedestals, gold ormolu bands, slightly scratched, but great value at $15.

Special tables in our art department at 1.95, 2.95, $5 and $10.

Great sale of furniture.

THIS special sale of Christmas furniture which we have arranged for the next three days affords many splendid saving possibilities.

For Monday and Tuesday only we offer a special discount of 20% from the regular price on all parlor cabinets.

Ladies' desk in bird's eye maple, golden oak and mahogany finish—regular 10.50 value, now 7.75.

Dresser in golden oak and bird's eye maple, has full swell front and oval plate mirror — $25 value, 18.75.

Music cabinet made of fine quality selected birch, mahogany finish—8.50 value, now $5.

Genuine sterling leather couch, has the guaranteed spring construction—$30 value, now $24.

Morris chair in golden oak and mahogany finish, complete with reversible cushions—14.50 value, now $8.

Parlor rocker in golden oak and mahogany finish—3.50 value, now 1.95.

Desk, 7.75.

India stools, Tabourettes, Fancy Roman stools. $1 $1

Silk petticoats, $9 values, 5.95.

Silk petticoats made of best quality silk; deep accordion plaited flounce, with deep ruffle and trimmed with two rows of ruching, beautiful shades in plain and changeable colors, regularly priced at $9, but offered during this special clearance sale at just 5.95.

$15 silk waists, 6.95.

Never before have you had an opportunity to buy such exquisite waists as these at 6.95.

You wouldn't now if it were not that we purchased the entire end-of-the-season stock from a prominent New York manufacturer.

The waists are made of louisine and satin de chine silk, in many effective styles, all handsomely trimmed with lace, tucks and hemstitching, in light blue, pink, white, and other pretty shades. Not one in the entire collection is worth less than $10 and many are worth $15—choice today, 6.95.

Men's neckwear.

All our fine Christmas neckwear marked at radically saving prices, inciting buying of the most enthusiastic sort.

We've an extensive variety in exclusive styles and newest shapes, far below haberdashers' prices.

Four-in-hands, Ascots, and English squares, in the most approved designs and choice silks.

1.50 grades at $1.

75c and $1 grades at 50c.

Each tie boxed if you wish it.

Christmas slippers.

A great reduction sale of men's, women's and children's slippers, both in main and basement sections.

A rare chance to select a handsome pair of slippers at a bargain.

Men's 2.50 slippers, 1.95.
Men's $2 slippers, 1.45.
Men's 1.75 slippers, 1.25.
Other reductions in proportion.